ΗΙΟΚΙ

LCR HITESTER 3522-50/3532-50

Component measuring instruments







Shorten line tact time via high speed measuring power

Versatile LCR meters with 5ms measurement capabilities



HIOKI company overview, new products, environmental considerations and other information are available on our website. The LCR HiTESTERs **3522-50** and **3532-50** feature variable measurement frequencies over broad ranges.

The **3522-50** can provide DC or 1 mHz to 100 kHz for measurements, and the **3532-50** can provide 42 Hz to 5 MHz, with precise $\pm 0.08\%$ basic accuracy. With this high performance, along with their ease of use, broad set of functions and low price, these LCR measurement instruments achieve outstanding cost performance.

These instruments are especially suitable for laboratory applications such as for evaluating operating characteristics, and with their 5 ms fastest response, versatile interface options and comparator functions, they are also ideal for a broad range of production line applications.

Two Models Cover Wide Frequency Range :



3522-50/3532-50 Features

Higher frequency range

The measurement frequency can be freely set to DC or any value in the 1 mHz to 100 kHz range (**3522-50**) and any value in the 42 Hz to 5 MHz range (**3532-50**). In particular this makes it easy to test sample characteristics in the high frequency range.



High resolution and high accuracy

The measurement resolution provides a full five digits, with a basic measurement accuracy is $\pm 0.08\%$.

Fastest measurement time 5 ms

Four sampling rates can be selected: FAST, NORMAL, SLOW, and SLOW2. The most rapid measurement time of 5 ms (displaying |Z|) gives rapid sampling for improved production line efficiency.

(The measurement frequency range varies from one parameter to another.)

Fourteen parameters measured

The following parameters can be measured, and selected parameters can be captured by a computer: |Z|, |Y|, θ , Rp (DCR*), Rs (ESR, DCR*), G, X, B, Lp, Ls, Cp, Cs, D (tan δ), and Q. *3522-50 only

■ *DC resistance measurement *3522-50 only

DC resistance measurement is another feature of the **3522-50**. A single unit, the **3522-50** can provide the crucial parameters of inductance (L) and DC resistance (DCR) for a transformer or coil.

Wide setting range for measurement voltage and current

In addition to normal open-loop signal generation, these units provide for voltage/current dependent evaluation, in constant voltage and constant current modes. The signal levels can be set over wide ranges, from 10 mV to 5 Vrms, and from 10 μ A to 100 mA (up to 1 MHz).

Simultaneous setting and measurement

Measurement frequency, measurement signal level, and other measurement conditions can be changed while monitoring the measurement results, enabling effective trial measurements and setting of evaluation conditions.

Interactive touch panel operation

Operation is extremely simple: touch the item on the screen to be changed, and the possible settings appear in sequence. The neat and simple front panel eliminates all key switches, for a clutter-free design.

Memory for thirty sets of measurement conditions

Up to thirty sets of measurement conditions, including comparator values, provide rapid response to constantly changing components on flexible production lines. With multiple measurement conditions in memory, up to five different measurements can be made sequentially. The comparator function lets a single unit provide the logical AND result for this sequence of tests.

Four simultaneous measurement items

Any four of the fourteen parameters can be chosen for simultaneous measurement and display.

Enlarged display function

Up to four parameters can be displayed enlarged, for easy observation of the measurement values in production line and other situations where the unit is read at a distance.

Correlation correction function

The constants a and b can be set in the following correction function expression:

Corrected value = a × measurement value + b

Printer output

With the optional **PRINTER 9442**, measurement values, comparator results, and screen printouts can be obtained.

DC bias measurement

Using the optional DC BIAS UNIT 9268 (max. DC \pm 40V) or DC BIAS UNIT 9269 (max. DC \pm 2A), voltage and current bias measurements are simple.

