



Instruction Manual

WIRELESS LOGGING STATION

	нюкі		WHELESS LOGGING STATION WAVE/DATA SET
Interval 100ms Ho	rz <mark>200ms/DIM</mark> FIII – 600miz Sorn Wave-Value – Store Data W	All Mave UNITE unerical Value	
		12.2s 21.69 °C	
		26.00 °C 31.00 °C	MONITOR OL
		36.00 °C 41.00 °C 46.00 °C	
		51.00 °C 56.00 °C	
	1-37 1-10 1-11	61.00 °C 66.00 °C 71.00 °C	REFLOOK PRESS June ESC SCRU
	1 -12 1-13	76.00 °C 81.00 °C	
	s 128	86.00 °C 91.00 °C	
Meas. Start *13-08	01 13155148 (3.768/7.368 51.71)	1221 244 2	
Set the horizontal a	kis.This setting is affected DENEMINE	13-40-41 15 42 51 4	SAVE STOP

Video

Scan this code to watch an instructional video. Carrier charges may apply.



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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the HIOKI Model LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station.To obtain maximum performance from the instrument and measurement units, please read this manual first, and keep it handy for future reference. This document uses the following device names:

Product	Name in this document
LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station	The instrument
LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit	Measurement unit
LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit	
LR8512 Wireless Pulse Logger	
LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger	•
LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger	Wireless logger
LR8515 Wireless Voltage/Temp Logger	•
LR8520 Wireless Fungal Logger	*

The following documents are provided with this instrument. Refer to them as appropriate for your application.

Document		Description
1	Measurement Guide	Read first. Offers an introduction to the instrument's basic measuring method for first time users.
2	Instruction Manual (This document)	Contains explanation and instructions regarding the instrument's operating method and functions.

Trademarks

- Microsoft and Windows are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.
- Bluetooth[®] is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc.(USA). The trademark is used by HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION under license.
- The SD logo is a trademark of SD-3C, LLC.



• Sun, Sun Microsystems, Java, and any logos containing Sun or Java are trademarks or registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation in the United States and other countries.

Confirming Package Contents

When you receive the instrument, inspect it carefully to ensure that no damage occurred during shipping. In particular, check the accessories, panel switches, and connectors. If damage is evident, or if it fails to operate according to the specifications, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.



Options

The following options are available for the instrument. Contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller when ordering.

The options are subject to change. Visit our website for updated information.

- LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit
- LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit
- □ LR8512 Wireless Pulse Logger
- LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger
- □ LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger
- LR8515 Wireless Voltage/Temp Logger
- LR8520 Wireless Fungal Logger
- P9000-01 Differential Probe
- P9000-02 Differential Probe

- Z1007 Battery Pack
- Z1008 AC Adapter
- C1007 Carrying Case
- Z1009 Fixed Stand
- 9642 LAN Cable
- Z4001 SD Memory Card (2 GB)
- Z4003 SD Memory Card (8 GB)

Storing the instrument and measurement units in the C1007 Carrying Case

Store the instrument and measurement units in the C1007 Carrying Case as shown below.



Safety Information

This instrument and measurement units are designed to comply with IEC 61010 Safety Standards, and has been thoroughly tested for safety prior to shipment. However, mishandling during use could result in injury or death, as well as damage to the instrument and measurement units. Using the instrument and measurement units in a way not described in this manual may negate the provided safety features.

Be certain that you understand the instructions and precautions in the manual before use. We disclaim any responsibility for accidents or injuries not resulting directly from instrument and measurement units defects.

- **NOTE** Please carefully review all safety information about the wireless logger in the Measurement Guide.
- \land DANGER

Mishandling during use could result in injury or death, as well as damage to the instrument. Be certain that you understand the instructions and precautions in the manual before use.

▲ WARNING With regard to the electricity supply, there are risks of electric shock, heat generation, fire, and arc discharge due to short circuits. If persons unfamiliar with electricity measuring instruments are to use the instrument, another person familiar with such instruments must supervise operations.

Safety Symbols

In the manual, the Δ symbol indicates particularly important information that the user should read before using the instrument.

The \triangle symbol printed on the instrument indicates that the user should refer to a corresponding topic in the manual (marked with the $|\underline{\wedge}|$ symbol) before using the relevant function.



Indicates a high voltage hazard.

If a particular safety check is not performed or the instrument is mishandled, this may give rise to a hazardous situation; the operator may receive an electric shock, may get burnt or may even be fatally injured.



Indicates a double-insulated device.

Indicates a grounding terminal.

Indicates DC (Direct Current).

The following symbols in this manual indicate the relative importance of cautions and warnings.

 Indicates that incorrect operation presents an extreme hazard that could result in serious injury or death to the user.

 Indicates that incorrect operation presents a significant hazard that could result in serious injury or death to the user.

 Indicates that incorrect operation presents a significant hazard that could result in serious injury or death to the user.

 Indicates that incorrect operation presents a possibility of injury to the user or damage to the instrument and measurement units.

 NOTE
 Indicates advisory items related to performance or correct operation of the instrument and measurement units.

Symbols for Various Standards

C Indicates that the product conforms to regulations set out by the EU Directive.

FCC ID Indicates the ID number of the wireless module certified by the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

Indicates the number of the wireless module certified by Industry Canada.



IC

This is a recycle mark established under the Resource Recycling Promotion Law (only for Japan).



Indicates the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive (WEEE Directive) in EU member states.

Other Symbols

\bigcirc	Indicates the prohibited action.	
(p.)	Indicates the location of reference information.	
*	Indicates that descriptive information is provided below.	
[]]	The names of setting objects and buttons on the screen are indicated by square brackets [].	
SET (Bold charac- ters)	Bold characters within the text indicate operating key labels.	
• Unless otherwise specified, "Windows" represents Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, and Windows 10.		
Dialog box represents a Windows dialog box.		
Click: Pre	Click: Press and quickly release the left button of the mouse.	

Double click: Quickly click the left button of the mouse twice.

Accuracy

We define measurement tolerances in terms of f.s. (full scale), rdg. (reading) and dgt. (digit) values, with the following meanings:

f.s. (maximum display value or scale length)	The maximum displayable value or scale length. This is usually the name of the currently selected range. Example: For the 1 V range, f.s. = 1 V
rdg. (reading or displayed value)	The value currently being measured and indicated on the measuring instrument.
dgt. (resolution)	The smallest displayable unit on a digital measuring instrument, i.e., the input value that causes the digital display to show a "1" as the least-significant digit.

Measurement categories

To ensure safe operation of measurement instruments, IEC 61010 establishes safety standards for various electrical environments, categorized as CAT II to CAT IV, and called measurement categories.



- Using a measuring HiLogger in an environment designated with a higher-numbered category than that for which the HiLogger is rated could result in a severe accident, and must be carefully avoided.
- Never use a measuring HiLogger that lacks category labeling in a CAT II to CAT IV measurement environment. Doing so could result in a serious accident.

Hioki LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit and LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit complies with CAT II (300 VAC, DC) safety requirements.

- CAT II: When directly measuring the electrical outlet receptacles of the primary electrical circuits in equipment connected to an AC electrical outlet by a power cord (portable tools, household appliances, etc.).
- CAT III: When measuring the primary electrical circuits of heavy equipment (fixed installations) connected directly to the distribution panel, and feeders from the distribution panel to outlets.
- CAT IV: When measuring the circuit from the service drop to the service entrance, and to the power meter and primary overcurrent protection device (distribution panel).



Operating Precautions



Follow these precautions to ensure safe operation and to obtain the full benefits of the various functions.

Please carefully review all safety information about the wireless logger in the Measurement Guide.

Bluetooth®		
The Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit, Wireless Universal Unit, and Wireless Logging Station use the 2.4 GHz frequency band. No radio station license is required in order to use the product, but the following precautions should be observed:		
MARNING	 Do not use with systems required to exhibit a high level of safety or reliability. Do not use in proximity to pacemakers or other medical devices. Do not attempt to modify or disassemble. 	
<u>A</u>CAUTION	 When used in proximity to other devices that use the same frequency band, for example wireless networking devices, transmission and reception of data may become unstable, or the product may be affected by the other devices. The line-of-sight communications range between the Wireless Logging Station and the Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit and Wireless Universal Unit is 30 m. Obstructions (such as walls or metal shielding) may cause communications to become unreliable and/or reduce the communications range. In addition, radio wave intensities, which are indicated with the antenna-like indicators, vary depending on units even while these units are operating in the same environment. Although communications between the Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit and Wireless Universal Unit and the Wireless Logging Station are encrypted using SSP, this does not guarantee the integrity or secrecy of transmitted data. Hioki is not liable for the electronic interception or unauthorized disclosure by other means of measured values sent via wireless communications. The Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit, Wireless Universal Unit, and Wireless Logging Station emit radio waves. Use of radio waves is subject to licensing requirements that are specific to the country of use, and use of these products in areas other than the countries listed in the provided "Precautions Concerning Use of Equipment That Emits Radio Waves" may constitute a violation of applicable law, resulting in fines or other penalties. 	
NOTE	To facilitate stable transmission and reception of data, the product should be positioned away from the floor, for example on a stand, rather than close to the floor.	

NOTE

Before Use

- Before using the instrument the first time, verify that it operates normally to ensure that no damage occurred during storage or shipping. If you find any damage, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.
- Before using the instrument, make sure that the insulation on the cables is undamaged and that no bare conductors are improperly exposed. Using the instrument in such conditions could cause an electric shock, so contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller for replacements.

Installation

Humidity:

LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station

Operating temperature and humidity:

Temperature:-10°C to 50°C, Humidity:30 to 80%RH(non-condensating) (Charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C)

LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit, LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit Operating temperature and humidity:

Temperature: -20°C to 60°C

-20°C to 40°C, 80%RH or less(non-condensating) 40°C to 45°C, 60%RH or less(non-condensating) 45°C to 50°C, 50%RH or less(non-condensating) 50°C to 60°C. 30%RH or less(non-condensating)

(Charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C)

Temperature and humidity range for guaranteed accuracy:

Temperature:23±5°C, Humidity 80%RH or less(non-condensating)

- · Avoid temperature changes around the terminal block. Especially avoid NOTE directed airflow such as from an electric fan or air conditioner vent. Thermocouple inputs are prone to measurement errors.
 - When the instrument is moved to a location with significantly different ambient temperature, allow at least 60 minutes for thermal equalization before measuring.

Avoid the following locations that could cause an accident or damage to the instrument and measurement units.



Exposed to direct sunlight Exposed to high temperature



Exposed to water, oil, other chemicals, or solvents Exposed to high humidity or condensation



Exposed to high levels of particulate dust



In the presence of corrosive or explosive gases



Exposed to strong electromagnetic fields Near electromagnetic radiators



Subject to vibration



Near induction heating systems (e.g., high-frequency induction heating systems and IH cooking utensils)

Handling the Instrument

A DANGER	To avoid electric shock, do not remove the instrument's case. The internal components of the instrument carry high voltages and may become very hot during operation.			
A WARNING	Touching any of the high-voltage points inside the instrument is very dangerous. Do not attempt to modify, disassemble or repair the instrument; as fire, electric shock and injury could result.			
A CAUTION	To avoid damage to the instrument, protect it from physical shock when transporting and handling. Be especially careful to avoid physical shock from dropping.			
NOTE	This instrument and measurement units may cause interference if used in residential areas.Such use must be avoided unless the user takes special measures to reduce electromagnetic emissions to prevent interference to the reception of radio and television broadcasts.			
Handling th	e Cords and Cables			
A CAUTION	 Avoid stepping on or pinching cables, which could damage the cable insulation. To avoid breaking the cables, do not bend or pull them. To avoid damaging the power cord, grasp the plug, not the cord, when unplugging it from the power outlet. 			
Before Turn	ing Power On			
•				
A WARNING	Before turning the instrument on, make sure the supply voltage matches that indicated on the AC adapter. Connection to an improper supply voltage may damage the instrument or AC adapter and pres- ent an electrical hazard.			
	VA/here the menues is transmission of the method of the second of the second of the second of the second of the			
AUTION	When the power is turned off, do not apply voltage or current to the mea- surement units. Doing so may damage the measurement units.			
NOTE	 After use, always turn OFF the power. Brief power interruptions of 40 ms or less will not cause this instrument and measurement units to malfunction. However, Longer interruptions may cause the instrument to shut itself off, so consider local power con- ditions before installing, as appropriate. To ensure that recording is not interrupted by power outages, you can use the Z1008 AC Adapter and Z1007 Battery Pack together. 			

Using the Battery Pack

If handled or used improperly, the battery pack may leak, become excessively hot, catch on fire, crack, or suffer other damage. Please observe the following precautions.

▲ DANGER • Use the Z1007 Battery Pack with the instrument and measurement units. Use of other battery packs may damage the device or cause an accident. Hioki is not liable for such damage.

See: "2.1 Using the Battery Pack (Option)" (p. 41)

- Do not attempt to disassemble or modify the battery pack. The battery pack incorporates safety mechanisms and protective devices to prevent dangerous operation. If these are damaged, the battery pack may leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.
- Do not connect the battery pack's positive and negative terminals with wire or other metallic objects. Do not carry or store the battery pack together with metal necklaces, hairpins, or other metal objects. Doing so may short the battery pack, causing an excessively large current to flow; the battery to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire; or the wire, necklace, hairpin, or other metal object to become excessively hot.
- Do not submerge the battery pack in water or heat it. Doing so may melt the insulation, damage the gas release valve or other safety devices, cause the electrolyte to ignite, or cause the battery to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.
- Do not use or leave the battery pack near a flame or heater or in any other hot location (80°C or hotter). If the resin separator becomes damaged by heat, the battery may experience an internal short, causing it to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.
- Do not place the battery pack in, or expose it to, water, seawater, or any other liquid. Damage to safety devices in the battery pack may allow the battery to charge at an abnormal current or voltage, causing an abnormal chemical reaction inside the battery pack and causing it to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.
- Do not pierce the battery pack with wire, strike it with a hammer, or step on it. Doing so may damage or deform the battery pack so that internal components are shorted, causing it to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.

