HIOKI IR4053 IR4053-10 IR4055-11 IR4055 IR4056 IR4056-20 IR4056-21 IR4057-50 INSULATION TESTER







May 2021 Revised edition 1 IR4057B961-01 21-05H (IR4052C960-01)



FN

Model-specific functionality

The following functionality is available on a model-specific basis:

			oupport	eu 1101 3	apportou
Functionality	Models (As shown on instrument)				See
	IR4053	IR4055	IR4056	IR4057-50	
Displaying 1-minute Values	-	-	-	~	p. 37
Negative Voltage Notification	~	~	-	-	p. 40
Low Resistance Measurement	-	-	~	~	p. 42
PVΩ Measurement	~	~	-	-	p. 44
Wireless Communications (GENNECT Cross)	_	~	_	√*	p. 51
Wireless Communications (HID function)	-	_	_	√*	p. 55

✓· Supported –· Not supported

*: Z3210 Wireless Adapter (option) required.

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Appx.

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Introduction

Thank you for choosing the Hioki IR4053-10, IR4055-11, IR4056-20, IR4056-21, and IR4057-50 Insulation Tester. To ensure your ability to get the most out of this instrument over the long term, please read this manual carefully and keep it available for future reference. Hereinafter, the descriptions refer to models as shown on the instrument.

Verifying Package Contents

When you receive the instrument, inspect it carefully to ensure that no damage occurred during shipping. In particular, check the accessories, panel switches, and connectors. If damage is evident, or if it fails to operate according to the specifications, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller. Confirm that these contents are provided.

Insulation Tester







 L9787 Test Lead (IR4053-10 and IR4056-20 only)



 L4930 Connection Cable Set (IR4057-50 only)



L4938 Test Pin Set (IR4057-50 only)



- Instruction Manual
- Operating Precautions (0990A907)



- LR6 Alkaline battery × 4
- Neck strap
- □ L9788-11 Test Lead Set with Remote Switch (IR4055-11 and IR4056-21 only)



 L4935 Alligator Clip Set (IR4057-50 only)

Options

The options listed below are available for the instrument. To order an option, please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Options are subject to change. Please check Hioki's website for the latest information.



	Model	Maximum rated voltage and maximum rated current	
1	L9788-11 Test Lead Set with Remote Switch	CAT III 600 V/CAT II 600 V, 2 A	
2	9804-01 Magnet Adapter (Red) 9804-02 Magnet Adapter (Black) (CAT IV 1000 V, 2 A	
3	L9787 Test Lead (1.2 m)	CAT III 600 V/CAT II 600 V, 10 A	
4	L9787-91 Breaker Pin	CAT III 600 V, 10 A	
5	L9788-10 Test Lead with Remote Switch (Red)	CAT III 600 V/CAT II 600 V, 2 A	
6	L9788-92 Breaker Pin	CAT III 600 V, 2 A	
7	L9788-90 Tip Pin	CAT III 600 V/CAT II 600 V, 2 A	
8	L4930 Connection Cable Set (1.2 m)	CAT IV 600 V/CAT III 1000 V, 10 A	
9	L4935 Alligator Clip Set	CAT IV 600 V/CAT III 1000 V, 10 A	
10	L4938 Test Pin Set	CAT III 600 V/CAT II 600 V, 10 A	
11	Z3210 Wireless Adapter (for IR4057-50)	_	

Notations

Safety notations

In this document, the severity levels of risk and hazard are classified as follows.

	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that will result in death or serious injury to the operator.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that may result in death or serious injury to the operator.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that may result in minor or moderate injury to the operator or damage to the instrument or malfunction.
IMPORTANT Indicates information or content that is particularly important from the standpoint of operating or maintaining the instrument.	
Indicates a strong magnetic-field hazard. The effects of the magnetic force can cause abnormal operation of heart pacemakers and medical electronics.	
\bigotimes	Indicates prohibited actions.
	Indicates the action which must be performed.
*	Additional information is presented below.

Symbols on the instrument

⚠	Indicates cautions and hazards. When the symbol is printed on the instrument, refer to a corresponding topic in the Instruction Manual.		
A	Indicates that dangerous voltage may be present at this terminal.	-	
	Indicates a instrument that has been protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.		



Symbols for various standards

Indicates the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive (WEEE Directive) in EU member states.

Indicates that the product conforms to regulations set out by the EU Directive.

Screen Display

(

The instrument screen displays the alphanumeric characters as follows.





Accuracy

Hioki expresses accuracy as error limit values specified in terms of percentages of reading and digits.

Reading (Displayed value)	Refers to the displayed value of the measuring instrument. The limit values of reading errors are expressed in percent of reading (% of reading, % rdg).	
Digits (Resolution)	Refers to the smallest change in the indication on the digital measuring instrument, i.e., the numeral one in the rightmost place. The limit values of digit errors are expressed in terms of digits (dgt).	

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Safety Information

This instrument is designed to conform to IEC 61010 Safety Standards, and has been thoroughly tested for safety prior to shipment. However, using the instrument in a way not described in this manual may negate the provided safety features.

Before using the instrument, be certain to carefully read the following safety notes:



Mishandling during use could result in injury or death, as well as damage to the instrument. Be certain that you understand the instructions and precautions in the manual before use.

Protective gear



Performing measurement using this instrument involves live-line work. To prevent an electric shock, use appropriate protective insulation and adhere to applicable laws and regulations.

Measurement Categories

To ensure safe operation of measuring instruments, IEC 61010 establishes safety standards for various electrical environments, categorized as CAT II to CAT IV, and called measurement categories.

 Using a measuring instrument in an environment designated with a higher-numbered category than that for which the instrument is rated could result in a severe accident, and must be carefully avoided.



• Never use a measuring instrument that lacks category labeling in a CAT II to CAT IV measurement environment. Doing so could result in a serious accident.

This instrument conforms to the safety requirements for CAT III 600 V measuring instruments.

- CAT II: When directly measuring the electrical outlet receptacles of the primary electrical circuits in equipment connected to an AC electrical outlet by a power cord (portable tools, household appliances, etc.)
- CAT III: When measuring the primary electrical circuits of heavy equipment (fixed installations) connected directly to the distribution panel, and feeders from the distribution panel to outlets.
- CAT IV: When measuring the circuit from the service drop to the service entrance, and to the power meter and primary overcurrent protection device (distribution panel).



Operating Precautions

Observe the following precautionary information to ensure that the instrument can be used safely and in a manner that allows it to perform as described in its specifications.

Use of the instrument should confirm not only to its specifications, but also to the specifications of all accessories, options, batteries, and other equipment in use.

- For your safe operation, do not connect any test lead to the primary of the distribution panel.
- Do not short-circuit two wires to be measured by bringing the test leads into contact with them. Arcs or such grave accidents are likely to occur.
 - To avoid short circuit or electric shock, do not touch the metal part of the connecting test lead tip.
 - To avoid electric shock, be careful to avoid shorting live lines with the test leads tip.

If the test lead or the instrument is damaged, there is a risk of electric shock. Perform the following inspection before using them:



- Before using the instrument check that the coating of the test leads are neither ripped nor torn and that no metal parts are exposed. Using the instrument under such conditions could result in electric shock. Replace the test leads with those specified by Hioki.
- Verify that the instrument operates normally to ensure that no damage occurred during storage or shipping. If you find any damage, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

To avoid electric shock, short circuits and damage to the instrument, observe the following precautions:



- Check the position of the rotary switch before taking measurements.
- Disconnect the test leads from the measuring object before switching the rotary switch.



- Do not use the instrument with circuits that exceed its ratings or specifications. Doing so may damage the instrument, resulting in electric shock.
- Use only the specified test leads. Use of any test lead not specified by Hioki does not allow safe measurements.



- To prevent electrical accidents, turn off the circuit before connecting the test leads.
- To avoid electric shock, do not exceed the lower of the ratings shown on the instrument and test leads.



- The cable is hardened under the 0°C or colder environment. Do not bend or pull it to avoid tearing its shield or cutting cable.
- The protection rating for the enclosure of this device (based on EN 60529) is IP40*.

* IP40:

This indicates the degree of protection provided by the enclosure of the device against use in hazardous locations, entry of solid foreign objects, and the ingress of water.

- 4: Protected against access to hazardous parts with wire measuring 1.0 mm in diameter.
- 0: The equipment inside the enclosure is not protected against the harmful effects of water.

Installing the instrument

Installing the instrument in inappropriate locations may cause a malfunction of instrument or may give rise to an accident. Avoid the following locations.

- Exposed to direct sunlight or high temperature
- Exposed to corrosive or combustible gases
- Exposed to a strong electromagnetic field or electrostatic charge
- Near induction heating systems (such as highfrequency induction heating systems and IH cooking equipment)
- · Susceptible to vibration
- · Exposed to water, oil, chemicals, or solvents
- · Exposed to high humidity or condensation
- Exposed to high quantities of dust particles



Do not place the instrument on an unstable table or an inclined place. Dropping or knocking down the instrument can cause injury or damage to the instrument.