DC, 1 mHz to 100 kHz, and 42 Hz to 5 MHz

External I/O interface

The EXT. I/O connector can input trigger signals, and provides a key lock on/off function, and remote control of the measurement condition loading. Output signals include comparator results and measurement completed signals, for complete line automation.

Timing chart for EXT. I/O sequencing

The following chart shows the timing sequence of the trigger (TRIG), analog measurement completion (INDEX), and endof-measurement (EOM) signals from the EXT. I/O connector.



3522-50 / 3532-50 specifications

Outputs

- Internal DC power (+5 V output)
- Comparator result
- · Analog measurement in progress
- End-of-measurement

Inputs

• External DC power supply (+5 V to +24 V can be supplied by external device)

EXT. I/O signals

- External trigger signal
- Key lock on/off function (3532-50 only)
- Memory setting selection

Either a GP-IB or RS-232C interface can be fitted (options).



100 V. 120 V. 220 V or 240 V AC.

Rear view of 3532-50

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	3522-50	3532-50						
Measurement parameters	$\begin{split} & Zl, Yl,\theta,Rp~(DCR),Rs~(ESR,DCR),\\ &G,X,B,~Cp,Cs,Lp,Ls,D~(tan~\delta),Q \end{split}$	$\begin{split} & Zl, Yl,\theta,Rp,Rs(ESR),G,X,B,\\ &Cp,Cs,Lp,Ls,D(tan\delta),Q \end{split}$						
Measurement ranges IZI, R, X	10.00 m Ω to 200.00 M Ω (depending on n	neasurement frequency and signal levels)						
θ	-180.00° to +180.00°							
С	0.3200 pF to 1.0000 F	0.3200 pF to 370.00 mF						
L	16.000 nH to	o 750.00 kH						
D	0.00001 to	9.99999						
Q	0.01 to	999.99						
IYI, G, B	5.0000 nS t	o 99.999 S						
Basic accuracy	$Z:\pm 0.08\% \ rdg. \theta:\pm 0.05^\circ$							
Measurement frequency	DC, 1 mHz to 100 kHz	42 Hz to 5 MHz						
Measurement signal levels	10 mV to 5 V rms / 1	0μA to 100 mA rms						
Output impedance	50 Ω							
Display screen	LCD with backlight /	99999 (full 5 digits)						
Measurement time (typical values for displaying IZI)	FAST : 5 ms, NORMAL : 16 ms, SLOW 1 / 2 : 88 ms / 828 ms	FAST : 5 ms, NORMAL : 21 ms, SLOW 1 / 2 : 72 ms / 140 ms						
Settings in memory	Maximur	n 30 sets						
Comparator functions	HI/IN/LO settings for two measurement parameters; percentage, $\Delta\%$, or absolute value settings							
DC bias	External DC bias ± 40 V max.(option) (3522-50 used alone ± 10 V max./ using 9268 ± 40 V max.)							
External printer	PRINTER 9442 (option)							
External interfaces	GP-IB or RS-232C (selectable options), external I/O for sequencer use							
Power source	100, 120, 220 or 240 V(±10%) AC (selectable), 50/60 Hz							
Maximum rated power	40 VA approx.	50 VA approx.						