1 DANGER

 Do not subject the battery pack to strong mechanical shock or throw it. Doing so may cause it to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire. Damage to safety devices in the battery pack may allow the battery to charge at an abnormal current or voltage, causing an abnormal chemical reaction inside the battery pack and causing it to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.

- Do not use battery packs that have suffered external damage or become deformed in shape due to having been dropped or for other reasons. Doing so may cause the battery pack to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.
- Do not solder directly to the battery pack. The resulting heat may melt the insulation, damage the gas release valve or other safety devices, cause the electrolyte to ignite, or cause the battery to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.
- Using this battery pack in devices other than those designated by Hioki may degrade its performance or service life, and some devices may trigger an abnormal current flow or damage the battery pack, causing it to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.
- If you get fluid that has leaked from the battery pack in your eyes, avoid rubbing them and immediately flush with a large volume of tap water or other clean water. Seek immediate medical attention.
 Failure to do so may cause permanent vision damage.

MARNING

 If the battery pack fails to charge fully even though the normal charge time has elapsed, unplug the AC adapter from the instrument or measurement unit to stop charging. Failure to do so may cause the battery pack to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.

- Do not place the battery pack on top of an electromagnetic range or inside a microwave oven or pressure cooker. Doing so may heat the battery pack rapidly or break its airtight seal, causing it to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.
- If the battery pack starts to leak or emit an unusual odor, move it away from fire immediately. Failure to do so may ignite the leaked electrolyte and cause the battery pack to generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.
- If you notice the battery pack emitting an unusual odor, changing color, becoming deformed in shape, or otherwise exhibiting a different appearance than usual while it is being used, charged, or stored, immediately halt use and contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller. Continued use may cause the battery pack to leak, become excessively hot, generate smoke, crack, or catch on fire.

- ▲ CAUTION
 Do not use or leave the battery pack in a hot location, for example in a place that is exposed to strong, direct sunlight or inside a closed vehicle on a hot summer day. Doing so may cause it to leak, become excessively hot, or generate smoke. It may also degrade the battery pack's performance or service life.
 - If the battery leaks onto your skin or clothing, immediately rinse with a large volume of tap water or other clean water. Failure to do so may result in a skin rash.
 - If you notice rust, an unusual odor, excessive heat, or any other abnormal state upon using the battery for the first time after purchase, stop use and contact your HIOKI distributor.
 - Check the battery pack's positive and negative terminals and connect them properly to the instrument or measurement unit.
 - Always charge the battery before using it for the first time after purchase or after it has been stored for an extended period of time.
 - Keep the ambient temperature between 5°C and 35°C while charging the battery pack. When charging at low temperatures near 5°C, the battery pack will hold less charge than when charged at 23°C. The lower the temperature, the shorter the time the battery pack will power the device.
 - The battery pack's service life (defined as the ability to retain 70% or more of its initial capacity) is approximately 300 charge/discharge cycles. (Service life varies with the method of storage and operating environment.)
 - When storing for an extended period of time, remove the battery pack from the instrument or measurement unit and store in a cool place (about 20°C). Charge the battery pack for approximately 30 minutes once every year in an instrument or measurement unit.
 - The battery pack is a consumable. Degraded operating times following proper charging indicate that the battery pack has reached the end of its service life. Replace it with a new battery pack.

When transporting the Z1007 Battery Pack on an aircraft

- The Z1007 Battery Pack uses a rechargeable lithium-ion battery.
- Transport of lithium-ion batteries on aircraft is subject to restrictions based on UN recommendations.
- Before repairing or calibrating devices that use the Z1007 Battery Pack or transporting them on an aircraft, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

NOTE

Using the AC Adapter				
∕ ∰WARNING	 Use only the supplied Model Z1008 AC Adapter. AC adapter input voltage range is 100 to 240 VAC (with ±10% stability) at 50/60 Hz. To avoid electrical hazards and damage to the instrument and measurement units, do not apply voltage outside of this range. When connecting the AC adapter to the instrument, a measurement unit, or a power outlet, always turn off the instrument and measurement unit first. To avoid electrical accidents and to maintain the safety specifications of this instrument and measurement units, connect the supplied power cord only to a 3-contact (two-conductor + ground) outlet. 			
NOTE	Turn off the power before disconnecting the AC adapter.			

Handling of temperature and humidity sensor

- ▲ CAUTION Model Z2000 Humidity Sensor and Model Z2010/Z2011 Humidity Sensor are not dustproof or waterproof. Do not use the sensor in locations where it may be exposed to dust or water. It may cause a malfunction of the instrument.
 - NOTE
 Sensor sensitivity and precision will degrade over time, even under normal operating conditions. To maintain the instrument's ability to make measurements that conform to the accuracy specifications, it is recommended to replace the temperature and humidity sensor with a new unit once it has been used for one year after being opened.
 - When the sensor is used outside the specified operating (storage) environment, the sensor accuracy may deteriorate even within the 1 year accuracy warranty period and accurate measurement cannot be performed.
 - In principle, the surface of the instrument's temperature and humidity sensor may become contaminated if exposed to an environment containing organic gases (ketone, acetone, ethanol, toluene, etc.), increasing the error component of humidity measurement.
 - Do not expose the temperature and humidity sensor to any concentrated chemical solvent for an extended period of time while it is used or stored.
 - The sensor may become contaminated by organic gases released from some types of vinyl chloride and packaging material.
 - When the temperature and humidity sensor is not used, place it with a drying agent in a plastic bag, seal the bag completely, and store it in a cool, dark place.
 - Do not allow any condensation to form. Condensation can form particularly in any environment where the temperature changes drastically.
 - This instrument does not come with a guarantee against any problem when the sensor is used outside the specified operating (storage) environment.
 - Change in humidity (lower to higher, or higher to lower) affects measured humidity values due to hysteresis. For the Z2000 Humidity Sensor, an arithmetic difference of about 3%RH will arise; for the Z2010/Z2011 Humidity Sensor, an arithmetic difference of ±1%RH or narrower will arise.

Connection Precautions

When connecting measurement cables to a Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit or Wireless Universal Unit

Anger 🕂	Do not leave the Unit connected to test objects in environments where a voltage surge might exceed the dielectric withstand voltage. Doing so could result in damage to the measurement units, bodily injury or fatal accident.				
A WARNING	 To avoid electric shock or a short-circuit accident, disconnect power to the measurement line before turning on the measurement unit. 				
	 To avoid shock and short circuits, turn off all power before con- necting measurement cables. 				
	 Do not connect a cable to the measurement units while it is con- nected to the object to be measured. Otherwise, an electric shock accident may occur. 				
	 To avoid short-circuit accidents, make certain that connections are secure. 				
	• To avoid electric shock and short-circuit accidents, always close the analog input terminal cover and tighten the screws.				
	 To avoid electric shock, use the recommended wire type to connect to the current input terminals, or otherwise ensure that the wire used has sufficient current handling capacity and insulation. 				
	• Measurement units are not drip-proof and should be installed so that water or other liquids cannot flow down measurement cables and enter the unit enclosure via the terminal block. One way to do so is to orient the unit so that the measurement cables are lower than the unit.				

WARNING

- The following table lists the analog input terminals' maximum input voltage, input-to-ground maximum rated voltage, and channel-tochannel maximum rated voltage for each unit. To avoid electric shock accidents and damage to the instrument and measurement units, do not exceed these voltages.
 - Channels are insulated by semiconductor relays. When a voltage beyond the specification is applied between the channels, the semiconductor relay may short circuit. Please ensure that a voltage beyond specification, especially a surge such as a lightning, is never applied. When an abnormal measurement value is observed, please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller for inspection.

Input and Output	Maximum	Maximum rated	Max. Inter-Channel
Terminals	Input Voltage	voltage to earth	Voltage
Analog Input Terminals (both Voltage/ Temp Unit, and Universal Unit)	±100 VDC	300 V AC,DC	300 VDC, However, channels are not isolated when using resis- tance thermometer sensors and during resistance or humid- ity measurement.

NOTE

- When connecting a measurement cable of 3 m or more in length, the cable may experience external noise or other EMC effects.
- Route measurement leads and cables as far away as possible from power and earth lines.
- Measurement values may be scattered if the leads are routed in parallel with other devices. If they must be parallel, check operation before taking measurements.

When connecting to the instrument's alarm output terminals or external control terminal

WARNING

- To avoid electric shock or damage to the instrument, always observe the following precautions when connecting to alarm output terminals and External Control Terminals.
- Always turn off the power to the instrument and to any devices to be connected before making connections.
- Ensure that devices and systems to be connected to the External Control Terminals are properly isolated.
- Be careful to avoid exceeding the ratings of External Control Terminals.

Input and Output	Maximum	Maximum rated	Max. Inter-Channel
Terminals	Input Voltage	voltage to earth	Voltage
Alarm Output Terminals	-	Non-Isolated (instrument/GND Common)	Non-Isolated (instrument/GND Common)
External Trigger (EXT.TRIG) Terminal	0 to 10 VDC	Non-Isolated (instrument/GND Common)	-
Trigger Output (TRIG.OUT) Terminal	-	Non-Isolated (instrument/GND Common)	-

- Never apply voltage to the Alarm output terminals and TRIG OUT terminals. The instrument will be damaged.
- The grounds for the Alarm output, EXT TRG and TRIG OUT terminals are common with the instrument grounds (GND), and are not isolated. To avoid damaging the instrument, connect wiring so as to avoid any potential difference between the grounds of the Alarm output, EXT TRIG and TRIG OUT terminals and connected devices (or system).

Using a SD memory card/USB flash drive

• Store SD memory cards and USB flash drives out of reach of children to prevent accidental ingestion.

• Do not modify, disassemble, or repair SD memory cards or USB flash drives. Doing so may result in fire, electric shock, or injury.

 Inserting a SD memory card/USB flash drive upside down, backwards or in the wrong direction may damage the SD memory card, USB flash drive, or instrument.

- Never eject a SD memory card/USB flash drive while measuring or when the instrument is accessing the card. Data on the SD memory card/USB flash drive may be destroyed. (The SD icon/USB flash drive icon at the lower left is red while the card is being accessed.)
- Do not transport the instrument while a USB flash drive is connected. Damage could result.
- As the SD memory card/USB flash drive is sensitive to static electricity, damage to the SD memory card/USB flash drive or wrong operations by the instrument may occur due to static electricity. Please be careful when handling it.
- With some USB flash drives, the instrument may not start up if power is turned on while the USB flash drive is inserted. In such a case, turn power on first, and then insert the USB flash drive. It is recommended to try out operation with a USB flash drive before starting to use it for actual measurements.
- Use USB flash drives within the specified temperature and humidity range.
- Using SD memory cards or USB flash drives while there is moisture on their terminals may result in fire or electric shock.
- Do not apply labels or other adhesives to SD memory cards. Doing so may cause them to become excessively hot or catch on fire.

- NOTE
 The Flash memory in a SD memory card/USB flash drive has a limited operating life. After long-term usage, data storage and retrieval become difficult. In this case, replace the SD memory card/USB flash drive with a new one.
 - We cannot provide compensation for data loss in a SD memory card/ USB flash drive, regardless of content or cause of the damage. Data is also cleared from memory if a long time passes after measuring. Always maintain a backup of important data stored on a SD memory card/USB flash drive.
 - Format new SD memory cards and USB flash drives before use.
 - · Format SD memory cards and USB flash drives with the instrument.
 - Formatting an SD memory card or USB flash drive on a computer may cause automatic saving of data to take more time or prevent real-time saving from keeping pace with data recording.
 - Verify that the SD memory card is not write-protected before inserting it into the instrument.
 - Although data can be saved in real time on a USB flash drive, it is recommended to use an SD memory card in order to ensure data integrity.
 Proper operation is not guaranteed for media other than the included (or an optional) genuine Hioki SD memory card.
 - Adhere to the following precautions to prevent internal data from being damaged or lost:

Do not touch terminals or contact surfaces directly or with metal.

Do not cause the instrument to vibrate, subject it to mechanical shock, or turn it off while writing or reading data.

Before initializing an SD memory card or USB flash drive, verify that it does not contain any necessary data (files).

Do not bend SD memory cards or USB flash drives, subject them to excessive force or shock, or drop them.

CD Handling

ACAUTION

- Exercise care to keep the recorded side of discs free of dirt and scratches. When writing text on a disc's label, use a pen or marker with a soft tip.
 - Keep discs inside a protective case and do not expose to direct sunlight, high temperature, or high humidity.
 - Hioki is not liable for any issues your computer system experiences in the course of using this disc.

Overview

1.1

Chapter 1

Product Overview and Features

The LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station allows the collection and observation of data transmitted wirelessly from measurement unit and wireless logger that have been placed in remote measurement locations.



1

1.2 Measurement Flow

1. Register measurement units, and wireless loggers with the instrument Each instrument can connect wirelessly to up to seven measurement units, and wireless loggers.

Once a measurement unit and wireless logger has been registered, device registration information will be saved even if the instrument, measurement units, and wireless loggers are turned off (p. 59), unless the unit's registration information is initialized(p. 203) or the unit is deleted(p. 58).