Precautions when transporting the instrument

During shipment of the instrument, handle it carefully so that it is not damaged due to a vibration or shock.



Handling the Instrument



Persons wearing electronic medical devices such as a pacemaker should not use the 9804-01, 9804-02 Magnet Adapter. Such persons should avoid even proximity to the 9804-01 and 9804-02, as it may be dangerous. Medical device operation could be compromised, presenting a hazard to human life.



To avoid damage to the instrument, protect it from physical shock when transporting and handling. Be especially careful to avoid physical shock from dropping.

Test leads

- Removable sleeves are attached to the metal pins at the end of the test leads. To prevent a short circuit accident, be sure to use the test leads with the sleeves attached when performing measurements in the CAT III measurement category. Remove the sleeves before starting CAT II measurements. You can use the test leads with the sleeve removed for secondary side of the circuit breakers turned off. (See "Measurement Categories" (p. 8))
- If the sleeves are inadvertently removed during measurement, stop the measurement. (p.26)

Overview

1.1 Product Overview

This instrument is an insulation ohmmeter that shortens work times associated with insulation testing. It is not designed for use on manufacturing lines and should not be used in such applications. For manufacturing line applications, use the ST5520 Insulation Tester.

High-speed response

- · Considerably improved response time compared to previous models.
- The instrument can be used like models with a meter needle.

Enhanced comparator function

- Can be used similarly to the continuity check with a tester due to judgment after the start of measurement being extremely short.
- The backlight lights up in red for a FAIL judgment (defective).

Low variation in measured values

 The instrument generates little variation in measured values when used in a typical measuring environment.

Easy-to-view display

- · Backlight source is a white high-intensity LED.
- · Wide viewing angle LCD

High-accuracy voltage measurement function

- The instrument incorporates a DC/AC voltmeter with the same accuracy as a card tester.
- There is no need to switch to a card tester when you need to measure voltage.

PVΩ measurement function (IR4053 and IR4055 only)

• Insulation resistance can be measured accurately for solar battery panel.

1.2 Names and Functions of Parts

Front

IR4056, IR4057-50 (The illustration shows the IR4057-50)



1	MEASURE key (p. 16)	Starts insulation resistance measurement.	
2	EARTH terminal	Connects the black test lead.	
3	CONTROL terminal	Controls L9788-10 Test Lead with Remote Switch (Red)	
4	LINE terminal	Connects the red test lead.	
5	Rotary switch	Selects measurement functions.	
6	LIGHT key	Turns on and off the backlight.	
7	0Ω ADJ key	Performs zero-adjustment for the low resistance range. Press with the COMP key simultaneously: configures the wireless communications function (p. 51) (IR4057-50)	
8	Live circuit indicator	Lights up when voltage remains between input terminals.	

9 COMP key	Sets the comparator's judgment reference value. Press with the 0Ω ADJ key simultaneously: configures the wireless communications function. (p. 51) (IR4057-50)
10 RELEASE key	Press before measurement to set the instrument to the 500 V or 1000 V range (to prevent erroneous application of the test signal).

IR4053, IR4055 (The illustration shows the IR4055)



(Other functions are the same as IR4056 and IR4057-50.)

1	500 V⇔1000 V key	Switches between 500 V and 1000 V when using $\text{PV}\Omega$ range.
2	COMP key (1 s)	Configures wireless communications function (p. 51) (IR4055)
3	500 V/1000 V RELEASE key	 Press before measurement to set the instrument to the 500 V or 1000 V range (to prevent erroneous application of the test signal). Applied voltage is confirmed when PVΩ range is set.

MEASURE key

MEASURE key operation			
	Pull*	Press and hold right side	Fold down (or release).
Description in this manual	Turn on the MEASURE key. Turn off the MEASURE key.		

*: Convenient way for performing measurement repeatedly

Power OFF

Rotary switch status	OFF
Description in this manual	Turn off the rotary switch.

Display IR4057-50



1-minute value

	Battery indicator (three levels) (p.29)
	Turns on when the voltage measured with the V range is DC.
\sim	Turns on when the voltage measured with the V range is AC.
<	Blinks when the measured value is less than the minimum display value.
>	Blinks when the measured value is greater than the maximum display value.
HOLD	Turns on when the measured value is retained.
PASS	Turns on when the comparator judgment is PASS (good). (p.31)
FAIL	Turns on when the comparator judgment is FAIL (defective). (p.31)
4	Blinks when a dangerous voltage exists between the measurement terminals.
(((●)))	Judgment result buzzer (only when comparator is set) (p.31)
APS	Appears 30 s before auto power save function is activated. (p.30)
0Ω ADJ	Turns on when zero adjustment is performed during low resistance measurement. (p.42)

 Displaying 1-minute values (p.37) Turns on when 1 minute has passed since the start of insulation resistance measurement. Indicates that the resistance value on the bottom of the display is a 1-minute value (the measured value 1 minute after the start of measurement). 	
Turns on when the comparator function is enabled. (p.31)	
Turns on when the instrument is set to the 500 V range or the 1000 V range. Pressing O turns off the indicator and enables insulation measurement.	
Indicates wireless communications function status. (p. 51)	

IR4056



REF Turns on when the reference value is indicated by the comparator function.

IR4053, IR4055 (The illustration shows the IR4055)

		Measured value or comparator reference value (Other functions are the same as the IR4056 and the IR4057-50.)	
PV	Turns on when the $PV\Omega$ measurement mode is selected.		
500V	Turns on when selecting 500 V range in the $\text{PV}\Omega$ measurement mode.		
1000V	Turns on when selecting 1000 V range in the $\text{PV}\Omega$ measurement mode.		
*	Indicates wireless commu (IR4055)	unications function status. (p. 51)	

REAR (Serial number label)

The serial number consists of nine digits. The first two indicate the year of manufacture (the last two digits of the Western year), and the next two indicate the month of manufacture.

L9788-10 Test Lead with Remote Switch (Red)

The **MEASURE** key of the instrument is enabled even when the L9788-10 is connected to an insulation resistance tester. Note that the testing voltage is output when the **MEASURE** key of the instrument is turned ON while the L9788-10 is connected.

Refer to "Attaching the L9788-92 Breaker Pin" (p. 26)



1	Light	Lights up interlocked with the backlight of the instrument.
2	MEASURE key	 Starts insulation resistance measurement. Lights up in red interlocked with the live wire warning indicator of the instrument.
3	Judgment display	Lights up in accordance with the comparator judgment result. • PASS: Green • FAIL: Red

Preparing for Measurement



2

Attach the strap securely to the four fittings on the instrument. If insecurely attached, the instrument may fall and be damaged when carrying.

1 Attach the strap.

Slightly extend each of the four double-loop split rings and pass the ring through a lug-hole on the instrument.



- 2 Insert the batteries. (p.22)
- **3** Connect the test leads to the terminals.



4 Attach each test pin or alligator clip to a lead.



2.1 Replacing Batteries or Fuse



To avoid electric shock, turn off the MEASURE key, disconnect the test leads from the measuring object before replacing the battery cover.

- After replacing the batteries, reattach the cover and secure the screw before using the instrument.
- Battery may explode if mistreated. Do not shortcircuit, recharge, disassemble or dispose of in fire.
- Replace the fuse only with one of the specified type, characteristics, rated current, and rated voltage. Do not use fuses other than those specified (especially, do not use a fuse with higher-rated current) or do not short circuit and use the fuse holder. Doing so may damage the instrument and result in bodily injury.

Fuse type: FF0.5 AH/1000 V (70 172 40.0.500: SIBA GmbH) (Fast blow, arc-extinguishing material included, and high breaking capacity) The fuses can be purchased via authorized Hioki distributor or reseller. (Fuse replacement not required for the IR4053 or IR4055)

 To prevent instrument damage or electric shock, use only the screw for securing the battery cover in place that are originally installed. If you have lost a screw or find that a screw is damaged, please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Poor performance or damage from battery leakage could result. Observe the cautions listed below.

Do not mix old and new batteries, or different types of batteries.



- Pay attention to the polarity markings "+" and "-", so that you do not insert the batteries the wrong way around.
- · Do not use batteries after their recommended expiry date.
- · Do not leave depleted batteries inside the instrument.
- · Replace batteries only with the specified type.
- · Use batteries with low internal resistance.
- The battery indicator blinks when the remaining battery capacity is low. In this case, measurement is not possible. Replace the batteries with new ones. (p.29)
- Handle and dispose of batteries in accordance with local regulations.

Procedure (The illustration shows the IR4056)

You will need:

- LR6 Alkaline battery ×4
- Phillips-head screwdriver (No. 2)



Rear



 Batteries
 Fuse

 (LR6 ×4)
 FF0.5 AH/1000 V

 Check the
 (70 172 40.0.500:

 polarity.
 SIBA GmbH)

- 1 Turn off the rotary switch and remove the test lead from the instrument.
- 2 Loosen the fastening screw and remove the battery cover.
- 3 Replace all four batteries or the fuse.
- 4 Slide the battery cover back into place and tighten the screw.