Measurement ranges	:All parameter ranges are determined by the $ Z $ range. 100 m $\Omega,$ 1 $\Omega,$ 10 $\Omega,$ 10 $\Omega,$ 10 $\Omega,$ 1 k $\Omega,$ 10 k $\Omega,$ 100 k $\Omega,$ 10 M Ω
	frequency : : DC, 1 mHz to 100 kHz (± 0.005%) Up to 10 Hz (1 mHz steps); 10 Hz to 100 Hz (10 mHz); 100 Hz to 1 kHz (100 mHz); 1 k Hz to 10 kHz (1 Hz); 10 kHz to 100 kHz (10 Hz) 42 Hz to 5 MHz (± 0.005%) Up to 1 kHz (0.1 Hz steps); 1 kHz to 10 kHz (1 Hz); 10 kHz to 100 kHz (10 Hz); 100 kHz to 1 MHz (100 Hz); 1MHz to 5 MHz (1 kHz)
Measurement [Voltage and	levels : constant voltage] 10 mV to 5 V rms (DC to 1 MHz) 50 mV to 1 V rms (1 MHz to 5 MHz) Maximum short-circuit current 100 mA rms 1 mV steps
[Constant cu	rrent] 10 μA to 100 mA rms (DC to 1 MHz) 50 μA to 20 mA rms (1 MHz to 5 MHz) Maximum voltage 5 V rms 10 μA rms steps
Conforming s	tandards : EMC EN61326 EN61000-3-2 EN61000-3-3 Safety EN61010 Power supply; Pollution degree 2 Overvoltage Category II (anticipated transient overvoltage 2500 V) Test terminals; Pollution degree 2 Overvoltage Category I (anticipated transient overvoltage 330 V)

Changing Settings During Measurement Test conditions can now come closer to a component's operating conditions



Personal computer link

Effective Analysis and Processing of Measurement Data

External control by computer

By installing the optional RS-232C INTERFACE 9593-01 or GP-IB INTERFACE 9518-01, all of the 3522-50/3532-50 functions other than power on/off can be controlled from a computer.

Graphing with a spreadsheet program

Measurement data captured by a personal computer can be displayed graphically by using standard spreadsheet software. The example below uses the provision for continuously varying frequency to capture the frequency characteristics for a 1 MHz quartz oscillator measured with the **3532-50** into Excel, then presents the results graphically. The four-digit resolution for the frequency allows the characteristics of the steep resonance peak to be shown on the graph.



RS-232C INTERFACE 9593-01 specification

Transmission method : Start-stop asynchronous								
Transmission rates : 2,400/4,800/9,600 and 19,200 baud								
Data bits	: 7 or 8							
Parity	: Odd, even or none							
Stop bits	: 1 or 2							

PRINTER 9442

The optional PRINTER 9442 allows measurement results and screen copies to be printed. This is convenient for permanent records of inspections and so forth. (Connection requires the optional

RS-232C INTERFACE 9593-01, CONNECTION CABLE 9446, and AC ADAPTER.)

Resulting measurement data can be output not only to a printer, but also other media such as a PC or sequencer. Using the RS-232C interface makes transferring the inspection data simple and convenient





Similar to the main unit, you can also select up to 4 items to monitor. Data for the selected items will be filed.

Items such as the sweep frequency and data output directory can be set. In addition, the unit can also be set to output data whenever the return key is hit.

By utilizing the RS-232C interface, sample freeware that will enable measurement data to be output onto an Excel spreadsheet while the measured frequency is being swept is also available. Please inquire with your local HIOKI distributor.

Delimiter : CR+LF, CR Flow control : Hardware (According to DIP switch setting) **Connection** : D-sub 25-pin, male/male connector,

		Exa	ample	Prir	it-out	
Cs	984.16n	F	D	0.0	0017	
Cs	984.14n	F	D	0.0	0017	
Cs	984.10n	F	D	0.0	0017	
Cs	984.20n	F	D	0.0	0034	
Сs	983.91n	F	LO	D	0.00052	HI
Cs	983.89n	F	LO	D	0.00034	IN
Cs	984.03n	F	IN	D	0.00017	LO
Cs	983.89n	F	LO	D	0.00052	HI
Cs	983.95n	F	LO	D	0.00034	IN
Cs	983.95n	F	LO	D	0.00052	HI

reverse connection

4



Applications

Evaluation of signal-dependent components

Since any test signal can be selected, it is possible to measure the inductance of winding, floating capacitance, characteristics at operating frequency, and low frequency resistance components. The 3522-50 further allows inductance (L) and DC resistance (DCR) to be measured by the same unit.