(1) Place the measurement unit and wireless logger close to the instrument (in a location where there are no obstructions to wireless communications).





(3) Turn on both the instrument and the measurement unit. (The wireless logger will turn on automatically once the AC adapter is connected or batteries are installed.)

Instrument/ Measurement unit

 (4) Register the measurement unit and wireless logger. (p. 55) (If there are no registered units when the instrument is powered on, [QUICK SET]-[Unit Guide] will be displayed initially. For more information about the [Unit Guide], see the Measurement Guide.)



2. Prepare for measurement (installation and wiring).

(1) Insert the SD memory card (included) into the instrument.



(2) Attach the fixed stand (optional feature) and mounting bracket (included)

Instrument :Use the Z1009 Fixed Stand to place the instrument at an angle on a table or desk or mount it on a wall. (For more information about how to attach the Z1009, see the instruction manual that came with the Z1009.)

Measurement unit : Use the mounting bracket (included) to mount the measurement unit on the wall.

Attaching and Mounting the Bracket

- Using the included M3 × 4 mm screws, attach the bracket to the measurement unit. (Use M3 × 4 mm screws. If you use screws longer than 4 mm, they may damage the measurement unit by pushing against it.)
- **2** Mount the bracket on the wall with two M4 screws. (Screws for mounting the bracket on the wall are not included. Use appropriate commercially available screws. It is recommended to use screws that are at least 8 mm in length.)



(3) Install the measurement unit in the measurement location (check the LED display). 0000000

Check the unit No. LED.

Flashing: The communications state is poor.

Move the measurement unit closer or remove obstructions to communications

Off: No connection has been established.

Move the measurement unit closer or remove obstructions to communications and then check the connection again.

Position the wireless logger in the measurement location (check the screen display).

Check the Bluetooth and antenna icons. (Bluetooth icon) Displayed : The unit can communicate with the instrument. Not displayed : The unit cannot communicate with the instrument. Press the power key once quickly to display the Bluetooth icon. Power key



Wireless logger

Measurement unit

000

(Antenna icon)

Signal strength is indicated using a three-bar display. If possible, position the wireless logger so that all three antenna bars are shown.



3. Set the measurement conditions.(p. 68)



Configure Recording Settings (p. 68)

Configure Input Channels (p. 72)

Open the

setting

Voltage

Select

Ratio Unit V

ſ.Н

 $(\bigcirc$

Move to a

setting



- Set the data acquisition (recording) interval ([Interval]), and recording length ([Record time]).
- 2 Enable auto saving of measured data to removable storage (SD memory card or USB flash drive) (p. 163).

Data stored in internal buffer memory is lost about 30 minutes after power-off. It is recommended to have the instrument automatically save important data to the included SD memory card or an optional SD memory card. (Data can also be automatically saved to a USB memory stick.)



Select input channels, and set input types and measurement ranges.

Make other settings as needed.

- Waveform Display (p. 91)
- Scaling (p. 95)
- Titles and Comments (p. 98)
- Noise Suppression (p. 100)
- View/Edit All-Channel Settings List (p. 101)

Pre-existing setting configuration data can be loaded from the instrument or removable storage (p. 171).

Nff

•£

Apply
4. Correct for input unit divergence. (Zero Adjustment)(p. 63)

5. Starting and Stopping Measurement (p. 36)

Press the START / STOP



When measuring (recording) using the trigger function (p. 127), measuring occurs only when an input waveform satisfies the specified trigger criteria.

6. Observing Data

View Measurement Data (p. 111)	Waveforms can be zoomed and numeri- cal values confirmed.
Save Data (p. 159)	Measurement data, waveform data, screen images and numerical calcula- tion results can be saved.
Calculate (p. 183)	Numerical measurement data can be applied to calculations.
View on a PC (p. 234)	Observe measurement data with the supplied Logger Utility program.

7. When Finished

Turn the instrument, measurement units, and wireless loggers Off (p. 54)



1.3 Names and Functions of Parts, Screen Configurations

1.3 Names and Functions of Parts, Screen Configurations

Wireless Logging Station



Serial No.

Shows the serial number. The serial number consists of 9 digits. The first two (from the left) indicate the year of manufacture, and the next two indicate the month of manufacture. Do not remove this label, as it is required for product support.

Operating Keys/LED

Instrument status

Warning(Alarm)

Lights up when any of the four alarm channels satisfies the alarm conditions.

POWER

Lights when powered on (p. 54).

CHARGE

Lights while charging the Z1007 Battery Pack (p. 42).

Choose a screen ■ WAVE/DATA

Selects among Waveform/Numerical screen displays (p. 34).

SET

Displays the Settings screens, and switches among the screen tabs with each press (p. 34).

FILE

Displays file information(p. 33).

Scroll waveforms and read cursor values

SCROLL/CURSOR

Select waveform scrolling or A/B cursor movement.

Left and Right Cursor keys

Scroll waveforms and move A/B cursors (p. 35).

Saving operations

Press to save data manually (p. 162).



Stop measurement

Setup and display ■ UNIT

Switches input units.

■ CHAN

Select channels.

MONITOR

Shows the current input waveform and numerical values (Data is not captured to the instrument's internal buffer memory or external media [SD memory card or USB memory stick].)

QUICK SET

Switches to the Configuration Navigator.

ESC

Cancels the operation.

Cursor keys

Moves the position of the cursor (blinking selection) on the screen.

■ ENTER

Accepts displayed settings.



Start measurement

Start and stop measurement. The LED at the left lights green while measuring (p. 36).

Press while measuring to insert event markers in the measurement data. (p. 121)



1.3 Names and Functions of Parts, Screen Configurations

UNIT

Front Panel

Unit No.

The LED for the registered unit number will light up. If the communications status is poor, the LED will flash.





AC ADAPTER

Lights up when power is being supplied from the AC adapter or another external source.

BATT

Lights up when power is being supplied from the Z1007 Battery Pack.

CHARGE

Lights up when the Z1007 Battery Pack is being charged.

Rear Panel

Wireless certification number (c) (c) \odot 0 0 00 ØÒ MADE IN JAPAN

Warning

Battery Compartment(p. 41)

The optional Model Z1007 Battery Pack is installed here.

Environmental protection use period(EPUP) label

Right Side

Serial No.-

Shows the serial number. The serial number consists of 9 digits. The first two (from the left) indicate the year of manufacture, and the next two indicate the month of manufacture.

Do not remove this label, as it is required for product support.



29

1.3 Names and Functions of Parts, Screen Configurations

Measurement Units

The instrument is used with the following two types of measurement units.

For more information about measurement units, see "12.2 LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit Specifications" (p. 286) and "12.3 LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit Specifications" (p. 292).

NOTE

Up to seven units can be connected wirelessly to one Wireless Logging Station.

LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit

Measures voltage as well as temperature using a thermocouple.(p. 46)



Measurement Parameter

- Voltage
- Temperature (thermocouple)

M3 screw terminal block Input channels: 15

LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit

Measures voltage, temperature using a thermocouple, temperature using a resistance temperature detector, resistance, and humidity using the Z2000 Humidity Sensor.(p. 46)



- Measurement Parameter
- Voltage
- Temperature (thermocouple or resistance temperature detector)
- Resistance
- Humidity (using Hioki Z2000 Humidity Sensor)

Push-button terminal block Input channels: 15

Wireless logger

For more information about part names and functionality, see the wireless logger's User Manual.

Types of wireless logger

The wireless logger is available in the five types shown below. For more information about wireless logger specifications, see each model's User Manual.

NOTE Each wireless logging station can accommodate up to seven wireless connections.

LR8512 Wireless Pulse Logger

The LR8512 provides pulse measurement, RPM measurement, and logic measurement capability.



Measurement Parameter

- Pulse
- RPM

Connection terminal Connection cable: L1010 No. of input channels:2

LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger

The LR8513 provides current measurement capability using clamp sensors.



Measurement Parameter

Current

Connection terminal Clamp Sensors: 9657-10,9669,9675*,9695-02, CT6500,CT7044,CT7045,CT7046, CT7631,CT7636,CT7642,CT7731, CT7736,CT7742,CT9667,CT9691-90, CT9692-90,CT9693-90 No. of input channels:2

LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger

The LR8514 provides temperature and humidity measurement.



Measurement Parameter

- Temperature
- Humidity

Connection terminal External temperature/humidity sensor: Z2010/Z2011 Humidity Sensor No. of input channels: 2 (2 temperature channels + 2 humidity channels)

LR8515 Wireless Voltage/Temp Logger

The LR8515 provides voltage measurement and thermocouple-based temperature measurement.



- Measurement Parameter
- Voltege
- Temperature(thermocouple)

M3 screw-down terminal block No. of input channels: 2

LR8520 Wireless Fungal Logger

In addition to performing temperature and humidity measurement, the LR8520 can record fungal index and fungal growth projection data.



Measurement Parameter

- Temperature
- Humidity

- Fungal index
- (Computed from temperature and humidity)
- Fungal growth projection (Project fungal growth from fungal index)

Connection terminal External temperature/humidity sensor: Z2010/Z2011 Humidity Sensor No. of input channels:1 (1 temperature channels + 1 humidity channels)

- Output terminal No. of alarm outputs:1
- Connection Cable:L1010







wireless loggers.

You can also edit each unit's ID name.

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8- 2 🗸 🔼									
3- 3 🗹 📃									
3- 4 🗸 🗖									
3- 5 🗹 📃									
3- 6 🗸 📕									
3- 7 🗹 🗖									
3- 8 🖌 🗾									
3-10 🗸 📕									
3-11 🗹 🔲									
3-12 🗸 🔲									
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3-15 🗸 🔲									
<mark>88</mark> 425 34 6/1.98	essano esse Inputu		ama e.uz n be se			×	NR (4151612	13-00-00	11 10 56 🗸
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Make settings while viewing all channel settings (p. 101).

F

(p. 68).Set numerical calculation, auto-saving and reservation.

viewing the monitor display (p. 72).

		Conversion	Conversio	m Set 2	
	M Dec Ratin				
- 2					
1					
	V Dec Ratio				
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- 7 🗸 🗖					
111					
1-12					
1-1 🗸 🔳					
1-14 🗸 🔳					
1-15 🗸 🔲	V Dec 2-pt				

[Conv/Calc] Screen

Make these settings to convert measured values to arbitrary units and warning sounds can be set for display (p. 101).

[Trig & Alm] Screen Recording criteria (triggering) for each channel (p. 127).

cursor keys to select between the Settings

screens.

1.4 Basic Operation

Screen Operations

(changing settings, scrolling waveforms, and displaying values)



Starting and Stopping Measurement

Start measuring (acquiring measurement data) as follows.

When Auto saving is enabled, data is recorded to the specified removable storage (SD memory card or USB flash drive) as it is being recorded to internal buffer memory.

Start Measurement



Press START. (The green LED lights.)

Important

If [Start/Stop message] is enabled on the System screen, the Start confirmation message appears. Select [Yes] to start measurement.

When restarting measurement after stopping, data in the instrument's internal memory is overwritten. Be sure to save important data to removable storage before restarting measurement.

Finish Measurement



When [Re	peat] (recor	d multiple	ins	stances of	the sp	ecified	
recording	length) is	enabled	or	[Record	time]	set to	[Cont]
(record co	ontinuously)):					

Pressing STOP stops measuring.

When [Repeat] is disabled (Off) or [Record time] set to [Time] :

Measuring stops after the specified recording length.

(If [Start/Stop message] is enabled on the System screen, the Stop confirmation message appears when you press STOP during measurement. Pressing STOP during recording displays a confirmation message. Select [Yes] to stop measuring.)

For details about repeating and continuous recording: See: "Recording time specification(Record time specification)"(p .69), "Repeat Recording (Repeat)"(p .69)

- NOTE To automatically save measurement data, confirm the following before starting:
 - Auto saving is properly set (p. 163)
 - The removable storage is properly inserted (p. 60)
 - There is sufficient free space on the removable storage (p. A14)



See: About Continuous and Repeating Recording: (p. 68)



About Dead time

When repeating recording is enabled ([Repeat] set to [On])

After a recording length has elapsed, some "dead time" is needed for internal processing before recording can resume. No measurement occurs during the dead time. So to avoid information loss, split data into files at a specified interval by enabling continuous recording ([Cont]), and selecting [Split Save] for auto saving.



NOTE Measurement operation depends on whether the trigger or Reservation function is used (p. 139).

Disabling Key Operations (Key-Lock Function)

Keys can be disabled to avoid inadvertent operations.



Press and hold the ESC key for three seconds to lock the other keys, and repeat to unlock.

Performing Zero Adjustment

With the Waveform/Numerical or [CH] screen displayed, press the up and down cursor keys simultaneously.

See: "From the [Waveform/Numerical] screen or the [CH] screen"(p.63)



- Select zero-adjustment on the bottom right of the Waveform/Numerical screen -[Gauge+Wave] screen.
- See: "From the [Gauge+Wave] screen"(p .64)



- Select zero-adjustment on the Setting screen [List] screen.
- See: "From the [List] screen"(p .65)

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8- 2 🗸 📘					
3= 3 🔽 🗖					
3- 4 🗸 🗖					
3- 5 🔽 🗖					
3- 6 🗸 🗖					
3- 7 🗹 🗖					
3- 8 🗸 🗖					
3 - 9 🗹 🗖					
3-10 🗸 🗖					
3-11 🗹 🗖					
3-12 🗸 🗖					
3-13 🖌 🗖					
3-14 🗸 📰					
3-15 🗸 🗖					

Saving Data

Measurement data, settings, screen images and numerical calculation results can be saved.