2.2 Using the L9788-10 Test Lead with Remote Switch (Red)

Pre-measurement inspection

- Turn off the rotary switch.
- 2 Fully insert the L9788-10 plug into the LINE terminal of the instrument.





3 Short the test lead tips each other.



4 Set the rotary switch to insulation resistance range.

5 Turn on the MEASURE key of the L9788-10.

Check the red indicator of the **MEASURE** key of L9788-10 and display 0 M Ω interlocked with the live wire warning indicator of the instrument.









Check that the L9788-10 tip lamp lights up.

0 MO

og°po

Replacing the Tip Pin (optional) for the L9788-10

When the tip pin of the L9788-10 Test Lead with Remote Switch (Red) (option) is worn out or broken, it can be replaced. The tip pin can be purchased via authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.



- **1** Turn off the rotary switch and disconnect the L9788-10.
- 2 Remove the tip pin by rotating with a wrench.
- 3 Attach the new tip pin to the L9788-10 by rotating with a wrench

(Tightening torque: 0.3 N·m)

4 Check the operation.

Measure a measuring object of known values and use after checking that the resistance is correct.

Attaching the L9788-92 Breaker Pin

Remove the sleeve of the L9788-10 and attach the breaker pin.



Removing and attaching the test lead sleeves



Safely store the removed sleeves so as not to lose them. (p. 12)

Removing the sleeves	Attaching the sleeves
Hold the bottom of the sleeves	Insert the metal pins of the test leads into
and pull the sleeves off. (For	the holes of the sleeves, and firmly push
safety reasons, the cap has been	them all the way in.
manufactured to fit snugly so that	
it cannot be easily removed.)	

2.3 Installing the Z3210 Wireless Adapter (IR4057-50 only)

The wireless communications function can be used by installing the Z3210 Wireless Adapter (option) to the instrument.



- To avoid electric shock, turn off the MEASURE key and remove the test leads from the measuring object before removing the battery cover.
- After installing or removing the Z3210, be sure to reattach the battery cover and secure it in place with the screw before using the instrument.



 To prevent instrument damage or an electric shock, use only the screws that are originally installed for securing the battery cover in place. If you have lost any screws or find that any screws are damaged, please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.



After touching any metallic part, such as a doorknob, to eliminate static electricity from your body, connect or disconnect the Z3210. Failure to do so could cause static electricity to damage the Z3210.

Procedure

You will need:

Rear

- Phillips-head screwdriver (No. 2)
- · Flat-head screwdriver
- · Z3210 Wireless Adapter (option)



- **1** Turn off the rotary switch and remove the test leads.
- **2** Unscrew the screws and remove the battery cover.
- **3** Remove the protective cap with a flat-head screwdriver.
- 4 Exercising care to orient the Z3210 correctly, install the Z3210 as far as it will go.
- **5** Reattach the battery cover and tighten the screws.

3 Measurement

3.1 Pre-measurement Inspection

Before using the instrument, verify that it operates normally to ensure that no damage occurred during storage or shipping. If you find any damage, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Checking the remaining battery charge



Inspection complete

Please read the "Operating Precautions" (p. 9) before use.

3

3.2 Auto Power Save (Power-Saving Function)

When the rotary switch is not in the OFF position, the instrument changes to the auto power save state approx. 10 minutes after the last operation or live wire warning indication.

To avoid battery depletion, turn off the rotary switch after use (the auto power save consumes a small amount of current).

Canceling the auto power save



Turn on the instrument while holding down $\overset{\text{uerr}}{\bigcirc}$.

Recovering from auto power save state

Set the rotary switch to OFF and then return it to its original position.

3.3 Auto Backlight-off (Automatic Light-off Function)

The backlight of the instrument will automatically turn off after approx.

3 minutes has passed since the last operation.

The automatic light-off function can be canceled when working continuously in a dark location.

Canceling the automatic light-off function

Backlight: OFF



Press for approx. 2 seconds.

Set the rotary switch to any position other than OFF. \Box with the backlight off, press \Box for approx. 2 seconds until the instrument beeps.

The automatic light-off function is enabled by setting the rotary switch to OFF.
3.4 Comparator Function

This function compares the measured value with the preset value and judges whether the result is PASS (good) or FAIL (defective).

Comparator settings for each range will be saved, even if the rotary switch is turned off.

See the table on the next page for criteria that can be set.

Indication lights up

	PASS (good)	judgment	FAIL (defective) judgment		
LED display					
	Backlight: No change	Lights up in green*	Backlight: Lights up in red	Lights up in red*	

* When using the L9788-10 Test Lead with Remote Switch (Red)

Type of measurements that can be judged

	PASS judg	gment	FAIL judgment					
Function	State of measured value	Buzzer	Backlight	Buzzer				
Insulation Resistance	Criterion or higher	Short beep		Long beep				
Low resistance	Criterion or lower	Long beep	Lights up in red	Short beep				
ΡVΩ	Criterion or higher	Short beep		Long beep				
Voltage	Comparator cannot be set.							

Setting the Comparator

Range		Reference value						
	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05			
50.1/	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	-		
50 V	1 * ¹	2	3	4	5	-		
	10	_	_	_	_	Off		
	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	-		
125 V	1 * ¹	2	3	4	5	-		
	10	20	-	-	-	Off		
250 V	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	-		
	1 * ¹	2	3	4	5	-	мΩ	
	10	20	30	40	50	Off	10122	
	0.1	0.2* ²	0.3	0.4	0.5	-		
500 V/PVΩ 500 V	1* ¹	2	3	4	5	-		
JUU V/F V12 JUU V	10	20	30	40	50	-		
	100	_	-	-	-	Off		
	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4* ²	0.5	-		
1000 V*³/PVΩ 1000 V	1	2	3	4	5	-		
1000 V /F V12 1000 V	10* ¹	20	30	40	50	-		
	100	200	300	400	500	Off		
	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6		
Ω	1	2	3	4	5	6	Ω	
22	10	20* ¹	30	40	50	60	77	
	100	200	-	-	-	Off		

1 Select a judgment reference from the table below.

.

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*1: Factory default setting

*2: Factory default setting when $PV\Omega$ function is selected.

*3: Reference values 0.1 to 0.5 are only for models IR4053 and IR4055.

2 Set the rotary switch to the range for which you wish to set the judgement reference.

Range	Operation
500 V 1000 V	Press to release the lock.
ΡVΩ	Press $\bigcirc^{PY_{0}}$ to select the applied voltage and press \bigcirc to release the lock.



Canceling the Comparator



Press \bigcirc several times to select [oFF].

If there is no operation for for about 2 seconds after you select, [COMP] or [REF] will go off, and the comparator function will be canceled.

3.5 Insulation Resistance Measurement

The instrument is used to measure the insulation resistance to determine the insulation performance of circuits and equipment. Before starting a measurement, the voltage to be applied to the measuring object needs to be selected.

Observe the following to avoid electric shock, short circuit, or damage to the instrument.

 Do not attempt to measure insulation resistance on a live conductor. Doing so could damage the instrument or cause an accident that might result in injury or death. Always turn off power to the measuring object before starting.



- When measuring insulation resistance, dangerous voltage is applied to the measurement terminals. To avoid electric shock, do not touch the metal part of the test leads.
- Do not touch the measuring object immediately after measurement. Doing so may cause electric shock due to a highly charged voltage.
- Discharge the measuring object with the discharge function of the instrument after a measurement. (p.39)
- Insulation resistance is the ratio of applied voltage to leakage current. Displayed value may not stabilize depending on the measuring object, but it is not a failure of the instrument.
- Press the MEASURE key fully down until a live circuit indicator lights up. If the button is not pressed down fully, a proper measurement cannot be made.
- Turn off the rotary switch after use.
- Disconnection when measuring is recommended of any equipment having a lower withstanding voltage than the test voltage, or equipment or parts having an unknown withstanding voltage connected to the circuit to be measured.

Lock Function

This function is used to avoid applying high voltage such as 500 V or 1000 V to equipment having a lower withstanding voltage. This function will prevent the test voltage from being output even if the **MEASURE** key is pressed while the rotary switch is set to the 500 V, 1000 V or PV Ω range.

Releasing the lock



The screen is locked 1 minute after the last measurement or operation again.

Measuring Insulation Resistance



To avoid electric shock, turn off the measuring line breaker.

Example: When measuring the insulation resistance between the circuit and the ground



- **1** Turn off the MEASURE key.
- 2 Set the rotary switch to a test voltage of 50 V to 1000 V.

In the 500 V or 1000 V range, press or release the lock. (p.35)



- **3** Connect the black test lead to the ground side of the object being measured.
- 4 Connect the red test lead to the measuring object. If there is any remaining voltage on the measuring object, red and white blink alternately on the backlight.
- 5 Press and hold the MEASURE key. To make continuous measurements, pull up the MEASURE key. (p. 16)
- 6 Check the value after the indicator has stabilized.