Example of measuring signal dependence of coils

For chokes, transformers, and other components with an inductive core, the values depend on the measurement signal. By varying the measurement current, measurements showing the signal dependence of the coil can be shown as a graph.



The 3522-50 and 3532-50 provide three modes for selecting the measurement signal according to the component characteristics: open-circuit voltage (V), constant voltage (CV), or constant current (CC).

V mode : set V0

CV mode : set V0 so that the voltage across the component is
the CV value (Vcv)
CC mode : set V0 so that the current through the component is

- the CC value (Icc) Vm : voltage monitor value
- : current monitor value Im
- Ro : output impedance (50 Ω constant)

Pass-fail judgment of cables by characteristic impedance

To ensure reliable connections and communications, characteristic impedance and inter-conductor capacitance are typically specified for interfaces and cable connectors used to interconnect high frequency instruments. The 3532-50 supports pass-fail judgment of such cables and connectors intended for communications and interfaces.

The graph at the right shows actual measurement results of the characteristic impedance of a nominally 50 Ω coaxial cable.

Flexible Measurement Signals Widen Scope for Application



Comparator setting screen with additional Δ % display Deviation display Measurement value display



Judgment standard value and upper and lower limit widths

The screen at left shows an example of the $\Delta\%$ setting; The screen at right shows an example of the % setting from current models. In either, the judgement range is a percentage of the reference values.

The $\Delta\%$ display is easy to interpret because the measurement value is displayed as a deviation.





Conditions : temperature range 23 °C ±5 °C (73 °F ±9 °F), 80% rh or less (no condensation)

After a 60-minute warm-up period, and open-circuit and short-circuit corrections are made. Using the **TEST FIXTURE 9262**, and measurement signal levels 1 V to 5 V (**3522-50**), 0.501 V to 1.000 V (**3532-50**); measurement speed SLOW2.

* Measurement ranges and accuracy depend on the test fixture used, the measurement signal levels, and the measurement speed.