For details of the saving methods, see "Chapter 6 Saving & Loading Data" (p. 159).

(Default settings)

Saving Method: [Select & Save] (Press SAVE to select and save data.)



Confirming Inputs (Monitor)

You can confirm the status of inputs and display ranges with the current settings (data is not acquired to internal buffer memory).

This function is convenient for checking measured values before activating real-time saving(Auto saving).



NOTE

- The monitor function is not available while measuring.
- To display instantaneous values while the instrument is measuring, first press **WAVE/DATA** to switch to the **[Wave+Value]** display, then start measurement.
- Depending on the scaling setting, channels requiring more than 14 characters to display the measured value and unit symbols may be displayed in smaller characters.

Measurement Preparations

Chapter 2

2.1 Using the Battery Pack (Option)

When not connecting the AC adapter to supply commercial power to the instrument or measurement unit, either device can operate on the optional Z1007 Battery Pack alone. When using commercial power, the battery pack can be used as a backup power supply in case of a power outage.

Charge the battery pack fully before using it the first time.

Be sure to read "Using the Battery Pack" (p .10) before installing.

Install the Battery Pack

Required items: phillips screwdriver (No.2), Hioki Z1007 Battery Pack

Instrument

- 1 **Turn off the instrument.** (Disconnect the AC adapter and cables, if connected.)
- 2 On the back of the instrument, loosen the screws affixing the battery compartment cover, and remove it.



3 Insert the Z1007 Battery Pack vertically and slide into place toward the pins.



Tighten the screws in the compartment cover.

Measurement units

- **1** Turn off the measurement unit. (Disconnect the AC adapter and cables, if connected.)
- 2 On the back of the measurement unit, loosen the screws affixing the battery compartment cover, and remove it.

Insert the Z1007 Battery Pack vertically and slide into place toward the pins.



Charge the Battery Pack

An attached battery pack can be charged whenever the instrument or measurement unit is connected to commercial power using the Z1008 AC Adapter, regardless of whether the instrument or unit is turned on. (p. 44)

Instrument



Measurement unit



Battery pack continuous operating times

Instrument:

The continuous operating time when powered by the battery pack alone is approximately three hours (after being fully charged, with 25% backlight brightness, reference value at 23° C).

See: "Adjust Backlight Brightness" (p .198)

Measurement units:

Longer continuous operating times can be achieved on battery pack power if a longer recording interval is used. The continuous operating time when powered by the battery pack alone is approximately 24 hours (after being fully charged, recording interval of 100 ms, reference value at 23°C) or approximately 120 hours (after being fully charged, recording interval of 1 min, reference value at 23°C).

- Displaying the monitor screen or channel configuration screen will use the same amount of battery power as measurement (even if measurement has not been started), because those screens cause the instrument to communicate with measurement units.
 - · Operating times will shorten as the temperature falls.

When to charge

Instrument:

When powering the instrument from the battery pack without the Model Z1008 AC Adapter, the low battery indicator () is displayed when the battery is almost out of power, indicating that the battery pack requires charging.

The battery will be completely out of power approximately 10 minutes after the instrument's battery icon changes to () (after being fully charged, with 2 measurement units connected, while saving waveform data to the SD memory card [in real time], with 70% backlight brightness, with the backlight saver off, reference value at 23°C).

Measurement units:

When powering the instrument from the battery pack without the Model Z1008 AC Adapter, the battery LED (BATT) will change from being lit up to flashing when the battery is almost out of power.

The battery will be completely out of power approximately 1 hour (with a recording interval of 100 ms) or 10 hours (with a recording interval of 1 min) after the unit's battery LED starts flashing (after starting measurement with the battery fully charged, reference values at 23° C).

Approximate charging time(Instrument and measurement units):

Charge time: Approx. 7 hours (when charging a battery pack with little power left)

- For reasons involving the battery pack's characteristics, the displayed remaining battery life will differ from the actual amount of remaining battery power depending on the settings in use, operating temperature, and number of battery charge cycles.
 - When charged at low temperatures near 5°C, the battery pack will not charge as fully as when it is charged at 23°C.

2.2 Connecting the AC Adapter



Connect the included Z1008 AC Adapter and power cord to the instrument and measurement units and plug the cord into a wall outlet. When used with the battery pack installed, the battery serves as an operating backup supply in case of power failure, and the AC adapter otherwise has priority.

Before connecting, be sure to read "Using the AC Adapter" (p .13) and "Handling the Cords and Cables" (p .9).

- Connect the output plug to the instrument or measurement units before plugging the power cord into an outlet. Connecting an energized output plug to the instrument could damage the instrument.
- When connecting an external power supply, connect the output plug to the instrument or measurement units before activating the external power supply.



NOTE For more information about how to connect the AC adapter to the wireless logger or install its batteries, see the wireless logger's User Manual.

2.3 Making Connections

Pre-Connection Inspection

Before using the instrument and measurement units the first time, verify that it operates normally to ensure that no damage occurred during storage or shipping. If you find any damage, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.



Before connecting, be sure to read "Before Use" (p .8), "Handling the Cords and Cables" (p .9), and "Connection Precautions" (p .15).

For more information about how to connect the wireless logger and clamp sensor connection cables, see the wireless logger's User Manual.

Chapter 2 Measurement Preparations



If connecting crimped terminals to the analog input terminals, use insulated terminals

NOTE

range ordering, which can prevent accurate measurement within the range of 250°C to 600°C. Please choose a sensor after checking with the manufacturer of the

Please choose a sensor after checking with the manufacturer of the thermocouple you intend to use.

<Connecting to the terminals of the Wireless Universal Unit>

Required items: phillips screwdriver (No.2), flat-blade screwdriver (tip width 2.6 mm), measurement leads (for voltage measurement), or thermocouple (for temperature measurement)

Recommended wire diameter:

Single strand diameter: ϕ 0.4 mm - ϕ 1.2 mm (AWG26-16) Multi-strand: 0.2 mm² - 0.75 mm² (AWG24-20) Standard insulation stripping length: 8 mm



Release the button. The cable is locked.

- 5 Connect to the measurement object.
- Replace the terminal block cover, and tighten the screws.

Tighten the terminal block cover screws to 0.6 N m or less.

Temperature Measurement with a Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD)

<Connecting to the terminals of the Wireless Universal Unit>

Required items: phillips screwdriver (No.2), flat-blade screwdriver (tip width 2.6 mm), RTD

Recommended wire diameter:

Single strand diameter: ϕ 0.4 mm - ϕ 1.2 mm (AWG26-16) Multi-strand: 0.2 mm² - 0.75 mm² (AWG24-20) Standard insulation stripping length: 8 mm





2 Push in the button on the connector with a flatblade screwdriver.



The insulation colors of wires, which are to be connected to the plus and minus terminals, differ depending on countries or manufactures. Check with the manufacturer on the colors and connect them according to instructions.

- **3** With the button held in, insert the cable into the cable connection hole.
- 4 Release the button. The cable is locked.
- 5 Connect to the measurement object.

6 Replace the terminal block cover, and tighten the screws.

3-wire configuration



4-wire configuration



2

Humidity Measurement

<Connecting to the terminals of the Wireless Universal Unit>

Required items: phillips screwdriver (No.2), flat-blade screwdriver (tip width 2.6 mm), Hioki Z2000 Humidity Sensor



NOTE The instrument can supply power to up to 60 pieces of Model Z2000 Humidity Sensor at once. If the required number of sensors cannot be connected to the power-

supply terminals for humidity sensors, use external terminal blocks to connect the sensors.



Resistance Measurement

Connecting Alarm Outputs

< Connecting to the external control terminals >

See: "9.3 Alarm Signal Output (Alarm Output)" (p. 207)

Required items: flat-blade screwdriver (tip width 2.6 mm) (to connect wires to the pushbutton type terminal block on the top of the instrument), measurement leads

Recommended wire diameter:

Single strand diameter: ϕ 0.32 mm - ϕ 0.65mm (AWG28-AWG22) Multi-strand: 0.08 mm² - 0.32 mm² (AWG28-AWG22) Strand diameter: 0.12 mm or greater Standard insulation stripping length: 9 mm - 10mm



External Control (using TRIG OUT and EXT TRIG)

< Connecting to the external control terminals >

See: "9.1 External Trigger Input" (p. 205)

See: "9.2 External Signal Output (Trigger Output)" (p. 206)

Required items: flat-blade screwdriver (tip width 2.6 mm) (to connect wires to the pushbutton type terminal block on the top of the instrument), measurement leads

Recommended wire diameter:

Single strand diameter: ϕ 0.32 mm - ϕ 0.65mm (AWG28-AWG22) Multi-strand: 0.08 mm² - 0.32 mm² (AWG28-AWG22) Strand diameter: 0.12 mm or greater Standard insulation stripping length: 9 mm - 10mm



2.4 Turning the Power On and Off

Be sure to read "Before Turning Power On" (p .9) before turning power on.





Turn the power switch off.

The installed battery pack is charged whenever the AC adapter is plugged into a power outlet, even when the instrument is off.

2.5 Register measurement units and wireless logger with the instrument

NOTE

- Settings can also be accessed from [QUICK SET] [Unit Guide].
 - If there are no registered measurement units when the instrument starts up, the screen will default to [QUICK SET] [Unit Guide].
 - If there is one or more measurement units when the instrument starts up, the [Unit Guide]. screen will be displayed, and registered units will be connected automatically. (p. 59)

Registering Measurement Units and Wireless Logger



2.5 Register measurement units and wireless logger with the instrument





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2.5 Register measurement units and wireless logger with the instrument





If there are registered units when the instrument starts up

The instrument will connect to registered units one at a time. The connection process may take anywhere from several seconds to several dozens of seconds.

NOTE If the [Add unit] or [Delete unit] screen is displayed, connection processing will not be performed.

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2.6 Inserting a SD Memory Card or USB Flash Drive (when saving data)

60

2.6 Inserting a SD Memory Card or USB Flash Drive (when saving data)

To save and reload the instrument measurement data, use the included or an optional SD memory card (as described below) or an after-market USB flash drive.

Be sure to read "Using a SD memory card/USB flash drive" (p .18) before using removable storage media.

Important Performance specifications cannot be guaranteed when using storage media other than the included or an optional SD memory card.

See "6.4 Data Management" (p. 176) for details about managing data storage in the media.
SD Card Insertion & Removal





Inserting a USB flash drive

Align the USB flash drive connector with the USB port, and insert it all the way in.

Removing a USB flash drive

Pull the USB flash drive out.

Be sure to verify that the instrument is not accessing the card (to save or load data, etc.).

See: To replace removable storage during real-time saving: (p. 166)

Formatting a SD memory card/USB flash drive

The SD memory card or USB flash drive can be formatted by a PC or by the instrument. Format a new SD memory card or USB flash drive before use.

This procedure describes how to format a SD memory card or USB flash drive in the instrument.



NOTE Formatting irretrievably erases all data on the SD memory card/USB flash drive. Always backup important data from the SD memory card/USB flash drive before formatting.

2.7 Compensating for Input Circuit Offset (Zero Adjustment)

This step is only performed when using the LR8510 or LR8511. Zero adjustment corrects for voltage offset at the input terminals, so that the instrument measurements are relative to zero volts. Execute zero adjustment whenever input circuit offset is a concern. Zero adjustment can be performed by means of the following three methods:

- From the [Waveform/Numerical] screen or the [CH] screen(p. 63)
- From the [Gauge+Wave] screen(p. 64)
- From the [List] screen(p. 65)



64 2.7 Compensating for Input Circuit Offset (Zero Adjustment)

NOTE

- Any zero-adjust setting is cleared upon system reset (p. 203). (Zero-adjust values are only cleared for units that are connected. The unit's zero-adjust values are not cleared when unit registration information is initialized.)
- Zero adjustment cannot be performed while measuring.
- Change over time can be minimized by allowing the instrument to warm up for about 30 minutes after turning it on before performing zero adjustment.



From the [List] screen	
1 WAVE/DATA SET FILE Display the [List] screen	
2 Select [0 Adjust].	UNIT Setting Of List Conv/CeldTri8Ale Comment System 1000000 000000000000000000000000000000
3 () Apply Zero adjustment is executed.	3-4 ✓ Voltage 10m/ Pos × 1 50 % 3-5 ✓ Voltage 10m/ Pos × 1 50 % 3-6 ✓ Voltage 10m/ Pos × 1 50 % 3-7 ✓ Voltage 10m/ Pos × 1 50 % 3-9 ✓ Voltage 10m/ Pos × 1 50 % 3-9 ✓ Voltage 10m/ Pos × 1 50 % 3-10 ✓ Voltage 10m/ Pos × 1 50 % 3-11 ✓ Voltage 10m/ Pos × 1 50 % 3-11 ✓ Voltage 10m/ Pos × 1 50 %
	3-13 V Voltage 10+W Pos × 1 59 % 3-14 V Voltage 10+W Pos × 1 59 % 3-15 V Voltage 10+W Pos × 1 59 % III(CS3H5/1960 13.80 MORE (15H5/SSHE 6.33) III(CS3H5/1960 13.80 MORE (15H5/SSHE 6.33) III(CS3H5/1960 13.80 MORE (15H5/SSHE 6.33)

Settings

Chapter 3

3.1 Setting Flow Overview

Configure measurement settings before starting to measure. Select the display method and configure auto saving as needed.

After a measurement setting configuration has been saved (p. 170), you can start measuring immediately after loading the setting configuration data.



3

3.2 Configuring Measurement Settings

Configure measurement settings on the [Setting] screen.

The instrument provides continuous recording and timed recording. You can specify whether to perform repeat recording for each.

NOTE The Setting screen cannot be displayed while measuring.