7 Turn off the MEASURE key with the test leads connected to the measuring object.

The last measured values and **HOLD** are displayed and starts discharging. (p.39)

- Do not switch the function to other function or rated voltage when the measurement is in progress.
- The instrument will return to the locked state when about 1 minute of no operation elapses during measurement in the 500 V and 1000 V ranges. To continue measurement, release the lock. (p.35)

Displaying 1-minute Values (IR4057-50 only)

This function is only available on the IR4057-50. The function cannot be used if the comparator function has been enabled. Disable the comparator function before use. (p. 33) This function automatically retains the measured value (1-minute value) 1 minute after the start of measurement (after the **MEASURE** key is turned on). Use this function when measuring a object such as a cable that includes a capacitance component.



Retained measured value

 No value is shown if less than 1 minute has elapsed since the start of measurement.





3.6 Discharging Function

After measurements are completed, discharge the measuring object. When objects with capacitance component are measured, a charge equivalent to the rated measurement voltage remains in the object that may cause electric shock.

When measuring a solar panel, $\frac{4}{7}$ mark may not disappear since the instrument will continue to detect the panel's voltage once discharging ends.



Without removing the test leads from the measuring object, turn off the MEASURE key.



Discharging

The built-in discharge resistor automatically discharges the item.

In the IR4057-50, the bar graph level decreases according to discharge. However, measuring objects with smaller capacitance component discharge quickly and the bar graph level may not change.



Discharged

When the discharge is completed, 4 mark is turned off.

The time required for discharge depends on the capacitance value.

3.7 Voltage Measurement

This instrument can measure the AC voltage and DC voltage of commercial power. The instrument can check to ensure that the measuring object is not live before measuring insulation resistance.

- During measuring, do not switchover to other functions.
- · For waveforms other than sine waves, some errors may occur.
- Displayed values can frequently fluctuate due to induction potential even when no voltage is applied. This, however, is not a malfunction.

Example: When measuring the voltage between the circuit and ground



- 1 Set the rotary switch to V.
- 2 Connect the black test lead to the earth side of the object being measured.
- **3** Connect the red test lead to the line side of the breaker.
- **4** Check the value after the indicator has stabilized.

Negative Voltage Notification Function (IR4053 and IR4055 only)

This function is only available on the IR4053 and the IR4055. You can check whether P and N are connected in reverse while measuring the open voltage of solar battery string.



1 Set the rotary switch to V while pressing □.

The [-] and [V] blinks and [ON] or [OFF] is displayed.

2 Press O to switch between ON and OFF.

ON	When the voltage is -1 V or lower, red and white			
(Factory setting)	of the backlight blinks alternately.			
OFF	Disabled			

If there is no operation for approx. 2 seconds after ON or OFF is selected, the setting is confirmed, and the screen changes to measurement screen.

3.8 Low Resistance Measurement (IR4056 and IR4057-50 only)

This function is only available on the IR4056 and the IR4057-50.



Do not measure under a live circuit condition.

• If active circuits are connected to the measuring object circuit in parallel, the impedance and transient current of the parallel circuit could cause measurement errors.



- Auto range selection may not operate in a stable manner depending on the measuring object (for example, a motor, transformer, or coil).
- The instrument may not be able to obtain an accurate measured value if there is a capacitance component in parallel with the measuring object.

The comparator function can be used during low resistance measurement. See "3.4 Comparator Function" (p. 31)

For accurate measurements, be sure to perform zero adjustment before measuring, to cancel the wire resistance of the test leads.

Zero adjustment can be performed with readings of up to a maximum of 3 Ω . When the reading exceeds 3 Ω , [Err 1] or [Err 0 Ω ADJ] will be displayed, and zero adjustment will not be possible. Wire the instrument so that the wiring resistance is 3 Ω or less.

In the following circumstances, repeat the zero adjustment procedure:

- · After changing test leads
- When the ambient temperature changes by 1°C or more
- · After replacing the fuse



Example: Checking continuity of grounding wire

- 6 Connect the test lead to the measuring object.
- 7 Press and hold the MEASURE key to check the displayed value.

To make continuous measurements, pull up the MEASURE key.

8 Turn off the MEASURE key after measurement.

3.9 PVΩ Measurement Function (IR4053 and IR4055 only)

This function is only available on the IR4053 and the IR4055. This function allows accurate insulation resistance measurements between the solar panel and ground without any influence from power generation. For measurements between the coupling box output terminals and ground or between power conditioner and ground, use the normal insulation resistance range. See "Appx. 1 Measurement Principles" (p. Appx.1)



Do not cause a short-circuit between another wire and the wire to be measured with the test leads. Arcs or such grave accidents are likely to occur.

Observe the following to avoid electric shock, shortcircuit, or damage to the instrument.

 When measuring insulation resistance, dangerous voltage is applied to the measurement terminals. To avoid electric shock, do not touch the metal part of the connecting test leads.



- Check that the connection of the measurement terminals has been secured. If the terminal is loose, the contact resistance will increase, resulting in overheating, equipment burnout, or fire.
- Do not touch the measuring object immediately after measurement. A highly charged voltage may cause electric shock.
- Discharge the measuring object with the discharge function of the instrument after a measurement. (p.39)

Observe the following to avoid electric shock, short circuit, or damage to the instrument.

- Turn off any disconnector devices and separate from the power conditioner before starting the measurements for the solar battery panel.
- Do not attempt to measure insulation resistance on a live conductor. Doing so could damage the instrument or cause an accident that might result in injury or death. Always turn off power to the measuring object before starting.
- Photovoltaic cells produce electricity continuously during daylight hours, resulting in hazardous voltages. Exercise care during measurement to avoid electric shock.
- Do not touch any metal parts such as connection box and disconnector devices directly with bare hands. Doing so may cause electric shocks due to the voltage of the generator.
- Maximum rated voltage between terminals of the IR4053 and IR4055 is 1000 V DC/600 V AC. Do not use the instrument for equipment with rated voltage over 1000 V DC or 600 V AC. Doing so may cause electric shock or failure.
- If the solar battery panel has failed, do not perform any insulation resistant measurement. Doing so may damage the bypass diode of the solar battery panel.

- Insulation resistance is the ratio of applied voltage to leakage current. Displayed value may not stabilize depending on the measuring object, but it is not a failure of the instrument.
- Press the MEASURE key fully down until a live circuit indicator lights up. If the button is not pressed down fully, a proper measurement cannot be made.
- Turn off the rotary switch after use.
- Disconnection when measuring is recommended of any equipment having a lower withstanding voltage than the test voltage, or equipment or parts having an unknown withstanding voltage connected to the circuit to be measured.
- The ground capacitance of the solar battery panel is high, therefore the measured values may take some time to stabilize.
- Accurate measurements are not possible when open voltage of the solar battery string is higher than the test voltage. Use the PV Ω 500 V range for open voltage 500V or less and PV Ω 1000 V range for open voltage 1000 V or less.
- If a voltage higher than the test voltage is detected, the buzzer sounds and measurement is not possible.
- Use an insulation resistance range other than $\mathsf{PV}\Omega$ to perform measurements by shorting P and N.
- Perform measurements by shorting P and N when the solar battery panel is not generating power, such as during the night.
- For the PV Ω measurement function, the output voltage is divided by the 1 M Ω resistor and the resistor connected between measurement terminals because a 1 M Ω current limiting resistor is connected to the EARTH terminal.

Example: When a 10 $M\Omega$ resistor is measured, the voltage is divided by 1 $M\Omega$ and 10 $M\Omega.$

The method to measure the insulation resistance between the solar battery panel and ground without shorting P and N will be explained. See "Appx. 3 Insulation Resistance Measurements for Solar Cell Array" (p. Appx.3)

Measurement preparation 1

- 1 Turn off the main switch of the connection box to be disconnected from the power conditioner.
- 2 Turn off all the disconnector devices of the strings.
- **3** Disconnect lightning arresters from the measuring circuit. Disconnection is not required for the figure (solar generator facility) shown below because a lightning arrester is not present at the string side of the disconnector device.



1

Measurement preparation 2



Check that the MEASURE key is turned off.

If the **MEASURE** key is on, turn it off. (p. 16)

Set the rotary switch to PVΩ.

Press to set 500 V or 1000 V as the test voltage.

Press O to release the lock.

Start Measuring

Observe the following to avoid damage to the measuring object.



- If the insulation has deteriorated between the terminal P and the ground, do not measure between the terminal N and the ground.
- Connect the red test lead to the string side of the disconnector device.



- 5 Connect the black test lead to the ground terminal.
- 6 Connect the red test lead to the terminal P of the string side.

If a voltage is detected between the P and the ground terminals, the insulation may have deteriorated. When there is a voltage on the measuring object, the voltage detection function makes the backlight light in red and white alternately.