3522-50 Accuracy

Range	Impedance	DC		1m to	99.99Hz	100.0 to	999.9Hz	1 000 to	10.00kHz	10.01 to	100.0kHz	Upper figure A basic accuracy for IZI (± % rdg.)
i la ligo	200MΩ	20		A=7	B=5	A=4.5		A=4.5		10.01 10	100.01112	B is coefficient for sample impedance
100MΩ	10MΩ	A=1 B=	=1	A=4	B=3	A=3	B=1.5		B=1.5			
	10MΩ			A=2	B=0.5	A=0.7	B=0.4	A=0.7	B=0.4	A=1.5	B=0.5	Lower figure A basic accuracy for θ (± deg.) B is coefficient for sample impedance
10MΩ	1MΩ	A=0.5 B=	=0.3	A=1	B=0.2	A=0.7	B=0.2	A=0.5	B=0.2	A=2	B=0.3	Bis coefficient for sample impedance
1MΩ	1MΩ	A=0.2 B=	0.05	A=0.7	B=0.03	A=0.25	B=0.03	A=0.2	B=0.03	A=0.7	B=0.03	When DC resistance measurement,
110122	100k Ω	A=0.2 D=	=0.05	A=0.35	B=0.02	A=0.15	B=0.02	A=0.1	B=0.02	A=0.5	B=0.1	A is accuracy for R (± % rdg.)
$100k\Omega$	100k Ω			A=0.4	B=0.01	A=0.2	B=0.002	A=0.15	B=0.002	A=0.35	B=0.01	B is coefficient for sample resistance
TUUKS2	10kΩ			A=0.28	B=0.002	A=0.12	B=0.002	A=0.08	B=0.002	A=0.1	B=0.02	The expression for calculating accuracy is
10kΩ	10kΩ	A=0.1 B=0.01	A=0.38	B=0.002	A=0.15	B=0.002	A=0.1	B=0.002	A=0.2	B=0.002	different in the ranges above 1 k Ω and below	
10K22	1kΩ		-0.01	A=0.25	B=0.001	A=0.1	B=0.001	A=0.05	B=0.001	A=0.08	B=0.002	100 Ω.
1kΩ	1kΩ			A=0.36	B=0.001	A=0.12	B=0.001	A=0.08	B=0.001	A=0.15	B=0.001	For details refer to the following expressions.
TREE	100Ω			A=0.25	B=0.001	A=0.1	B=0.001	A=0.05	B=0.001	A=0.08	B=0.002	Range 1 k Ω and above
100Ω	100Ω	A=0.1 B=	_0 02	A=0.36	B=0.01	A=0.15	B=0.01	A=0.15	B=0.01	A=0.15	B=0.02	Accuracy = A + $\frac{B \times 10 \times Zx - range }{B \times 10 \times Zx - range }$
10032	10Ω	A=0.1 D-	-0.02	A=0.25	B=0.005	A=0.1	B=0.005	A=0.05	B=0.005	A=0.08	B=0.01	Range
10Ω	10Ω	A=0.2 B=	0.05	A=0.5	B=0.04	A=0.25	B=0.02	A=0.25	B=0.01	A=0.35	B=0.02	Range 100 Ω and below
1022	1Ω	~=U.2 D=	-0.03	A=0.35	B=0.02	A=0.2	B=0.01	A=0.15	B=0.01	A=0.2	B=0.02	Hange 100 Ω and below B × range - Zx × 10
10	1Ω			A=1	B=0.6	A=0.5	B=0.3	A=0.35	5B=0.2	A=0.7	B=0.3	Accuracy = A + $\frac{B \times \text{Frange} - 2XT \times 10}{\text{Range}}$
1Ω	$100 \text{m}\Omega$	A=0.3 B=	=0.3	A=0.6	B=0.4	A=0.35	B=0.2	A=0.3	B=0.1	A=0.45	B=0.1	
	100mΩ			A=7	B=4	A=3.5	B=1.5	A=2.5	B=1.5	A=3.5	B=1.5	Zx is the measured impedance
100mΩ	10mΩ	A=3 B=2		A=5	B=2	A=2.5	-	A=1.5		A=2	B=1	of the sample (IZI).

3532-50 Accuracy

Range	Impedance	42 to 9	9.99 Hz	100.0 Hz to	1.000 kHz	1.001 to 10).00 kHz	10.01 to 100.0 kHz		100.1 k to 1.000 MHz		1.001 to 5 MHz	
100 MΩ	200 MΩ	A=4	B=4		A=2	B=2							
100 10152	$10 \text{ M}\Omega$	A=2.5	B=2		A=1	B=1.5							
10 MΩ	10 MΩ	A=0.8	B=0.4		A=0.4	B=0.2		A=1	B=0.5				
	1 MΩ	A=1	B=0.2		A=0.25	B=0.1		A=1	B=0.5			1	
1 MΩ	1 MΩ	A=0.4	B=0.05		A=0.15	B=0.05		A=0.3	B=0.08	A=3	B=1		
1 10122	100 kΩ	A=0.3	B=0.1		A=0.15	B=0.02		A=0.3	B=0.08	A=3	B=0.5		
100 kΩ	100 k Ω	A=0.35	B=0.01	A=0.08	B=0.01	A=0.15	B=0.01	A=0.25	B=0.04	A=0.4	B=0.3	* A=2	B=0.5
100 KS2	10 k Ω	A=0.25	B=0.01	A=0.05	B=0.01	A=0.08	B=0.01	A=0.15	B=0.02	A=0.3	B=0.3	A=2	B=0.3
10 kΩ	10 kΩ												
10 KS2	1 kΩ	A=0.35	B=0.01		A=0.08	B=0.01		A=0.2	B=0.02	A=0.3	B=0.03	* A=1.5	B=0.2
	1 kΩ	A=0.25	B=0.005		A=0.05	B=0.005		A=0.08	B=0.02	A=0.15	B=0.02	A=1	B=0.2
1 kΩ	$100 \ \Omega$												
100 Ω	100 Ω	A=0.35	B=0.02		A=0.08	B=0.02		A=0.2	B=0.02	A=0.3	B=0.03	* A=1.5	B=0.2
100 52	10 Ω	A=0.25	B=0.01		A=0.05	B=0.01		A=0.08	B=0.02	A=0.15	B=0.02	A=1	B=0.2
10 Ω	10 Ω	A=0.4	B=0.04		A=0.2	B=0.03		A=0.2	B=0.03	A=0.4	B=0.1	* A=2	B=1
10 52	1Ω	A=0.3	B=0.1		A=0.1	B=0.02		A=0.15	B=0.02	A=0.3	B=0.05	A=2	B=0.5
10	1 Ω	A=0.7	B=0.4			A=0.4	B=0.3			A=1	B=1		
1Ω	100 m Ω	A=1	B=0.2			A=0.25	B=0.2			A=0.7	B=0.5	*1.001 MHz	and above
100	100 m Ω	A=4	B=4			A=3	B=2					accuracy ×	(f [MHz]+3)
100 mΩ	10 m Ω	A=2.5	B=2			A=2	B=1						4
				1									