Start Measurement Stop Measurement				
	Continuous Recording ([Cont])	Press STOP to stop measuring. Otherwise, mea- surement continues until the stop-trigger criteria are met.		
([Repeat]: On) Measurement is performed for the specified amount of time.	Timed recording ([Time])	Measurement is performed for the specified amount of time. Measurement stops when the specified re- cording time has elapsed. Measurement can also be stopped by pressing STOP before the end of the recording time, or the stop-trigger criteria are met.		
*	Repeat Recording	When stopped by a stop trigger or elapsed recording time, measurement automatically restarts. Press STOP to stop measuring.		

Measuring Method	Setting Method
Continuous Recording	Sets the record time to [Cont].
Timed recording	Sets the record time to [Time] . This allows you to set the amount of time for which to record data.
Repeat Recording	Set [Repeat] to On.

Time Setting by Key Operations



Recording Interval (Interval)

Select the data acquisition interval.

Setting options:(* : default setting)

100 ms*, 200 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 20 min, 30 min, 1 h

Repeat Recording (Repeat)

Select whether to automatically start a new measurement after stopping, or to finish after one measurement.



Setting options:(* : default setting)

Off*	Measuring stop after one recording length (time span).
On	When stopped by a stop trigger or after measurement for the specified amount of
	time, measurement automatically restarts. Press STOP to stop measuring.

Recording Time (Record time)

Select whether to measure for a specified time span, or continuously.

Setting options:(* : default setting)

Time	Use when you wish to specify the recording time for measurement.
Cont*	Use when you wish to conduct measurement until the STOP key is pressed or until the strop trigger criteria are satisfied.

Recording time specification(Record time specification)

Set when the record time is set to [Time].

Specify the duration of one recording length (time span).

The maximum setting is limited by the recording capacity of internal buffer memory. The actual limit depends on the selected recording interval and number of channels used for measurements, so the maximum settable time is displayed as the [Max] value (indicated by the red box).



d (0 to 499), h (0 to 23), min (0 to 59), s (0 to 59)

NOTE About the Recording Interval

- Select the data acquisition interval to suit your measurement objectives.
- Note that shorter recording intervals restrict the maximum recording time.
- You can specify values starting at 100 ms without regard to the number of units.
- When the burnout detection setting is on, you can specify values starting at 200 ms.

See:"Chapter 12 Specifications" (p. 275)

 Some waveform peaks may not be displayable with certain interval settings.

For example, when the **[Interval]** is 1 s and the **[Time/DIV]** (time base) is 5 s/DIV.



See: About Horizontal Axis Settings: (p. 94)

• The recording interval cannot be changed while measuring. Stop measurement before setting.

When the record time is set to **[Time]** and **[Repeat]** is on, it may take time to perform internal processing after measurement for the specified amount of time, before measurement can be resumed (dead time). Measurement cannot be performed during this period of time. If you wish to avoid losing any data or segment files at a particular time, set the record time to **[Cont]** and the **[Split Save]** setting to on for automatic saving.

Dead time

Measuring

NOTE Data update interval

Data is updated at the unit's minimum recording interval, regardless of the instrument's recording interval setting.

Unit	Minimum recording interval (data refresh interval)
LR8510	100 ms
LR8511	100 ms
LR8512	100 ms
LR8513	500 ms
LR8514	500 ms
LR8515	100 ms
LR8520	500 ms

If the recording interval setting is shorter than the data update interval, there will be some intervals when the data is not updated. Since the measured value shown at such times will be the same as the value for the last data update, the waveform will take on a stepped appearance.

Example: If the recording interval is set to 100 ms while using the LR8510 and LR8513



3.3 Input Channel Settings

Configure the input channel settings on the [CH] screen.

NOTE The Setting screen cannot be displayed while measuring.

Input channels are as follows. Each channel can provide the following measurements.

- Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit (UNIT1 to UNIT7, each with channels CH1 to CH15)
- Wireless Universal Unit (UNIT1 to UNIT7, each with channels CH1 to CH15)
- Wireless Pulse Logger (UNIT1-7, each with channels CH1-2)
- Wireless Clamp Logger (UNIT1-7, each with channels CH1-2)
- Wireless Humidity (UNIT1-7, each with channels CH1-2)
- Wireless Voltage/Temp Logger (UNIT1-7, each with channels CH1-2)
- Wireless Fungal Logger (UNIT1-7, each with channels CH1 onl)

Application	Channels Used	Reference page
Voltage Measurement	Channels on a Wireless Volt-	(p. 75)
Temperature Measurement (using thermocouples)	age/Temp Unit or Wireless Uni- versal Unit	(p. 76)
Temperature Measurement (using RTDs)		(p. 78)
Humidity Measurement	Channels on a Wireless Univer-	(p. 80)
Resistance Measurement		(p. 81)
Integration Measurement		(p. 82)
RPM measurement	Channels on a Wireless Pulse Logger	(p. 84)
Logic Measurement		(p. 86)
Current Measurement	Channels on a Wireless Clamp Logger	(p. 87)
Temperature Measurement	Wireless Humidity Logger	(p. 79)
Humidity Measurement	Wireless Fungal Logger	(p. 80)
Fungal index	Wireless Fungal Logger	(p. 89)
Fungal growth projection	Winciess i ungai Loggei	(p. 89)

Other than these, measurements with specific criteria and alarm outputs are available. See "Chapter 5 Specifying Criteria for Measurements" (p. 127) for details.

Key Setting Procedure



Unit Switching

(Input channel settings) UNIT1 ••• UNIT7 \rightarrow (alarm output channel settings) ALARM \rightarrow (numerical calculation channel settings) CALC1 \rightarrow CALC2 \rightarrow and return to UNIT1

Channel Switching

(Input channel settings) 1-1 ••• 1-15 \rightarrow 2-1 ••• 2-15 \rightarrow 3-1 ••• 3-15 \rightarrow 4-1 ••• 4-15 \rightarrow 5-1 ••• 5-15 \rightarrow 6-1 ••• 6-15 \rightarrow 7-1 ••• 7-15 (alarm output channel settings) ALM1 ••• ALM4 \rightarrow (waveform calculation channel settings) W1 ••• W30 \rightarrow and return to 1-1

View input status and the display range while making settings on the [CH] screen.

After setting, press **MONITOR** to confirm input status and display ranges (p. 40).

CH			
Monitor Wave UnitWave	t Loov// comment Channel UNITI 1- 1 V	Input Voltage	Range 1 V
0.2 0.1 -0.1 -0.2 -0.1	Upper 0.080V (0.08) Lower-0.080V	Scaling Cond Dec Ratio Ratio 1 Offset 0 Alarm1 Cond Level 1 Level 0.000V (0)	Alarm2
-0.2	(-0.08) Stop Trig. Stop trig on.	Alarm3 Cond Off	Alarm4 Cond Off
880(251/18/1.9 12.9%) 0888(15/16) Eact channel can be	253MB 6.3X) set individually.	M 23456	7 13-88-81 17:43:17 🕒

Level Monitor

Selecting [Wave] causes the scale for the currently selected channel to be displayed. The gauge scale is determined by measurement and display range settings.

Monitoring is not available for disabled (Measurement Off) channels, and those with [X] selected for their color.

Monitor display switching

Allows you to switch the information displayed by the level monitor.

(Settings on left)

[Wave] Displays the waveform.

[Value]

Displays values for the units set on the right side of the screen.

(Settings on right)

Allows you to select which waveform to display if the setting on the left includes any [wave].

[All Wave]

Displays the waveforms for all channels.

[UnitWave]

Displays the waveforms for all channels from the units set on the right side of the screen.

[Ch Wave]

Displays the waveforms for channels set on the right side of the screen.

NOTE Level monitor numerical value refresh rate and waveform horizontal axis span depend on the recording interval and horizontal axis (time base) settings. Therefore, long recording intervals can delay numerical value display refresh by as much as 5 seconds. If you need faster value display refresh, select a shorter recording interval.

If the horizontal axis (time span) is too long, one division of the waveform may not be displayed.

Voltage Measurement Settings

Configure these settings for each voltage measurement channel. **See:** "Key Setting Procedure" (p.73)



When a measured value far exceeds the range limit (range label)

"OVER" or "-OVER" is displayed in place of numerical/cursor values, and the following values are applied to calculations and data storage.

Input type	Input range	+OVER value	-OVER value
	10 mV	0.0163835	-0.016384
	20 mV	0.032767	-0.032768
	50 mv	0.32767	-0.32768
	100 mV	0.163835	-0.16384
	200 mV	0.32767	-0.32768
	500 mv	3.2767	-3.2768
Voltage	1 V	1.6384	-1.6384
vollage	2 V	3.2767	-3.2768
	5 V	32.767	-32.768
	10 V	16.3835	-16.384
	20 V	32.767	-32.768
	50 V	327.67	-327.68
	100 V	163.835	-163.84
	1-5 V	16.3835	-16.384

Instrumentation and Control Device Measurements

- To measure 4-20 mA current, connect a 250 Ω shunt resistor between + and analog input terminals (p. 47).
- Select the [1-5 V] range to measure 4-20 mA instrumentation control signal outputs.
- The [1-5 V] setting automatically selects the [10 V] range with an 5-V upper limit and 1-V lower limit. To change the upper and lower limits, select the [10 V] range.

Use the scaling function to scale measurements to any arbitrary unit value for display (p. 95).

NOTE

Temperature Measurement Settings (using thermocouples)

Follow this procedure to configure thermocouple temperature measurement channels. Make these settings on the [CH] screen.

See:"Key Setting Procedure" (p .73)

	· · · , · · ·				
1 2	Select to (1-1 to 7 Select	he input unit (UNIT1 to 7) and channel 7-15), and check the box to enable the channel [Tc].	∭: On □: Off		
3	Salact	the temperature measurement range.			
`			1 // 2 3		
		pptions:(*: default setting)	Channel Input Range 180°C		
	When LR8510 or LR8511 is used				
		-B thermocouple setting is disabled when the 100°C of	RJC Int - 6		
		ermocouple, first set the range to 2000°C.	Mano Million Alorest 10 100 d		
	When L	R8515 is used			
	1000 °C		Temperature Measurement		
4	Soloott	he type of thermocouple to be used.	Range		
Ξ.		options:(* : default setting)	(Depends on thermocouple type)		
	-	R8510 or LR8511 is used	K -200°C to 1350°C		
		T, N, R, S, B, W	J -200°C to 1200°C		
		R8515 is used			
	K∗, T		E -200°C to 1000°C		
5	Enable	disable burn-out detection.	T -200°C to 400°C		
`	Setting options:(* : default setting)		N -200°C to 1300°C		
		Disable burn-out detection. Normally when the	R 0°C to 1700°C		
	OFF*	thermocouple is disconnected, the value will	S 0°C to 1700°C		
		fluctuate, etc. and will not be stable.	B 400°C to 1800°C		
	ON	Detect burn-out during thermocouple measure-	W 0°C to 2000°C		
		ment. When a burn-out occurs, "BURNOUT" is	• With type B, the display		
		displayed as the numerical, cursor, or calculation	shows 0 to 400°C, but accu-		
		value, and the following values are applied to cal-	racy is not guaranteed.		
		culations and data storage: 327.66, 1638.3, and 3276.6°C for the 100, 500, 1000°Cf.s. and	 The K temperature measure- ment range for the LR8515 is 		
		2000°Cf.s. ranges, respectively. Note that the re-	-200°C to 999.9°C.		
		cording interval setting is limited.			
		See: "About the Recording Interval" (p .70)			
6	Salact	be reference junction componention (PIC)	athod		
	Select the reference junction compensation (RJC) method. Setting options:(* : default setting)				
	Int* Use the instrument's internal compensation.Select this when connecting the thermocouple (or compensating leads) directly to the instrument. Measurement accuracy is the sum of the temperature measurement accuracy and the RJC accuracy.				
	Ext Use an external RJC method instead of the instrument's internal compensation. Use this setting when connecting an external reference junction compensation device (0°C ice water, etc.). The instrument measurement accuracy is equivalent to the temperature measurement accuracy.				

About Burn Out Detection

- When burn out detection is enabled, the instrument detects wiring breaks by outputting a minuscule current every recording interval during thermocouple measurement.?
- Since the detection process uses different timing than measurement, this operation does not affect measured values.
- When using the same recording interval on the LR8510 or LR8511, the cutoff frequency when burn out detection is enabled is higher than when the setting is disabled, reducing noise rejection effectiveness.
- See: "Cut-off frequency" (p .290)
- When measuring the range's positive full-scale temperature, burn out detection may be triggered if
 the thermocouple's resistance value exceeds the applicable value listed below. When you need to
 string a long thermocouple for use with burn out detection enabled, take steps to avoid this phenomenon, for example by using a thick wire diameter.

		Range			
		100 °C f.s.	500 °C f.s.	1000 °C f.s.	2000 °C f.s.
thermo couple	К	310	5400	960	2940
	J	470	4150	_	200
	Е	450	5970	—	570
	Т	270	5440	5820	5440
	Ν	270	1470	_	590
	R	50	1040	—	580
	S	50	120	_	1300
	В	_	_	_	350
	W	220	910	-	250

Unit:: Ω

Reference: When measuring temperature close to the positive full-scale value in the K 100 C range while using a thermocouple with a wire diameter of 0.32 mm, a wiring length of about 25 m or more may trigger burn out detection.

If Thermocouple Measurement Range is Exceeded, or If the Range's Measurement Range Is Greatly Exceeded

- Example: Using a type T thermocouple with range -200 to +400°C When measurements are outside of the range of the thermocouple, the waveform saturates and clings to the top of the screen as shown at the right.
- If the range's measurement range is greatly exceeded, the value display and cursor value will indicate "OVER" or "-OVER," and calculation values and save data will be replaced with a value from the table below.