7 Press and hold the MEASURE key. To make continuous measurements, pull up the MEASURE key.

Do not remove any test leads from the terminals until the resistance is displayed. Doing so results in incorrect measurements. (p.72)

8 Check the resistance displayed after approx. 4 seconds. Subsequently, the resistance will be updated every second.

If there is any deteriorated insulation and the resistance is lower than the reference value, do not measure the terminal N of procedure **10**. Doing so may damage the solar battery panel. Check the reference insulation resistance with safety regulations.

9 Turn off the MEASURE key.

If the **MEASURE** key is on, turn it off. (p. 16) Discharge starts and the **4** mark blinks. The **4** mark may not be cleared even if the discharge is completed because a voltage is generated by the solar battery.

10 When measuring terminal P and insulation has not deteriorated, connect the red test lead to the terminal N of the string side and repeat the procedures 7 to 9.

After Measurements

- **1** After measuring insulation resistance for all the strings, remove the black test lead from the ground terminal.
- 2 Reconnect the lightning arrester connection if disconnected.
- **3** Turn on all the disconnector devices of the strings.
- **4** Turn on the main switch of the connection box.

1 minute after the last measurement or operation, the (PRESS GAUDESKET) turns on and the 500 V/1000 V RELEASE key blinks. Press the key to release the lock.

3.10 Wireless Communications Function

Using the GENNECT Cross (IR4055 and IR4057-50 only)

This function cannot be used at the same time as the HID function. $\left(p.55\right)$

When the wireless communications function is enabled, you can review measurement data and create measurement reports on mobile devices. For details, see the Help function in the GENNECT Cross (application software, free of charge).



GENNECT Cross Official Website https://gennect.net/en/cross/index



- (IR4057-50 only) Install the Z3210 Wireless Adapter (option) to the instrument. (p.27)
- 2 Install the GENNECT Cross on your mobile device.
- 3 Turn on the IR4055 or IR4057-50 to enable the wireless communications function.
 - (D)) mark or (C) mark On: Enabled Off: Disabled Blinks: Communicating



4 Launch the GENNECT Cross and pair it with model IR4055 or IR4057-50. (p.52)

5 Select the standard measurement function and start measurement.



- The communication distance is approx. 10 m (line of sight). The distance over which data can be sent and received varies greatly depending on whether there are any obstructions between the paired instruments (for example, walls, metal barriers, etc.) and on the distance between the instrument and the floor (or ground). To ensure stable communication, verify adequate signal strength.
- Although the GENNECT Cross is provided free of charge, downloading or using the application software may incur Internet connection charges. Such charges are the sole responsibility of the user.
- The GENNECT Cross is not guaranteed to operate on all mobile devices.
- The Z3210 uses 2.4 GHz band wireless technology. It may not be possible for the device to establish a wireless connection when used in the vicinity of other devices that use the same frequency band, for example Wi-Fi devices (IEEE 802.11.b/g/n).

Pairing the App







- When the app is launched for the first time (before being paired with any instrument), the connection setup screen will be displayed.
- While the mobile device is displaying the connection setup screen, simply move it close to the IR4055 or the IR4057-50 to automatically pair it with the instrument (the app can be paired with up to 8 instruments).
- Allow about 5 to 30 seconds for the instrument to pair with the app after being turned on. If the instrument fails to pair within 1 minute, relaunch GENNECT Cross and cycle the instrument's power.
- Instruments that have been registered do not require to be registered again.



Making Measurements with the Wireless Communications Function

On the home screen, select the standard measurement function from the options, standard measurement, logging and waveform display, to start a measurement. For more information about each function, see the help function in the GENNECT Cross.

The values displayed by the instrument may be different from the values displayed by the application software due to communication delays or differences in the update timing.

Standard measurement

Measured values of multiple channels are saved.



Excel[®] Direct Input Function (HID function) (IR4057-50 only)

This function cannot be used at the same time as GENNECT Cross (p.51).

The human interface device (HID) profile, with which the Z3210 Wireless Adapter is equipped, is a profile same as that wireless keyboards use.

HID ON	Preparatory to data entry, open an Excel [®] file on your mobile device or computer and choose a cell. Freezing the instrument's display can enter the measured values on the cells.
HID OFF	Select this setting when using GENNECT Cross.

The setting whether the HID function has been enabled or disabled will not be saved in the instrument but in the Z3210.



Measured value input method

Insulation resistance, low resistance: Press and release the **MEASURE** key. Voltage: Press the **MEASURE** key.

Checking and changing the HID setting

1 Set the rotary switch to OFF.

2 Install the Z3210 Wireless Adapter (option) to the instrument.

See "2.3 Installing the Z3210 Wireless Adapter (IR4057-50 only)" (p. 27)

If the wireless communications function is off, you won't be able to check or change the HID setting. Enable the wireless communications function first before attempting to check or change the HID setting (Step 3 on p. 51).

3 Check the HID setting.

Turn on the instrument while holding down the **RELEASE** key to display the serial number screen.

Press and hold the **RELEASE** key for at least 3 s to display the HID setting saved by the Z3210.

or





To leave the HID setting unchanged

Set the rotary switch to OFF.

To change the HID setting

Proceed to Step 4.

If the instrument beeps and the display doesn't change

Using GENNECT Cross (Ver. 1.8 or later), update the Z3210 to the latest version.

4 Change the HID setting.

Toggle the HID setting on and off by pressing the 0 Ω ADJ key or the COMP key.

5 Accept the setting

Press the **RELEASE** key to accept the HID setting. The instrument will automatically turn off.

IMPORTANT

To switch from the HID function to GENNECT Cross

If you launch GENNECT Cross without unpairing the mobile phone and the instrument, the application may fail to recognize the instrument as a connected device.

Reconnect the instrument to GENNECT Cross as follows:

- 1. Delete the instrument from your device's **Bluetooth**[®] settings.
- 2. Turn off the Z3210's HID function. (p.56)
- 3. Reconnect the instrument using GENNECT Cross's connected device settings.

For details, please check the Z3210's website. https://z3210.gennect.net



Wireless Communications Function

4

Specifications

4.1 General Specifications

Operating environment	Indoors, Pollution Degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)
Operating temperature and humidity	 IR4053, IR4055 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F), 90% RH or less (no condensation) 40°C to 50°C (104°F to 122°F), at 50°C and below relative with linear decrease up to 50% RH (no condensation) IR4056, IR4057-50 -25°C to 40°C (-13°F to 104°F), 90% RH or less (no condensation) 40°C to 65°C (104°F to 149°F), at 65°C and below relative with linear decrease up to 25% RH (no condensation)



Standards	EMC: EN 61326 Safety: EN 61010 EN 61557-1 EN 61557-2 EN 61557-4* ^{1 *2} EN 61557-10* ² Insulation resistance testers: JIS C 1302* ³
	of Part 4 (Interchanging of test leads) is not applicable 9788-10 is used.
*2: The IR4053 a	nd the IR4055 are not applicable.
*3: IR4053 and IR	4055 only
Power supply	LR6 Alkaline battery ×4 Rated supply voltage: 1.5 V DC ×4 Maximum rated power: 3 VA
Continuous operating time When using four LR6 Alkaline batteries (reference value at 23°C)	Approx. 20 hours (without Z3210 installed, comparator off, backlight off, measured with measurement terminal open at 500 V range) Approx. 15 hours (with Z3210 installed, using wireless communications, comparator off, backlight off, measured with measurement terminal open at 500 V range)
Dimensions (excluding protrusions)	Approx. 159W × 177H × 53D mm (6.26"W × 6.97"D × 2.09"D)
Mass (including battery, excluding test lead)	 IR4053, IR4055, IR4056: Approx. 600 g (21.2 oz.) IR4057-50: Approx. 640 g (22.6 oz.)
Product warranty	y period: 3 years
Fuse (Replacements)	FF0.5 AH/1000 V (70 172 40.0.500: SIBA GmbH) (Very fast-blow, arc-extinguishing material included, high breaking capacity) (IR4056 and IR4057-50 only)
Accessories	See "Verifying Package Contents" (p. 1)
Options	See "Options" (p. 2)

4.2 Basic and Accuracy Specifications

Measurement item	Insulation Resistance measurement: DC voltage supply, current detection Low resistance measurement: DC current supply, voltage detection (IR4056 and IR4057-50 only) Voltage measurement: Automatic DC/AC detection AC voltage measurement rectification method: Mean rectification RMS value indication PV Ω measurement: DC voltage supply, current detection (IR4053 and IR4055 only)
Maximum rated voltage to terminal	600 V AC/DC (Voltage measurement) 600 V AC/1000 V DC (Voltage measurement, IR4053 and IR4055 only)
Maximum rated voltage to earth	600 V AC/DC, Measurement Category III, Anticipated Transient Overvoltage: 6000 V
Rated operational	Position: Standard position ±90°
conditions	External magnetic field: 400 A/m or less Battery voltage: Available effective battery voltage
conditions Nominal circuit voltage*	0

