VT1005 AC/DC HIGH VOLTAGE DIVIDER

Power Analyzer Setup Guide

Oct. 2022 Edition 1 Printed in Japan VT1005A971-00 22-10H

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the Hioki VT1005 AC/DC High Voltage Divider.

This Setup Guide describes the settings of the Hioki Power Analyzer (PW8001, PW6001, PW3390) when they are used with the VT1005.

Refer to the Instruction Manual of the Power Analyzer for more information about how to use the Power Analyzer.

The latest edition of the Setup Guide

The contents of this Setup Guide are subject to change, for example as a result of product improvements or changes to specifications. The latest edition can be downloaded from Hioki's website.

https://www.hioki.com/global/support/download/



нокі

EN 600635520

HIOKI

Features of Hioki Power Analyzer

PW8001

Measurable band: DC, 0.1 Hz to 5 MHz (when the U7005 is used) Up to eight-channel power measurement with a single unit **PW6001**

Measurable band: DC. 0.1 Hz to 2 MHz Up to six-channel power measurement with a single unit

PW3390

Measurable band: DC, 0.5 Hz to 200 kHz Up to four-channel power measurement with a single unit





1. Setting the Scaling (VT Ratio/Rate)

Enter 1000 in the VT ratio/rate.

You can directly read values input from the VT1005 by setting the VT1005's dividing ratio/rate to the Power Analyzer.

PW8001

Press the **INPUT** key. \rightarrow Touch **[CHANNEL]**. \rightarrow Touch the channel detail display area.



PW6001

Press the INPUT key. → Touch [CHANNEL]. Press the SYSTEM key. → Select [Input]. \rightarrow Touch the channel detail display area.

PW3390



2. Setting the Phase Correction/Compensation Value

Phase correction/compensation for the Voltage Divider can be performed by setting a phase correction/compensation value to the Power Analyzer to reduce power measurement errors in the high-frequency domain. The settings vary depend on the Power Analyzer being used.

IMPORTANT

Enter a phase correction/compensation value correctly. Incorrect settings may allow correction/compensation to increase measurement errors.

2-1. When the PW8001 (Version 1.30 or later) is used 2-2. When the PW6001 or PW3390 is used

Please turn over. \rightarrow

2-1. When the PW8001 (Version 1.30 or later) is used

Enable the voltage phase correction/compensation, and then enter a correction/compensation value chosen from Table 1,

The phase correction/compensation value varies depending on the length of the L9217 Connection Cord used with the VT1005.

Press the **INPUT** key. \rightarrow Touch **[CHANNEL]**. \rightarrow Touch the channel detail display area.



Table 1. Phase correction/compensation value (typical)

Frequency (kHz)	Typical between-input-and-output phase difference value (degrees)			
	L9217 Connection Cord (1.6 m)	L9217-01 Connection Cord (3.0 m)	L9217-02 Connection Cord (10 m)	
100.0	-4.01	-4.26	-5.52	

Example: When the L9217 Connection Cord (1.6 m) is used with the VT1005

2-2. When the PW6001 or PW3390 is used

Enable the current sensor phase correction/compensation, and then enter a correction/compensation value chosen from Table 2.

The phase correction/compensation for the VT1005 and the current sensor can be performed by using the phase correction/ compensation function of the current sensor.

The phase correction/compensation value varies depending on the current censer to be used and the length of the L9217 Connection Cord used with the VT1005.

PW6001

Press the **INPUT** key. \rightarrow Touch **[CHANNEL]**. \rightarrow Touch the channel detail display area.



Example: The CT6904 AC/DC Current Sensor is used with the PW6001. When the L9217 Connection Cord (1.6 m) is used with the VT1005

■ PW3390

Press the **SYSTEM** key. \rightarrow Select [Sensor].



Example: The CT6904 AC/DC Current Sensor is used with the PW3390. When the L9217 Connection Cord (1.6 m) is used with the VT1005

Table 2. Phase correction/compensation value (typical)

		•		
Model	Frequency (kHz)	Typical between-input-and-output phase difference value (degrees)		
		L9217 Connection Cord (1.6 m)	L9217-01 Connection Cord (3.0 m)	L9217-02 Connection Cord (10 m)
CT6841-05	100.0	2.19	2.44	3.70
CT6841A	100.0	0.42	0.67	1.93
CT6843-05	100.0	2.33	2.58	3.84
CT6843A	100.0	0.05	0.30	1.56
CT6844-05	50.0	0.72	0.84	1.47
CT6844A	100.0	0.09	0.34	1.60
CT6845-05	20.0	0.18	0.23	0.48
CT6845A	10.0	-0.54	-0.51	-0.39
CT6846-05	20.0	-1.09	-1.04	-0.79
CT6846A	10.0	-0.65	-0.62	-0.50
CT6862-05	300.0	1.07	1.81	5.60
CT6863-05	100.0	-0.59	-0.34	0.92
CT6865-05	1.0	-1.17	-1.17	-1.15
CT6872	100.0	2.73	2.98	4.24
CT6872-01	100.0	1.38	1.63	2.89
CT6873	100.0	3.26	3.51	4.77
CT6873-01	100.0	1.91	2.16	3.42
CT6875, CT6875A	200.0	-2.43	-1.93	0.59
CT6875-01, CT6875A-1	200.0	-4.85	-4.35	-1.83
CT6876, CT6876A	200.0	-4.94	-4.44	-1.92
CT6876-01, CT6876A-1	200.0	-6.32	-5.82	-3.30
CT6877, CT6877A	100.0	1.38	1.63	2.89
CT6877-01, CT6877A-1	100.0	0.67	0.92	2.18
CT6904 series*1	300.0	2.21	2.95	6.74
9709	20.0	-0.31	-0.26	-0.01
PW9100 series* ²	300.0	9.23	9.97	13.76

Assuming that the current sensor with the standard length cable is used, and the conductor under measurement is positioned at the center of the sensor aperture.

*1: CT6904, CT6904-01, CT6904-60, CT6904-61, CT6904A, CT6904A-1, CT6904A-2, CT6904A-3

*2: PW9100-03, PW9100-04, PW9100A-3, PW9100A-4

L9217 Connection Cord