Input type	Input range	+OVER value	-OVER value
thermocou ple	100°C	327.67	-327.68
	500°C	1638.4	-1638.4
	1000°C 2000°C	3276.7	-3276.8

 When burn out detection is enabled, measurement results that fall outside the thermocouple's measurement range or the range's measurement range may be treated as a burn out event. (p. 76)



3

Temperature Measurement Settings (for RTDs)

Follow this procedure to configure resistance temperature detector (RTD) measurement channels. Make these settings on the **[CH]** screen.

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .73)

1		-	
3	ment ra	<pre>he appropriate temperature measure nge. ptions:(* : default setting)</pre>	0,000 0 2
	100 °C*,	500°C, 2000°C	100°C -100°C to 100°C 500°C -200°C to 500°C
4	Select tl	he type of RTD to be used.	2000°C -200°C to 2000°C
		ptions:(* : default setting)	Temperature measurement limits are determined by the measure-
	Pt100*,	JPt100	ment range selected for each sensor.
5	Select tl	he wiring method.	Temperature Measurement
	Setting of	ptions:(* : default setting)	Ranges (Temperature measurement
	3 Wire*	3-wire RTD connection configuration	range depends on RTD charac-
	4 Wire	4-wire RTD connection configuration	teristics)
			Pt100 -200°C to 800°C
			JPt100 -200°C to 500°C

When the RTD measurement range is exceeded, or when a measured value far exceeds the range limit (range label)

- Example: Using a type Pt100 RTD with range -200 to +800°C When a measured value exceeds the measurement range of the RTD and far exceeds the range limit (range label), the waveform saturates at the top of the screen, as shown at the right.
- When a measured value far exceeds range limit (range label), -200 "OVER" or "-OVER" is displayed in place of numerical/cursor values, and the following values are applied to calculations and data storage. -1000

Input type	Input range	+OVER value	-OVER value
	100°C	327.67	-327.68
RTD	500°C	1638.4	-1638.4
	2000°C	3276.7	-3276.8



Temperature Measurement Settings (When LR8514 or LR8520 is used)

Enable this channel setting for temperature measurement with the LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger, R8520 Wireless Fungal Logger. Make these settings on the [CH] screen.

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .73)

 Select the input unit (UNIT1 to 7) and channel (1-1 to 7-15), and check the box to enable the channel.

The measurement setting applies to the two temperature and humidity inputs for the LR8514 and to the four temperature, humidity, fungal index, and fungal growth projection inputs for the LR8520.



* The range is fixed at [100% f.s.].

2 The input type is fixed to temperature, and the measurement range is fixed to 100°C.

-100°C to 100°C

When a measured value far exceeds the range limit (range label)

Input type	Input range	+OVER value	-OVER value
Temperature	100°C	3276.7	-3276.8

Humidity Measurement Settings (When LR8511 is used)

Enable this channel setting for humidity measurement with the optional Z2000 Humidity Sensor. Make these settings on the **[CH]** screen.

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .73)



When a measured value far exceeds the range limit (range label)

"OVER" or "-OVER" is displayed in place of numerical/cursor values, and the following values are applied to calculations and data storage.

Input	type	Input range	+OVER value	-OVER value
Hum	idity	100%RH	3276.7	-3276.8

Humidity Measurement Settings (When LR8514 or LR8520 is used)

Enable this channel setting for humidity measurement with the LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger, R8520 Wireless Fungal Logger. Make these settings on the [CH] screen. See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p.73)



Resistance Measurement Settings

Make these channel settings for resistance measurement. Make these settings on the **[CH]** screen.

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .73)



NOTE When measuring an inductive load, for example from a wire-wound resistor, the instrument's response may not be fast enough when the inductor value is 50 mH or greater, preventing accurate measurement.

When a measured value far exceeds the range limit (range label)

Input type	Input range	+OVER value	-OVER value
	10 Ω	16.3835	-16.384
Resistance	20 Ω	32.767	-32.768
Resistance	100 Ω	163.835	-163.84
	200 Ω	327.67	-327.68

Integration (Count) Measurement Settings

Configure these settings for each pulse channel receiving input from a pulse output device such as a watt-hour or flow meter. Make these settings on the [CH] screen. See:"Key Setting Procedure" (p.73)



When a measured value far exceeds the range limit (range label)

Input type	Input range	+OVER value	-OVER value
Integration	1000Mc	2147483647	-

- Use the scaling function to display integrated pulse counts as the corresponding physical units (such as Wh or VA) of the measurement parameter (p. 95).
 - The counter saturates at 1,073,741,823 counts. If you expect to exceed this count, we recommend measuring with the Integration Mode (Count Mo) set to Instantaneous (Inst), and summing later with a spreadsheet program.

Revolution Measurement Settings

Configure these settings for each pulse channel on which you will be counting pulses corresponding to revolutions, such as output from a rotary encoder or tachometer. The revolution measurement is obtained by counting the number of pulses input per second. Make these settings on the [CH] screen.

See:"Key Setting Procedure" (p .73)



When a measured value far exceeds the range limit (range label)

Input type	Input range	+OVER value	-OVER value
Revolution	5000r/s	2147483647	-

Revolution Measurement Theory

Pulse count is measured using the Memory HiLogger's internal 100 ms sampling interval.

The revolution rate (r) per second during time t [s] is obtained by dividing the number of pulses from (t-1) to t [s] by the number of pulses per revolution.

r [r/s] = Pulse count at t_s minus pulse count at (t -1) _s Pulses per revolution (r/s: Revolutions per second)

Example: Pulses per revolution = 4

When the number of pulses counted in one second is $P_{10} = 1000 \text{ c}$, and the number of pulses counted in two seconds is $P_{20} = 2000 \text{ c}$, then the revolution rate (r/s) at t=2s ($r_{t=2}$) can be obtained.

$$r_{t=2} = \frac{2000 - 1000}{4} = 250 [r/s]$$

Exception: When time t_s is less than one second

The pulse count at $(t - 1)_s$ (whole seconds) cannot measured, so 10 times the pulse count between

 $(t - 0.1)_s$ and t_s serves and the pulse count for one second to obtain the revolution rate. As a result, revolution measurements when t is less than one second are scattered.

r [r/s] =	Pulse count at t _s minus pulse count at (t -0.1) $_{\rm S}$	x 100	
.[]	Pulses per revolution	X 100	

NOTE Use the scaling function to display integrated pulse counts as the corresponding physical units (such as Wh or VA) of the measurement parameter (p. 95).

Lo	gic Mea	asurement Settings	
Mak	e these se	nannel settings for logic measurements. ettings on the [CH] screen. Ig Procedure" (p .73)	
			M: On
1		he input unit (UNIT1 to 7) and channel, eck the box to enable the channel.	Channel Input Losic
2	Select [Logic].	
3	Select t ues.	he High/Low reference (threshold) val-	2 3
	Setting o	ptions:(* : default setting)	Input
	1V *	Judge 1.0 V or higher as HIGH, and 0 to 0.5 V as LOW.	Logic IV Filter Off
	4V	Judge 4.0 V or higher as HIGH, and 0 to 1.5 V as LOW.	4
4	Select a	a filter setting.	
	Setting o	ptions:(* : default setting)	
	Off*	Filter is disabled.	
	On	Filter is enabled. Prevents incorrect counts due to relay contact chatter (noise).	

Current Measurement Settings

Make these channel settings for current measurements. Make these settings on the **[CH]** screen. See:"Key Setting Procedure" (p .73)

	nput unit (<mark>UNIT1</mark> to 7) and channel, he box to enable the channel.	Channel Input UNITZ Current 2-1 Type 9
Select the c	lamp sensor being used.	2-1∨ Type 94 Mode I
Setting option	s:(* : default setting)	2
CT7045,CT7	0,9675*,9695-02,CT6500,CT7044, 046,CT7631,CT7636,CT7642,CT7731, 742,CT9667,CT9691-90,CT9692-90,	1 Input current Ranse 500m
tude range.	appropriate measurement ampli-	Type 9675 Zero Mode Inst Filter (
•	s:(* : default setting)	
9657-10	500 mA*,5 A	
9669	1000 A*	
9675	500 mA*,5 A	
9695-02	5 A*,50 A	
CT6500	50 A*,500 A	
CT7044	50 A*,500 A?5000 A	
CT7045	50 A*,500 A,5000 A	
CT7046	50 Av,500 A,5000 A	
CT7631	10 A*,100 A	
CT7636	20 A*,200 A	
	200 A*,2000 A	
CT7642		
	10 A*,100 A	
CT7731	10 A*,100 A 20 A*,200 A	
CT7731 CT7736	,	
CT7731 CT7736 CT7742	20 A*,200 A	
CT7642 CT7731 CT7736 CT7742 CT9667 CT9691-90	20 A*,200 A 200 A*,2000 A	
CT7731 CT7736 CT7742 CT9667	20 A [*] ,200 A 200 A [*] ,2000 A 500 A [*] ,5000 A	



NOTE

- The Model LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger firmware version 1.40 or later is required to be installed to use the following clamp sensors: CT7044, CT7045, CT7046, CT7631, CT7636, CT7642, CT7731, CT7736, CT7742, or CT9667.
 - The Model LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger firmware version 1.30 or later is required to be installed to use the instrument with the clamp measurement method setting set to [MAX]

Fungal Index and Fungal Growth Projection Settings

Make these settings for fungal index and fungal growth projection channels.

Make these settings on the [CH] screen.

See:"Key Setting Procedure" (p .73)

1 Select the input unit (UNIT1 to 7) and channel (1-1F to 7-1F, 1-1G to 7-1G), and check the box to enable the channel.

On the LR8520, the measurement setting applies to the four temperature, humidity, fungal index, and fungal growth projection inputs.

2 The input types are fixed to fungal index and fungal growth projection, and the measurement ranges are fixed to 200 and 10.



3.4 Alarm Settings

When setting alarm conditions for each input signal (channel), you can sound a buzzer or output an alarm signal from the instrument. For more information, see "5.9 Alarm Output" (p. 151). To output an alarm signal, it is necessary to make connections to the external control terminal. For more information, see "9.3 Alarm Signal Output (Alarm Output)" (p. 207).

3.5 Data Saving Settings

Before measuring, select whether to automatically save data to SD memory card or USB flash drive while measuring, or to immediately save manually (only when you press **SAVE**). See Auto Saving (p. 163) and Immediate Saving (p. 167) for setting procedures.

3.6 Waveform Display Settings (as needed)

Set the waveform display settings as needed.

These settings can be changed on the Numerical/Waveform screen after measurement (p. 114).

NOTE The Setting screen cannot be displayed while measuring.

Key Setting Procedure



Selecting Waveform Display Color

Different display colors can be selected for each input channel waveform.



Specifying Vertical Display Range by Magnification and Zero Position (vertical axis expansion/compression)

The vertical display range and zero position can be specified for each channel. The magnification setting determines the displayed range. Waveforms are expanded or compressed vertically relative to the center of the screen.

The display range of the vertical axis emphasizing 0V display position

	⁰ V _{25%} <u>25%</u> 0 V
Zero Position: 50%	25%

Make these settings on the [CH] screen. See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .91)

Display range magnification setting (expansion/compression)





Magnified Display (x2)

1 Select [Pos]. Disp Sp<u>an</u> **2** Select the magnification. Type Zoom Setting options:(* : default setting) 0 Pos x100, x50, x20, x10, x5, x2, x1*, x1/2 Change 1's digit 3 Set the desired zero position as a percentage The expansion/comof screen height. pression range de-Setting options: pends on the selected -50 to 150% (with x1 magnification) magnification. Zoom Zero-Position Zoom Zero-Position setting range setting range x1/2 0 to 100% x10 -950 to 1050% x1 -50 to 150% x20 -1950 to 2050% x2 -150 to 250% x50 -4950 to 5050% -450 to 550% -9950 to 10050% x5 x100 Default Setting Input type Zoom Zero Input type Zoom Zero Input type Zoom Zero. position position position 0 Humidity x1 Rotation x1 0 Voltage x1 50 (Humid) Resistance 0 Temperature x1 0 x1 Logic (Tc) (Resist) Temperature 0 Integration x1 Current (AC Clamp^{*}) x1 0 _ (Rtd) (Count) Current (AC/DCClamp*) x1 50

Measurement range

x1

Temperature

(Zoom: x1)

100% 50%

٥%

Fungal

index



Fungal growth

projection

x1



0

x1

NOTE Magnification and zero-position settings are ignored when the display range is defined by upper and lower limits.

Specifying the Vertical Display Range by Upper and Lower Limits (expansion/compression)

The vertical display range can be defined by upper and lower limits. Using this method, the voltage range does not need to be selected because the optimum range is selected automatically for the display.



Make these settings on the [CH] screen.

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p.91)

1 Select	t <mark>[Up/l</mark>	_wr].	Ty	sp Span pe Up/Lwr U per 0.005	1	
2 Speci displa		[Upper] value for		wer-0.005	2 3	
TER to	 Move the cursor to the numerical value and press ENTER to display the numerical setting dialog. See: Numerical Value Entry (below) Specify the [Lower] value for the bottom of the display. Set in the same way as the upper value. The display range and scaling settings are interlinked. 				Numerical Setting Dialog	
displa Set in t					 005 Increment/decrer , change sign (+/- Select another dia 	-)
Default Setti	ing					
Input typ	ре	Upper/Lower Limits	Input type		Upper/Lower Limits	1
Voltage	Voltage -0.005 to 0.005 Humidity (Humid)				0 to 100	
Temperatur	emperature (Tc) 0 to 100		Resistance (Resist	:)	0 to 10	
Temperature	e (Rtd)	0 to 100	Integration (Count)	0 to 5000	
Rotatio	n	0 to 5000	Logic		-	

Numerical Value Entry

Current

Fungal index

1. Select a digit to change with the left/right cursor keys, and increment/decrement the digit with the up/down keys.

(The rightmost character is for an optional measurement unit symbol. Pressing the up/down keys selects from among E - P - T - G - M - k - (blank) - m - u - n - p - f- a. If no unit symbol is needed, it can be left "blank".)