Insulation Resistance Measurement							
Rated measurement voltage (DC)	50 V	125 V	250 V	500 V	1000 V		
Effective maximum displayed value	100 MΩ	250 MΩ	500 MΩ	2000 MΩ	4000 MΩ		
Medium displayed value	2 MΩ	5 ΜΩ	10 MΩ	50 MΩ	100 MΩ		
1st effective measuring range [MΩ]	0.200 to 10.00	0.200 to 25.0	0.200 to 50.0	0.200 to 500	0.200 to 1000		
Accuracy (Tolerance)			3, IR4055: ±4 1057-50: ±2%	0			
2nd effective measuring range [MΩ]	10.1 to 100.0	25.1 to 250	50.1 to 500	501 to 2000	1010 to 4000		
Accuracy (Tolerance)	IR4053 and IR4055: ±8% rdg IR4056, IR4057-50: ±5% rdg						
Other measuring range [MΩ]	0 to 0.199						
Accuracy (Tolerance)		±2% rdg ±6 dgt					

	Insulation Resistance Measurement (continued)							
	Display range	1 MΩ	1 MΩ	1 MΩ	1 MΩ	1 MΩ		
	Maximum displayed value	1.000 MΩ	1.000 MΩ	1.000 MΩ	1.000 MΩ	1.000 MΩ		
	Resolution	0.001 MΩ	0.001 MΩ	0.001 MΩ	0.001 MΩ	0.001 MΩ		
	Display range	10 MΩ	10 MΩ	10 MΩ	10 MΩ	10 MΩ		
	Maximum displayed value	10.00 MΩ	10.00 MΩ	10.00 MΩ	10.00 MΩ	10.00 MΩ		
tion	Resolution	0.01 MΩ	0.01 MΩ	0.01 MΩ	0.01 MΩ	0.01 MΩ		
urat	Display range	olay range 100 MΩ		100 MΩ	100 MΩ	100 MΩ		
configuration	Maximum displayed value	100.0 MΩ	100.0 MΩ	100.0 MΩ	100.0 MΩ	100.0 MΩ		
Range	Resolution	0.1 MΩ	0.1 MΩ	0.1 MΩ	0.1 MΩ	0.1 MΩ		
Rar	Display range	-	250 MΩ	500 MΩ	1000 MΩ	1000 MΩ		
	Maximum displayed value	-	250 MΩ	500 MΩ	1000 MΩ	1000 MΩ		
	Resolution	-	1 MΩ	1 MΩ	1 MΩ	1 MΩ		
	Display range	-	-	-	2000 MΩ	4000 MΩ		
	Maximum displayed value	-	-	-	2000 MΩ	4000 MΩ		
	Resolution	-	-	-	10 MΩ	10 MΩ		

Insulation Resistance Measurement (continued)								
	1st effec	tive		2nd effective		Other r	neasuring	
	measuring range			neasuring rang	range			
	±4% rdg			±8% rdg	±2% r	dg ±6 dgt		
	(0°C to 50°C)		(0°C to 50°C)		(0°C to 50°C)			
	±8% rdg			±16% rdg	±4% rdg ±12 dgt			
	(Greater than or			Greater than o	(Greater than or			
Fluctuations caused	equal to -25	°C and	equal to -25°C and			equal	to -25°C	
by temperature	less than 0	°C, or	le	ess than 0°C, o	or	and less	s than 0°C,	
effects (E ₃)*	greater than	ո 50°C	gi	reater than 50°	°C	or gre	ater than	
	and less th	nan or	a	and less than o	or	50°C an	d less than	
	equal to 6	5°C)		equal to 65°C)	or equa	al to 65°C)	
	(Only for IF	R4056	(Only for IR405	6	(Only f	or IR4056	
	and IR405	7-50)	á	and IR4057-50))	and IR	4057-50)	
Effect of humidity	±4% rdg and within		±8	±8% rdg and within		120/ rda 16 dat		
	allowan	се	allowance		±2% rdg ±6 dgt			
Effect of magnetic field	±2.4% rdg –					-		
Fluctuations caused by positioning effect (E ₁)			1	Not applicable				
Fluctuations caused by supply voltage effects (E ₂)	±4% rdg and allowan		±8	% rdg and wit allowance	hin	dgt ar	rdg ±6 nd within wance	
Effects of capacitance components	Within ±10% variation)	6 for cap	bac	itance of 5 μl	= or	less (in	cluding	
*: Applicable to the o	perating temp	perature	ran	ge other than	18°	C to 28°0	C.	
Rated								
measurement	50 V	125 V		250 V	1	500 V	1000 V	
voltage (DC)								
Possible number of			100	0 times or mo	re			
measurements								
Overload protection	600 V AC (10 s)				660 V AC (10 s)			
Gvenbau protection	660 \/ AC (10 c) 1200 \/ DC (10 c) //E4052 and //				(/			
660 V AC (10 s), 1200 V DC (10 s) (IR4053 and IR4055 only)								

Insulation Resistance Measurement (continued)							
Display update interval		IR4053, IR4055, IR4056: Within 1.0 s (no update during response) IR4057-50: Within 0.6 s (no update during response)					
stic	Open-circuit voltage	1 to 1.2 times of rated measurement voltage					
Measurement terminal voltage characteristic	Lower limit resistance value to be maintained rated measurement voltage	0.05 ΜΩ	0.125 MΩ	0.25 MΩ	0.5 ΜΩ	1 ΜΩ	
	Rated current	1 mA to 1.2 mA					
	Short-circuit current	1.2 mA or less					
Response time		IR4053, IR4055, IR4056: Within 1.0 s (with resistance load) IR4057-50: Within 0.6 s (with resistance load)					
Judgment time		IR4053, IR4055, IR4056: Within 0.8 s IR4057-50: Within 0.3 s (When switching from an open state to 10 times the default judgment reference value)					

Low Resistance Measurement (IR4056 and IR4057-50 only)							
Open-circuit voltage		4.0 V to 6.9 V					
Measuring current		200 mA or more					
		(display value before zero adjustment at 6 Ω or less)					
Effect of temperature*		±3% rdg ±2 dgt					
		(applied in the operating temperature range excluding					
		18°C to 28°C)					
Effect of supply		±3% rdg ±2 dgt and within allowance					
voltage*							
Response time		Within 1 s (measurement terminal open \rightarrow short)					
Possible number of		200 times or more					
measurements							
Overload protection		600 V AC 10 s (by fuse protection)					
Zero adjustment range		0 Ω to 3 Ω					
Display update interval		Within 1 s					
Range configuration	Display range (Auto range)	Maximum displayed value	Resolution	Accuracy*			
	10 Ω	10.00 Ω	0.01 Ω	±3 dgt (0 Ω to 0.19 Ω) ±3% rdg ±2 dgt (0.20 Ω to 10.00 Ω)			
	100 Ω	100.0 Ω	0.1 Ω	±3% rdg ±2 dgt			
	1000 Ω	1000 Ω	1 Ω				

*: Display value is applicable after zero adjustment

(When the temperature changes more than 1°C, zero adjustment is necessary.)
	Voltage Measurement				
10	/DC automatic	AC detected at 30 V or greater (50 Hz/60 Hz).			
detection range		(pulsating currents with an overlapping AC component of			
uei	ection range	30 V or	more are dete	cted as AC)	
		Measurement accuracy per 1°C × 0.1			
Effe	ect of temperature	(applied in the ope		ature range excluding	
			18°C to 28°C	/	
Ove	erload protection		C (10 s), 750	. ,	
	•	1200 V DC (1		and IR4055 only)	
Dis	play update interval		Within 1 s		
Res	sponse time	(Within 1.2	-	
			<u> </u>	d from 0 V to 600 V)	
	Input resistance	100 KL	2 or more (50	,	
Ħ	Frequency range	Denne confi	50 Hz/60 H	Ζ	
ner	Dianlau ranga	Range config Maximum	guration		
lrer	Display range (Auto range)	displayed value	Resolution	Accuracy	
sasi	(Auto range)	uispiayeu value			
AC Voltage Measurement	420 V				
age	(minimum displayed	420.0 V	0.1 V	±2.3% rdg ±8 dgt	
\off	value: 30.0 V)			(ranges in excess of	
Ú		750 V	1 V	600 V are outside the	
4	600 V			accuracy guarantee)	
	Input resistance		100 kΩ or mo	ore	
t		Range config	guration		
me	Display range	Maximum	Resolution	A 001/2001/	
nre	(Auto range)	displayed value	Resolution	Accuracy	
eas	4.2 V	4.200 V	0.001 V		
DC Voltage Measurement	42 V	42.00 V	0.01 V	±1.3% rdg ±4 dgt	
	420 V	420.0 V	0.1 V	(ranges in excess of	
	IR4053, IR4055:	IR4053, IR4055:		600 V* are outside the	
10	1000 V	1100 V	1 V	accuracy guarantee)	
	IR4056, IR4057-50:	IR4056, IR4057-50:	. •	guarantee)	
	600 V	750 V			