Method of determining accuracy

• The measurement accuracy can be calculated from the impedance of the sample, the measurement range, the measurement frequency, and the basic accuracy A and coefficient B from the above tables.

 \bullet The expression for calculating accuracy is different in the ranges above 1 $k\Omega$ and below 100 Ω.

• For C and L, find the basic accuracy A and coefficient B either by direct measurement of the impedance or by approximate calculation as follows.

$$|Z_{X}(\Omega)| \cong \omega L(H)(\theta \cong 90^{\circ})$$

$$\cong \frac{1}{\omega C(F)}$$
 ($\theta \cong -90^{\circ}$)

• Example calculation (The value A and B for the 3522-50)

Sample impedance Zx: 500 Ω (measured) Measurement conditions: frequency 10 kHz, signal level 2 V, range 1 k Ω

From table above, basic Z accuracy A = 0.08, coefficient B = 0.001. Inserting these in the calculation expression yields:

Z accuracy = $0.08 + \frac{0.001 \times |10 \times 500 - 1000|}{= 0.084 (\pm \% rdg.)}$ 10³

Similarly for $\theta\,$ basic accuracy A = 0.05, coefficient B = 0.001, and thus:

 θ accuracy = 0.05 + $\frac{0.001 \times |10 \times 500 - 1000|}{=0.054}$ =0.054 (±%rdg.) 10³

Options for a wide range of applications



FOUR-TERMINAL PROBE 9140 PINCHER PROBE 9143 DC to 100 kHz



DC BIAS VOLTAGE UNIT 9268

Maximum applied voltage: ± 40 V DC

DC BIAS VOLTAGE UNIT 9268-01

Maximum applied voltage: ± 4 V DC

DC BIAS CURRENT UNIT 9269

Maximum applied current: ± 2 A DC 42 Hz to 100 kHz

Bias unit attached

DC to 5 MHz

42 Hz to 5 MHz

42 Hz to 5 MHz

for HDMI

* All cable lengths are 1 m (39.37").



TEST FIXTURE 9261 DC to 5 MHz



TEST FIXTURE 9262 DC to 5 MHz

PRINTER 9442



•Printing method Recording width: Thermal serial dot printer/112 mm (4.41") ●Printing speed: 52.5 cps ●Power supply: AC ADAPTER 9443 or supplied nickelhydrogen battery pack (prints 3000 lines on full charge from 9443) •Dimensions and masst: 160W × 66.5H × 170D mm; 580 g apprpx. (6.30"W × 2.62"H × 6.70"D; 20.46 oz. apprpx.)