Temperature

Fungal growth projection

2. When the desired value is selected, press [OK].

0 to 1

0 to 200

NOTE

- · However, upper and lower limit settings are ignored when magnification and zero position are enabled to define the display range.
 - · The range is not automatically optimized when the upper and lower limits are set on the Waveform/Numerical screen.

Chapter 3 Settings

0 to 100

0 to 4

Setting the Display Time Base (horizontal axis magnification)



Displayed waveforms can be expanded or compressed along the horizontal axis. Shorter setting values correspond to greater magnification. Make these settings on the **[Setting]** screen. **See:**"Time Setting by Key Operations" (p.68)

Settings can be changed during and after measurement on the [Wave+Value] display of the Waveform/Numerical screen(p. 117).

Select the time per division.

Setting options:(* : default setting)

200 ms, 500 ms, 1 s*, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 20 min, 30 min, 1 h, 2 h, 5 h, 10 h, 12 h, 1 day [/DIV]



When auto save is enabled for waveforms

200 and 500 ms settings are automatically changed to 1 s when measurement starts, and the shorter values cannot be selected while measuring.

The [Time/DIV] range depends on the [Interval] setting.

Horizontal axis display options are affected when the recording interval is changed after measuring, because the options for expanding (or compressing) the displayed axis depend on the recording interval used when measuring. When using the Logger Utility program with a LAN connection, recording intervals from 200 ms to 2 s are not available, regardless of auto save settings (5 s is automatically selected).

Horizon- tal axis		Recording interval														
	[ms]			[s]						[min]						[h]
	100	200	500	1	2	5	10	20	30	1	2	5	10	20	30	1
200 ms	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
500 ms	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
1 s	•	•	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
2 s	•	•	•	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
5 s	•	•	•	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
10 s	•	•	•	•	•	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
20 s	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
30 s	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
1 min	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
2 min	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	×	×	×	×	×	×
5 min	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	×	×	×	×	×	×
10 min	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	×	×	×	×
20 min	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	×	×	×
30 min	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	×	×	×
1 h	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	×
2 h	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•
5 h	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
10 h	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•
12 h	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1 day	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

•: Selectable, ×: Not selectable

3.7 Scaling Settings (as needed)



Normal Display (Off)

Scaling Enabled

The Setting screen cannot be

displayed while measuring.

Use the scaling function to convert input voltage to the physical units of the measurement parameter for display, such to convert voltage input for display as electrical current.

Converted values can be displayed in fixed or floating-point notation.

Make these settings on the [CH] screen. See:"Key Setting Procedure" (p.91)

Scaling Voltage, Temperature, Humidity, Resistance, Revolution, and **Current Measurements**



B



When using the LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger to calculate 1-phase/2-wire power

By using the logger's scaling function, you can convert measured current values into 1-phase/2-wire power values.

By setting the [Conversion factor] under [Scaling] to $(V \times \lambda)$ (where V indicates the voltage and λ the power factor) and setting the [Unit] to [W], you can display the 1-phase/2-wire power value.

Power value W = Scaling conversion factor current value = V × λ × current value

Example setting: To measure the 1-phase/2-wire power value when the voltage is 100 V and the power factor is 0.8λ


Integration Measurement Scaling Setting

Integrated pulse values can be converted for display as physical units of the measurement parameter (such as Wh or VA).

Pulse output devices determine the amplitude per pulse in physical units, or the number of pulses per fundamental unit (for example, per kWh, liter or m³).



Scaling Setting Example

For integration with a 50,000 pulse/kWh watt-hour meter: Cond: Dec Units: kWh 1kWh=50000 pulse For integration with a 10 liter/pulse flow meter: Cond: Dec Units: L 1 pulse=10L

NOTE Combining scaling and display positioning (upper/lower limits) To use both scaling and upper/lower display limits, <u>set the scaling first, then</u> <u>upper/lower limit values.</u>

Scaling and data save and load operation

When scaling has been set, the raw data (unscaled data) is recorded along with scaling information in a binary format. When a previously saved file is loaded, the scaled data will be displayed. However, you can also check the raw data by disabling scaling.

3.8 Entering Titles and Comments (as needed)

You can assign titles to measurement data, comments for input waveforms, and unit IDs (up to 20 double-byte or 40 single-byte characters; up to 8 double-byte or 16 single-byte characters for unit IDs). Titles and comments are shown on Waveform/Numerical screens (comments are displayed only on the [Value+Cmnt] screen). Unit IDs are displayed on the [Wave+Cmnt] and [Value] screens.

Titles can be set on the [Setting] screen and [Comment] screen. Comments can be set on the [CH] screen and [Comment] screen. Unit IDs can be set on the [UNIT] screen.

Filenames and folder names can be entered in the same manner.

See: "6.2 Saving Data" (p. 162)

See: "6.4 Data Management" (p. 176)

This section describes how to enter comments on the [CH] screen.

NOTE The Setting screen cannot be displayed while measuring.



Operating Panel

The operating panel depicts the functions of instrument's operating keys.

List	Hist
Displays the pick list of pre-registered	Displays a pick list of previously entered phrases.
measurement-related phrases.	
Chasse	Switches between the pick list
Select a phrase from the pick list.	and character selection frames.
Cancel	
Cancels entry.	Accepts entry.

The following characters are converted as follows when saved to a text file.

Entered character	2	в	ц	Ω	•	3
Converted plain text equivalent	^2	^3	~u	~0	~c	~e

3.9 Suppressing Noise (Enable Digital Filtering)

Electrical noise mixed with input signals can be removed by digital filtering. (This setting is valid for the LR8510, LR8511 and LR8515.)



LR8510, LR8511

When the recording interval is from 500 ms to 1 h, 50/60 Hz power supply noise can be rejected.

It is recommended to set the filter to either 50 Hz or 60 Hz based on the power frequency in your area. Doing so will increase the difference in measurement times between measurement unit channels. Set the filter to OFF if you wish to minimize the difference in measurement times between channels.

See: "Cut-off frequency" (p .297)

LR8515

The filter can reject 50/60 Hz power supply noise when using a recording interval of at least 100 ms. When set to OFF, operation is the same as when set to 60 Hz.

NOTE The Setting screen cannot be displayed while measuring.

Setting Procedure

Make these settings on the [Setting] screen.

See: "Time Setting by Key Operations" (p .68)

[Filter] Setting options:(* : default setting) 60Hz*, 50Hz, Off	Filter 60 Hz
<u>60HZ*, 50HZ, OTT</u>	

3.10 Viewing and Editing with the All-Channel Settings List

All channel settings can be viewed and changed in the list. You can copy batches of settings between channels.

WAVE/DATA SET	The Setting screen cannot be displayed while measuring.
[List] screen	
UNIT Setting UNIT 1 UNIT 2 UNIT 3 Batch Proc 0 Adjus Input 3- 1 V Tc 3- 2 V Rtd Pt1 3- 3 V Voltage	st Range Disp Zoom/Lower Pos/Upper Burn Out _{RJC} K 100°C Pos × 1 0 % Off Int
[Conv/Calc] screen	
UNIT Setting CH UNIT 1 UNIT 2 UNIT 3 Batch Proc Convert 1- 1 2 0 Dec Ratio 1- 2 7 To Dec 2-pt 0	Li. Conv/Calc Trig&Alm Comment System UNIT 4 UNIT 5 UNIT 6 UNIT 7 Alarm Calc 1 Calc 2 Conversion Set 1 Conversion Set 2 Unit Ratio 1.2 Offset 0 ₩ .05 → 0.06 -0.05 →-0.06 ₩
Inputtype (Vitage, TC: Thermoco	uple, ᇌ RTD, 🕶 : Humidity, 🌄 : Resistance, 💽 : Integration, 💽 : Rotation,
📊 : Logic, <u>A</u> : Current, 🏹 : Alarm,	Temperature, 🛐 : Fungal index, 💦 : Fungal growth projection)
[Trig & Alm] screen	
Batch Proc Start Sto	UNIT 4 UNIT 5 UNIT 6 UNIT 7 Alarm Calc 1 Calc 2 tart Alarm On
Inputtype (Vitage, TC: Thermoco	uple, 🏢 : RTD, 🚾 : Humidity, 🎧 : Resistance, 💽 : Integration, 💽 : Rotation,
∭: Logic, <u>A</u> : Current, 🎒 : Alarm,	📔 : Temperature, 🦳 : Fungal index, 💦 : Fungal growth projection)
[Comment] screen	
UNIT Setting CH UNIT 1 UNIT 2 UNIT 3 Title analy Point Analog 1- 1 Volta	UNIT 4 UNIT 5 UNIT 6 UNIT 7 Alarm Calc 1 Calc 2 /sis : A

3.10 Viewing and Editing with the All-Channel Settings List

Batch Copying Channel Settings

The CH1-1, CH2-1, CH3-1, CH4-1, CH5-1, CH6-1, CH7-1, W1, and W16 channel settings can be copied to other channels.



UNIT1 to UNIT7

• [Copy the settings of CHX-1 shown on screen to CHX-2 till CHX-15.] (X indicates a measurement unit symbol.)

Copies the settings from channel CH1 on the screen to channels CH2 to CH15 in the same input unit. On a wireless logger, the screen will display the following message: [Copy the settings of CHX-1 shown on screen to CHX-2.]

On the Wireless Humidity Logger's [Settings List] screen, the CHX-1T/CHX-1H settings will be copied to CHX-2T/CHX-2H. On the [Conversion/Calculation] and [Trigger/Warning] screens, the instrument will display the following message and copy the CHX-1T settings to other channels: [Copy the settings of CHX-1T shown on screen to other channels.] This message is not displayed on the Wireless Fungal Logger.

• [Copy the settings of CH1-1 shown on screen to all analog CHs.]

Copies the settings on the CH1 screen to CH2 through CH15 and all analog channels of units 2 through 7 for which the measurement setting is on.

Settings cannot be copied to a unit of a different type than UNIT1, with the sole exception that settings for channels whose input type is voltage or thermocouple can be copied between a Wireless Voltage/ Temp Logger and a Wireless Universal Unit.

If UNIT1 is a Wireless Pulse Logger, the instrument will display the following message: [Copy the settings of CH1-1 shown on screen to pulse CH.] On a Wireless Humidity Logger or Wireless Fungal Logger, the CH1-1 settings on the [Settings List] screen will be copied two or four channels at a time. On the [Conversion/Calculation] and [Trigger/Warning] screens, the instrument will display the following message and copy the CH1-1T settings to other channels: [Copy the settings of CH1-1T shown on screen to all analog channels.] On a Wireless Humidity Logger or Wireless Fungal Logger, the CH1-1T settings on the [Settings List] screen will be copied two or four channels at a time. On the [Conversion/Calculation] and [Trigger/Warning] screens, the instrument will display the following message and copy the CH1-1T shown on screen to all analog channels.]

calc1

• [Copy the settings of W1 shown on screen to W2 till W15.]

Copies the settings from waveform calculation channels W1 and W16 on the screen to channels W2 to W15.

• [Copy the settings of W1 shown on screen to all the other waveform calc. CHs.]

Copies the settings from waveform calculation channel W1 on the screen to the enabled (On) channels from W2 to W30.

calc2

• [Copy the settings of W16 shown on screen to W17 till W30.]

Copies the settings from waveform calculation channel W16 on the screen to channels W17 to W30.

NOTE

- The contents of the displayed settings are copied, except for "waveform display color", "input type", and "measurement On/Off settings". However, "input type" and "measurement On/Off settings" can be copied from the [List] screen.
 - RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector), resistance and temperature settings (specific to a Wireless Universal Unit) cannot be copied to a Voltage/Temperature Unit.

3.10 Viewing and Editing with the All-Channel Settings List

Batch Setting Waveform Display/Hide and Waveform Color Settings for All Channels

The display of all waveforms can be hidden, and all waveform display colors can be set to defaults. This setting is only available on the [List] screen.



Initializing Settings (to factory defaults)

Certain settings in all input units (or a selected input unit) can be reset to their factory default state.



- [Trig & Alm] Screen
- [Initialize all the trigger/alarm settings of all units on screen.] Resets the [Trig & Alm] screen settings of all input units.
- [Initialize all the settings of this unit shown on screen.] Resets the [Trig & Alm] screen settings of the selected input unit.

3.10 Viewing and Editing with the All-Channel Settings List

Aligning Zero Positions on the Grid

All channels in every unit (CH1-1 to 15, CH2-1 to 15 ••• CH7-1 to 15) can be displayed evenly spaced at 5% or 10% intervals on the vertical axis, from top to bottom.

Only those channels set for the same input type and range as the reference channel, and with **[Disp span]** set to **[Pos]** (p. 92), are valid.