* Over 1000 V for IR4053 and IR4055 only

PVΩ Measurement (IR4053 and IR4055 only)				
Measurement voltage (DC)	PVΩ 500 V PVΩ 1000 V			
Maximum displayed value	2000 MΩ	4000 MΩ		
1st effective measuring range [MΩ]	0.200 to 500	0.200 to 1000		
Accuracy (Tolerance)	±4%	rdg		
2nd effective easuring range [MΩ]	501 to 2000	1010 to 4000		
Accuracy (Ttolerance)	±8%	rdg		
Other measuring range [MΩ]	0 to 0	.199		
Accuracy (Tolerance)	±2% rdg	g ±6 dgt		
Effect of temperature (E ₃)	Accuracy × 1.0 (applic	cable to the operating		
	temperature range oth	er than 18°C to 28°C)		
Effect of humidity	Accuracy × 1.0 and	d within allowance		
Effect of magnetic field	Accurac	cy × 0.5		
Impact of positioning (E1)	Not app	blicable		
Effect of supply voltage (E ₂)	Accuracy × 1.0 and within allowance			
Effect of superimposing DC voltage	Within ±10%			
Possible number of measurements	1000 times or more			
Overload protection	660 V AC (10 s),	1200 V DC (10 s)		
Display update interval (no update during response)	Within	1.0 s		
Open voltage*	1 to 1.2 times of rated	measurement voltage		
Lower limit resistance value to				
maintain rated measurement	20 MΩ ±5%	20 MΩ ±5%		
voltage				
Rated current	0.025 mA ±20%	0.05 mA ±20%		
Short-circuit current	1.2 mA or less			
Response time	Within 4.0 s (Measurement start \rightarrow Display)			
Range configuration	See explanation for 500 V and 1000 V of the insulation resistance measurement			

 * For the PVΩ measurement function, the output voltage is divided by the 1 MΩ resistor and the resistor connected between measurement terminals because a 1 MΩ current limiting resistor is connected to the EARTH terminal. Example: If a DMM with input impedance 10 MΩ is used to measure an open voltage, the voltage is divided by 1 MΩ and 10 MΩ.

4.3 Functionality specifications

Live circuit indicator	Turns on when voltage is detected between the LINE terminal and the EARTH terminal	
Automatic electric discharge	Automatically discharges the electric charge still present in the capacitance of the measuring object after the insulation resistance measurement.	
	Bar graph display of residual voltage	
	• Discharge resistance: 1.2 M Ω or less (IR4053 and IR4055) 800 k Ω or less (IR4056 and IR4057-50) • Maximum capacitive load: 5 μF • Discharge time: Max. 30 s (when connected to 5 μF)	
Auto power save (APS)	The power will go off automatically approx. 10 minutes after the last operation or last live circuit indicator display. Can be canceled using the power supply activation options.	
Display	Semi-transmissive FSTN liquid crystal, positive	
Backlight	 Color: white, red Light automatic OFF function: Available (3 min. after last operation) Turns red when the comparator judgment result is FAIL. Operation at erroneous input: Alternates white and red. 	
Firmware update function	The instrument's firmware can be updated using GENNECT Cross. Required: GENNECT Cross (Ver. 1.8 or later) Instrument firmware (Ver. 2.00 or later)	

Power-on Options

Canceling the power-saving function (p.30)	Turn on the instrument while holding down the LIGHT key.
Displaying the serial number	Turn on the instrument while holding down the RELEASE key. The serial number will be displayed three digits at a time. In the following example, the month and year of manufacture are May 2021. Example: [210] \rightarrow [512] \rightarrow [345] After checking the number, set the rotary switch to OFF.
Checking the HID setting (p.56)	 Turn on the instrument while holding down the RELEASE key. The serial number screen will be displayed. Press RELEASE key for 3 s or more. The HID setting saved by the Z3210 will be displayed.
Displaying the software version	 Turn on the instrument while holding down the 0 Ω ADJ key and the COMP key. Press the RELEASE key while the [vEr] display is active. The display will alternate between the version number [vx.xx] and model [405x]. After checking the number, set the rotary switch to OFF.



Maintenance and Service



Touching any of the high-voltage points inside the instrument is very dangerous. Customers are not allowed to modify, disassemble, or repair the instrument. Doing so may cause fire, electric shock, or injury.

Calibrations

The calibration period varies with the conditions and environment of use. It is recommended to determine a calibration period based on those factors and to have the instrument regularly calibrated by Hioki. Please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller to have your instrument periodically calibrated.

Precautions when transporting the instrument

When transporting the instrument, be sure to observe the following precautions:

- To avoid damage to the instrument, remove the batteries from the instrument. Moreover, be sure to pack in a double carton. Damage that occurs during transportation is not covered by the warranty.
- When sending the instrument for repair, be sure to include details of the problem.

Disposal

Handle and dispose of the instrument in accordance with local regulations.

Cleaning

- To clean the instrument, wipe it gently with a soft cloth moistened with water or mild detergent.
- Wipe the display gently with a soft, dry cloth.
- Wipe the dust from metal parts of alligator clips with a soft cloth to avoid any impact on the measurements.

5.1 Troubleshooting

Before Returning for Repair

If damage is suspected, check the following before contacting your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Symptom	Check Items	Remedy and Reference
The power is not turning on.	Does the battery have sufficient charge?	Replace with the new batteries. (p.22)
	Have the batteries been installed improperly?	Install the batteries in the proper orientation.(p.22)
The batteries run out immediately.	Are you using alkaline batteries?	Replace the batteries with alkaline batteries.(p.22)
The MEASURE key is not working for the lead with a switch.	Is the plug of the lead with a switch fully inserted?	Fully insert the plug to the limit without any gaps. (p.25)
During insulation resistance, low resistance, or $PV\Omega$ measurement, the live circuit indicator and the display blinks in red, and the buzzer sounds.	Does the voltage applied between the measurement terminals exceed the following values? Insulation resistance, PVΩ: approx. 20 V Low resistance: approx. 5 V	Make sure that the measuring object is disconnected from a live circuit. If voltage exists in the measuring object, the live circuit indicator blinks.

Symptom	Check Items	Remedy and Reference
Unable to perform measurement.	Are you setting the rotary switch while the MEASURE key turned on?	Turn off the MEASURE key and then press it again.
	Is the voltage between the measuring terminals over any of the following values before turning on the MEASURE key? 50 V to 250 V range: Approx. 90 V 500 V and PV Ω 500 V ranges: Approx. 500 V 1000 V and PV Ω 1000 V ranges: Approx. 1000 V ranges: Approx. 1000 V	Separate the measuring object from all sources of power before performing measurement.
Unable to perform measurement in 500 V, 1000 V or $PV\Omega$ range.	Is the instrument locked so as to prevent inadvertent voltage application?	Release the lock function. (p.35)
In the 500 V range, 1000 V range or $PV\Omega$ range, turning on the MEASURE	Does the battery have	Replace the batteries with new alkaline batteries. * ¹ (p.22)
key enables the lock function that has been released.	Is the temperature low (0°C or less)?	Remove the batteries and warm them up, or replace them with new alkaline batteries. (p.22)
	Has 1 minute lapsed after the last operation?	Release the lock function again. (p.35)
The measured	Is there a broken	Check the continuity of the
value is shown as the maximum	connection in a test lead? Are the test leads securely	test lead with a tester. Check the connection
display value.	connected?	between the test leads and the instrument, and check the connection of the tips of the test leads.

Symptom	Check Items	Remedy and Reference
Measured values vary and fail to stabilize.	Is a charging circuit located near the measurement object?	Disconnect the circuit breaker for any nearby charging circuits. If this is not possible, use the lowest measured value as the measurement result.
Measured values acquired through insulation resistance measurement or	When the measuring object connected is a capacitor: Does the measuring object have a large capacitance component (capacitor)?	If it is possible to remove the capacitor, do so. If not, use the lowest measured value as the measurement result.
PVΩ measurement fluctuate over time. (If using the IR4057-50, use the 1-minute value display function.)	When the measuring object connected is not a capacitor: This phenomenon reflects the influence of the measuring object capacitance component. This is not a malfunction or error.	Select measured values acquired one minute after the start of the measurement. If a large capacitance component included in the measuring object causes the fluctuation of measured values, select measured values after they have stabilized.

Symptom	Check Items	Remedy and Reference
A different measured value results each time the same measuring object is measured.	Is there any impact due to the material of the measuring object?	Allow an adequate amount of time (about 1 hour to 1 day) to pass after the first measurement before repeating measurement. The effects of polarization* ² increase as the insulation resistance increases.
	Is there any impact due to the temperature/humidity characteristics of the measuring object?	Measure the object under the same temperature and humidity conditions. In general, an insulator's insulation resistance value will decrease as temperature and humidity increase. Reference: the insulation resistance value of some insulated cables decreases to 1/4 or less when the temperature increases 10°C.
The output voltage polarity is reversed.	The reversal is due to the characteristics of the insulation ohmmeter. This does not represent a malfunction.	_

Symptom	Check Items	Remedy and Reference
When the	Has the supplied or	Use the test leads that
instrument is	optional test lead used?	came with the instrument
calibrated, the		or its optional test leads
accuracy of		to perform the calibration
the insulation		procedure. With standard
resistance range		wiring, characteristics are
falls outside		affected when the resistance
the device		in the 1000 V range reaches
specifications.		or exceeds 100 MΩ.
	Has the insulation of the test lead deteriorated?	Replace the deteriorated test lead with a new one.