DC to 5 MHz

SMD TEST FIXTURE 9263

Measurable object size: 1.0 to 10 mm

Connecting the PRINTER 9442 requires the optional RS-232C INTERFACE 9593-01, CONNECTION CABLE 9446, and AC ADAPTER.



Improved with Faster Measurement ! LCR HITESTER 3511-50

•Measurement times :Fast ;5ms to Slow ;300ms (at 1kHz), Fast ;13ms to Slow ;400ms (at 120Hz) •Basic accuracy : |Z| ;± 0.08 %, θ ;±0.05°

 Measurement parameters : |Z|, θ, C, L, D, Q, R •Built-in comparator :Upper and lower

limit, absolute value •Dimensions, mass :210W × 100H ×

168D mm, 2.5 kg (8.27"W × 3.94"H × 6.61"D, 88.34 oz. approx.)

CONNECTION CORD 9165 (for 9268/9269; BNC to BNC; 1.5 m/59.06") CONNECTION CORD 9166 (for 9268/9269; BNC to clips; 1.5 m/59.06") RS-232C INTERFACE 9593-01 GP-IB INTERFACE 9518-01 GP-IB CONNECTION CABLE 9151-02 (2 m/78.74") PRINTER 9442 CONNECTION CABLE 9446 (for 9442) RECORDING PAPER 1196 (for 9442 / 25 m/984.25", 10 rolls) AC ADAPTER 9443-01 (for 9442, Japan) AC ADAPTER 9443-02 (for 9442, EU) AC ADAPTER 9443-03 (for 9442, USA)



9443-01 (for Japan)

Note: Company names and Product names appearing in this catalog are trademarks or registered trademarks of various companies.



HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION

Headquarters :

81 Koizumi, Ueda, Nagano, 386-1192, Japan TEL +81-268-28-0562 / FAX +81-268-28-0568 http://www.hioki.co.jp / E-mail: os-com@hioki.co.jp

HIOKI USA CORPORATION : 6 Corporate Drive, Cranbury, NJ 08512 USA TEL +1-609-409-9109 / FAX +1-609-409-9108 http://www.hiokiusa.com / E-mail: hioki@hiokiusa.com

HIOKI (Shanghai) Sales & Trading Co., Ltd. : 1608-1610,Shanghai Times Square Office, 93 Huai Hai Zhong Road Shanghai, P.R.China POSTCODE: 200021 TEL +86-21-63910090/63910092 FAX +86-21-63910360 http://www.hioki.cn / E-mail: info@hioki.com.cn Beijing Office : TEL +86-10-84418761 / 84418762 Guangzhou Office : TEL +86-20-38392673 / 38392676 HIOKI INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED : Khandela House, 24 Gulmohar Colony Indore 452 018 (M.P.), India TEL +91-731-4223901, 4223902 FAX +91-731-4223903

http://www.hioki.in / E-mail: info@hioki.in HIOKI SINGAPORE PTE. LTD. :

33 Ubi Avenue 3, #03-02 Vertex, Singapore 408868 TEL +65-6634-7677 FAX +65-6634-7477 E-mail: info@hioki.com.sg

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LCR HITESTER 3522-50 LCR HITESTER 3532-50

(Standard accessories: power cord, spare power fuse (1 A for 100/120 V rating, 0.5 A for 220/240 V rating)

> Test fixtures are not supplied with the unit. Select an optional test fixture when ordering.

Optional accessories

FOUR-TERMINAL PROBE 9140 **PINCHER PROBE 9143 TEST FIXTURE 9261** TEST FIXTURE 9262 (direct connection type) SMD TEST FIXTURE 9263 (direct connection type) DC BIAS VOLTAGE UNIT 9268 DC BIAS VOLTAGE UNIT 9268-01 (for HDMI) DC BIAS CURRENT UNIT 9269

All information correct as of Jul. 28, 2011. All specifications are subject to change without notice.