- *1 Batteries with high internal resistance may not be able to deliver enough energy to power the instrument, even if you're using new alkaline batteries or batteries with sufficient charge. If the instrument does not operate even though its batteries have just been replaced, try batteries from a different manufacturer.
- *2 Polarity: A phenomenon whereby a substance's positive and negative electric charges move in opposite directions when an electric field is applied to it, causing the center position of the positive and negative charges to shift.

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Errors and status codes

When an error is displayed on the LCD screen, repair is necessary. Please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Code	Description	Remedy and Reference	
Err1	The instrument was unable to perform zero adjustment. (Low resistance measurement)	 Verify that there is no broken connection in the test leads. Zero adjustment can be performed for readings of up to 3 Ω. Ensure that the wiring resistance is 3 Ω or less. (p.42) 	
	The specified fuse has not been installed.	Use only the specified type of fuse. (p.22)	
Err2	Settings data damaged.		
Err3	Adjustment data damaged.	Repair is required.	
Err4	Abnormality in measurement circuit.	Replace the batteries. If there is no apparent	
Err6	Abnormality in voltage generation circuit.	improvement, the instrument needs repair.	
Err8	Wireless communications error.	Repair is required.	
FUSE (blinks)	The protective fuse has tripped.	Replace the indicated fuse. (p.22)	
bAtt	Low battery voltage.	Replace the batteries. (p.22)	

IR4053, IR4055, IR4056

IR4057-50

Code	Description	Remedy and Reference	
Err 0ΩADJ	Zero adjustment is outside the allowable range. (Low resistance measurement)	 Verify that there is no broken connection in the test leads. Zero adjustment can be performed for readings of up to 3 Ω. Ensure that the wiring resistance is 3 Ω or less. (p.42) 	
Err1	Program data corrupt.		
Err2	Adjustment data damaged.		
Err4	The EEPROM used to store settings data has failed (including failure to communicate with the EEPROM).	Repair is required.	
Err5 01	Abnormality in measurement circuit.	Replace the batteries. If there is no apparent	
Err5 02	Abnormality in voltage generation circuit.	improvement, the instrument needs repair	
Err8	Z3210 communications error (connection failure; Z3210 or hardware failure)	Take the following actions (p. 27): • Reinstall the Z3210. • Install a different Z3210. If the error persists, you are experiencing a instrument failure. Contact your authorize Hioki distributor or reseller to organize repair.	
Err9	Firmware update error	Use GENNECT Cross to update the firmware again. (p.69)	
FUSE (blinks)	The protective fuse has tripped. (The fuse is user-replaceable.)	Replace the indicated fuse. (p.22)	
$APS \to P.oFF$	Powered off by APS.	-	
$bAtt \rightarrow P.oFF$	Instrument powered off due to supply voltage drop	Replace the batteries. (p.22)	

Appendix

Appx. 1 Measurement Principles

1. Insulation resistance measurement

The measuring object's insulation resistance Rx is calculated by applying a voltage V to the object, measuring the leak current I that flows to the object as a result, and dividing the voltage V by the leak current I.

2. Low resistance measurement (IR4056, IR4057-50)

The measuring object's resistance Rx is calculated by applying a current I to the measuring object, measuring the voltage V that occurs between the measurement terminals as a result, and dividing the voltage V by the current I.

3. PVΩ measurement (IR4053, IR4055)

The resistance Rx is calculated using the equation (Applied voltage V)/ (Leakage current I) by applying a voltage V to the measuring object, and then measuring the leakage current I flowing through the measuring object and applied voltage V. (Voltage and current generated from the measuring object are subtracted.)

Appx. 2 Operation Uncertainty

The operation uncertainty and the variations of measurement value for the respective influence quantity approved by EN/IEC61557 are as follows:

		Operation	Variation	
Intrinsic uncertainty/ influence quantity		range	Insulation resistance	Low resistance
A	Intrinsic uncertainty	Reference condition	±5% rdg	±3% rdg ±2 dgt
E ₂	Supply voltage	4.5 V to 6.8 V	±4% rdg	±3% rdg ±2 dgt
E ₃	Temperature	0°C to 35°C	±4% rdg	±3% rdg ±2 dgt
В	Operation uncertainty		±12% rdg	±30% rdg
Guaranteed range of operation uncertainty		1st effective measurement range	0.2 Ω to 2 Ω	

Influencing factor non-applicable for E_1 and E_4 to E_{10}

Appx. 3 Insulation Resistance Measurements for Solar Cell Array

There are two insulation resistance measurements for solar cell arrays. Characteristics of them are as follows:

Measurement with P-N opened

 $\mathsf{PV}\Omega$ measurement of this manual is explained with this measurement. As solar cell voltage influences the test voltage, the measurement may not be accurate. Incorrect procedure may damage the solar panel. If earth fault is occurred due to earth leakage as shown in the following figure, current being generated influences the insulation resistance meter resulting in inaccurate measurement with a normal insulation resistance meter. $\mathsf{PV}\Omega$ measurement mode of the IR4053 and IR4055 allows accurate measurements without the effect from power generation.



Measurement with P-N shorted

This measurement allows accurate measurements but is also a highly dangerous method as arc discharge may be generated due to the short circuit. There is also a fire risk depending on the deterioration level of the solar panel.



Insulation Resistance Measurements for Solar Cell Array

Warranty Certificate

Model	Serial number	Warranty period
		Three (3) years from date of purchase (/)
Customer name:		
Customer address:		
Important Please retain this warranty certificate, Duplicates cannot be reissued, Complete the certificate with the model number, serial number, and date of purchase, along with your name and address. The personal information you provide on this form will only be used to provide repair service and information about Hicki products and services.		
This document certifies that the product has been inspected and verified to conform to Hioki's standards. Please contact the place of purchase in the event of a malfunction and provide this document, in which case Hioki will repair or replace the product subject to the warranty terms described below.		
Warranty terms 1. The product is guaranteed to operate properly during the warranty period (three [3] years from the date of purchase). If the date of purchase is unknown, the warranty period is defined as three (3) years from the date (month and year) of manufacture (as indicated by the first four digits of the serial number in YYMM format). 2. If the product came with an AC adapter, the adapter is warrantied for one (1) year from the date of purchase. 3. The accuracy of measured values and other data generated by the product is guaranteed as described in the product specifications. 4. In the event that the product or AC adapter malfunctions during its respective warranty period due to a defect of workmanship or materials, Hiok will repair or replace the product or AC adapter free of charge. 5. The following malfunctions and issues are not covered by the warranty and as such are not subject to free repair or replacement:		
-1. Mafunctions or damage of consumables, parts with a defined service life, etc. -2. Mafunctions or damage of consectors, cables, etc. -3. Mafunctions or damage caused by sinpment, dropping, relocation, etc., after purchase of the product -4. Mafunctions or damage caused by sinpment, dropping, relocation, etc., after purchase of the product -4. Mafunctions or damage caused by sinpment, dropping, relocation, etc., after purchase of the product -5. Mafunctions or damage caused by a failure to perform maintenance or inspections as required by law or recommended in the instruction manual -6. Mafunctions or damage caused by a failure to perform maintenance or inspections as required by law or recommended in the instruction manual -6. Mafunctions or damage caused by fire, storms or flooding, earthquakes, lightning, power anomalies (involving voltage, frequency, etc.), war or unrest, contamination with radiation, or other acts of God -7. Damage that is limited to the product separance (cosmetic belmishes, deformation of endosure shape, fading of color, etc.) -8. Other mafunctions or damage for which Hick is not responsible		
6. The warranty will be considered invalidated in the following circumstances, in which case Hioki will be unable to perform service such as repair or calibration: -1. If the product has been repaired or modified by a company, entity, or individual other than Hioki -2. If the product has been embedded in another piece of equipment for use in a special application (aerospace, nuclear power, medical use, vehicle control, etc.) without hick's having received prior notice		
 If you experience a loss caused by use of the product and Hioki determines that it is responsible for the underlying issue, Hioki will provide compensation in an amount not to exceed the purchase price, with the following exceptions: Secondary damage arising from damage to a measured device or component that was caused by use of the product Damage arising from measurement results provided by the product Damage to a device other than the product that was sustained when connecting the device to the product (including via network connections) Hioki reserves the right to decline to perform repair, calibration, or other service for products for which a certain amount 		
or informed reserves unergine to became to perform region, advanced, or owner server for products or whom the manufacture of time has passed since their manufacture, products whose parts have been discontinued, and products that cannot be repaired due to unforeseen circumstances. HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION		

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