Alignment Example (with CH1-1 zero-position aligned at 90% and occupying 5% of vertical screen height)

Channel	Zero-position (%)								
CH1-1	90	[Interval]	100ms	(Horz-	2- /010b/E11+	-COU-h Core	n Gauge+Wave	- A I I W-	
CH1-2	85	Interval	100ms		25/01	00112 3011	H uauge+wave	_nii wa	Set Item
CH1-3	80								Channel
CH1-4	75								Channe I
CH1-5	70							1-3	1-1 🗸 🗖
CH1-6	65								Input Voltage
CH1-7	60								Range
CH1-8	55							÷ (1-9	1 V
CH1-9	50							4111	
CH1-10	45							113	Disp Span Type
CH1-11	40							4145	Position
CH1-12	35								Zoom × 1
CH1-13	30	4 4			Øs		10s		0 Pos 90 %
CH1-14	25	1-1		Meas. S	Start ' 13-06	-07 13:09:0			0 Adjust
CH1-15	20	ISD (339MB/1.99			/3.868 3.5%) t to display.		91 23456	7 13-06	EJECT Junp -07 14:30:26 🕰

Setting CH1 of UNIT1 Value as a Scaling Value (Inter-Channel Compensation function)

A value measured on CH1 of UNIT1 (Analog channel CH1-1) can be set as the scaling value. This function is convenient for thermocouple measurements when errors (such as thermocouple deviations) give different values for the same known temperature. It applies only to channels with the units, same input type and range setting as CH1 of UNIT1.

NOTE

When used between the LR8510 and LR8511, it applies to channels with the same input type and range.



- NOTE When scaling is automatically set by steps 1 to 6 on next page procedure, the measurement units are initially set to [V].
 - To set all channels to [°C] make the following settings beforehand.
 - Set the [Convert] setting to [Dec] and [unit] to [°C] on the [Conv/Calc] screen.



2. For [Batch Proc], execute [Correct the value to the same as CH1 when input type is same.] (p. 102).

3.10 Viewing and Editing with the All-Channel Settings List



Display Celsius (°C) temperature values as Fahrenheit (°F)

All measured temperature values can be converted at once from Celsius to Fahrenheit units.

The conversion is simultaneously reflected appropriately on all scaled values.

To revert from Fahrenheit units to Celsius, disable (set to Off) the scaling function (p. 95). This setting is only available on the [Conv/Calc] screen.



Observing Measurements and Data Chapter 4

4.1 Confirming Measured Values, and Starting Measurement

Before starting a formal measurement, press **MONITOR** to check measured values as needed (p. 40).

When you have confirmed that the settings are correct, press **START** to start formal measurement (p. 36).

Pay attention to the following items while measuring.

Measure





START

If the power goes out during measurement

- If a power outage affects only measurement units or wireless loggers Data during the outage will be treated as lost. Measurement can be continued once power is restored.
- If the outage is limited to the instrument

Set the smart backup setting to on. Recording will start automatically when power is restored. Since measurement data from before the outage will not be stored in the instrument's internal buffer, it is recommended to automatically save data to the included or optional SD memory card. Data will be lost while the power to the instrument is interrupted, even if measurement units and wireless loggers continue to receive power.

If communications fail temporarily

Both measurement units and wireless loggers have internal backup memory.

When communications are restored, measurement units will retransmit (65,536/n) data points (where n indicates the number of channels) to restore the data on the Wireless Logging Station.

If there are multiple units to which communications are restored, data will be restored in the order in which the units are reconnected. For example, a communications failure can last for about 72 minutes without loss of data when measuring 15 channels of data at a recording interval of 1 sec. with a measurement unit.

See:"When Temporarily Unable to Communicate with a Measurement Unit" (p. A34)

- Data stored in the instrument's 8 MWord internal buffer memory will be restored.
- Saved data will be restored if automatically saved as waveform (binary) data but not if automatically saved as .CSV (text) data.
- If power to a measurement unit or wireless logger is interrupted during measurement, data collected prior to the outage will be lost.
- If power to the instrument is interrupted during measurement, data from any measurement units or wireless loggers will not be restored.

Handling of waveform display and data when data cannot be acquired

Waveforms for data that the instrument was unable to acquire from a measurement unit or wireless logger will be shown as "stuck" at the top of the waveform screen. If communications with one or more measurement units are interrupted during measurement, the numbers of those units will be displayed to the bottom right of the scroll bar on the Waveform screen.

Rendering of waveforms will stop when a communications error with a unit occurs and while data is being restored. **[NO DATA]** will be displayed for numerical and cursor value displays, while values will be displayed for input values and the input range as appropriate.

See:" Treatment of the Waveform Display When Unable to Acquire Data and Data" (p. 33)

Synchronization and acquired data discrepancies

The instrument, measurement units, and wireless loggers are synchronized as they communicate during measurement. Consequently, since time will progress at each device's own level of precision in the event that communications with measurement units or wireless loggers are interrupted during measurement, time differences will appear among the three devices. In some cases, there may be discrepancies in the number of data points captured once communications between the instrument and the measurement units and wireless loggers are reestablished following an interruption. In the event of discrepancies in the number of data points or time between the instrument on the one hand and the measurement units and wireless loggers on the other, data will be restored based on the assumption that the instrument's data is correct.

See: "Synchronization and acquired data discrepancies" (p. A36)

Data continuity may be compromised when a discrepancy occurs.

4.2 Observing Waveforms

View data during and after measuring on the Waveform/Numerical Screen.

Displaying Waveforms (Display Descriptions)

Press the **WAVE/DATA** to display the Waveform/Numerical screen. Repeated key presses cycle the screen through nine types (p. 34).



Key Setting Procedure



Displaying Gauges

A gauge corresponding to the measurement range of each channel can be displayed at the left side of the screen, for confirming measurement values.The color of the gauge matches the waveform display color of its input channel. Channel settings can also be changed.





About Channel Settings

Press **CHAN** to select channels for gauge display. However, note that when measurement data is displayed, only those channels that are enabled (set to $On \square$) for measurement can be selected. (Measurement cannot be started with measurement disabled for all channels.)

Viewing Input Signals as Numerical Values

Numerical values can be displayed in three ways: numerical values only, waveforms and numerical values, and numerical values and comments.

Displayed numerical values are those of the current input signals.

See: To view cursor position values numerically: "Displaying Cursor Values" (p .119) See: Data not acquired due to unit power outage or communications issue: (p. A 33)

To display waveforms and numerical values



To display numerical values and comments



To display numerical values only

Wave/DATA Set File Select [Value].	UNIT1: _{Swi}	toperation test 1 - 8 0.0830mV 1-9	ue NI Nove UNITÉT -0.7425mV 0.4430mV
	1-2	0.1395mV1-10	0.6405mV
Depending on the scaling setting, channels that require more than 16 characters to display both the measured value and unit symbols may	1-3	0.1065mV1-11	-0.3925mV
	1- 4	-0.7705 mV1-12	-0.3655mV
	1- 5	-0.1680 mV1-13	0.6765mV
be displayed in smaller characters.	1- 6	0.7405mV1-14	0.4655mV

Scrolling Waveforms

When measuring or displaying an existing waveform, use SCROLL/CURSOR to scroll.



When measuring with the record time set to [Cont].

If internal buffer memory becomes full, recording continues by overwriting the oldest acquired data. Because of that, scrolled waveforms viewed while measuring are limited to the part that has not yet been erased.



Verifying Waveform Display Position

From the scroll bar you can verify the relative position and size of the displayed portion of a waveform within the overall measured waveform.

The width of the currently displayed time span indicator within the scroll bar depends on the time base (time per horizontal division) setting, even when the recording length is unchanged.

Whole Waveform



Screen Display Range

Magnifying and Compressing Horizontally

Waveforms can be magnified (expanded or compressed) along the time axis by changing the time per horizontal division. Detailed waveform data is usually best observed with the time axis expanded, while longer-term trends are best observed with it compressed.

Horizontal magnification can be changed while measuring.

However, when measuring with auto saving enabled, the 200 and 500 ms settings are not selectable.



200 ms, 500 ms, 1 s*, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 20 min, 30 min, 1 h, 2 h, 5 h, 10 h, 12 h, 1 day, [/DIV]

> Indicates the center point for horizontal magnification When the A/B cursors are displayed, the position of cursor A becomes the reference point.



Viewing Any Waveform Location (Jump Function)

When the recording length of a waveform is long, you can specify the portion to be displayed immediately.

This is available only when measurement is stopped. When a past waveform is displayed during measurement, [Jump] changes to [Trace](p. 116)



Specifying a Waveform Time Span

Specify a waveform time span when saving a partial waveform or applying numerical calculations (Trace cursors or Vertical cursors).





Displaying Cursor Values

Cursor values can be displayed for all channels, or for only desired channels (p. 120).





Press the outer left and right scrolling keys to scroll in large steps.

About Cursor Types

Cursor Type	Example	Cursor Value
Trace Cursors	A B-A B-A	Displays the time and measurement values at the A/B cursors, or the time and measurement differences between the A/B cur- sors. Displays the intersections (trace points) of cursors and wave- forms.(the intersections of waveform traces of selected channels)
Vertical Cursors		Displays the time and frequency values at the A/B cursors, or the time and frequency differences between the A/B cursors.
Horizontal Cursors	B-A	Displays the measurement values at the A and B cursors for the selected channel(s), or the difference between A/B cursor values. A/B cursors can be enabled for any channel.

4.3 Marking Waveforms and Searching Marks (Search Function)

You can insert up to 1000 event marks at any point while measuring, to help find them later.

See: "Searching Event Marks" (p. 125)



Event marks can be applied by the following methods.

Press START while measuring

Press the on-screen [Make Mark] button.

Apply a signal to the EXT TRIG terminal

When a warning occurs

Inserting Event Marks While Viewing Waveforms

Use this procedure to insert event marks while viewing data on the Waveform/Numerical Value screen during measurement.

Press **START** to apply a mark.

Event marks are numbered in the sequence they are inserted.

Marks can also be applied with the following procedures.



Inserting Event Marks Using External Input Signals

Event marks can be inserted by applying external input signals. Make this setting before starting measurements.



Alarm Event Marks

Event marks can be inserted by alarm events. Make this setting before starting measurements.



How are event marks handled in text (CSV) conversion?

The instrument's text conversion process includes event numbers along with measured values. This is convenient when you need to later extract only marked data.

<Example>

File name	WAVE0001	0SV					
Title comm		.031					
Trigger Tim							
Ch	A 1 - 1	A 1 - 2	A 1 - 3	 Z 1	Z 2		
				 Calculation		n	
	Voltage	Voltage	Voltage	Calculation	Calculation		
	10mV	10mV	10mV				
Comment							
Scaling	OFF	OFF	OFF			Event No.	
Ratio	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00		_		
Offset	0.00000EH	-00″ 0.0000	0E+00″0.0	00″ 0.0000)0E+00″0.	0000 <mark>/</mark> /E+00"	0.00000E+
Time	1-1[V]	1-2[V]	1-3[V]	CALC-1 [V]	CALC-2[\	/ Event	
0.00E+00	-1.18E-04	-1.23E-04	-1.98E-04	-2.36E-04	-2.36E-04	0	
5.00E-01	-1.19E-04	-1.22E-04	-1.97E-04	-2.37E-04	-2.37E-04	0	
1.00E+00	-1.20E-04	-1.22E-04	-1.97E-04	-2.39E-04	-2.39E-04	1	
1.50E+00	-1.20E-04	-1.21 E-04	-1.97E-04	-2.40E-04	-2.40E-04	0	
2.00E+00	-1.21 E-04	-1.20E-04	-1.96E-04	-2.42E-04	-2.42E-04	0	
2.50E+00	-1.23E-04	-1.18E-04	-1.96E-04	-2.45E-04	-2.45E-04	2	
3.00E+00	-1.23E-04	-1.18E-04	-1.95E-04	-2.46E-04	-2.46E-04	0	
3.50E+00	-1.24E-04	-1.16E-04	-1.94E-04	-2.48E-04	-2.48E-04	3	
4.00E+00	-1.25E-04	-1.16E-04	-1.93E-04	-2.50E-04	-2.50E-04	0	
4.50E+00	-1.27E-04	-1.15E-04	-1.93E-04	-2.53E-04	-2.53E-04	4	
5.00E+00	-1.28E-04	-1.14E-04	-1.90E-04	-2.55E-04	-2.55E-04	0	
5.50E+00	-1.30E-04	-1.12E-04	-1.89E-04	-2.59E-04	-2.59E-04	0	
6.00E+00	-1.31 E-04	-1.12E-04	-1.87E-04	-2.61 E-04	-2.61 E-04) <mark> </mark>	

NOTE The Logger Utility program's text conversion process does not include event mark information.

Searching Event Marks

Any event mark can be found by searching.



Specifying Criteria for Measurements Chapter 5

You can set recording to start and stop under specific criteria (start/stop triggers), and to output alarm signals. You can also set specific times to start and stop recording, using the Reservation function.

About Triggering

Triggering is the process of controlling the start and stop of recording by specific signals or conditions (criteria). When recording is started or stopped by a specific signal, we say the trigger is "applied" or "triggering occurs".

Trigger criteria met



In this manual, **1** indicates a "trigger point", as the time at which a trigger is applied.

Criteria can be specified for the following event trigger types.

Trigger Type	Description	Setting Screen	Ref.
Start Trigger	Recording starts when the specified Start Trigger criteria are satisfied.	[CH]/ [Trig & Alm]	(p. 129)
Stop Trigger	Recording stops when the specified Stop Trigger criteria are satisfied. When [Repeat] is enabled (set to [On]), recording restarts automatically.	[CH]/ [Trig & Alm]	(p. 129)
Trigger Source	Various trigger criteria can be combined with logi- cal AND/OR operations for each channel.	[Trig & Alm]	(p. 135)
External Trigger	Triggering can be applied by an external signal at the EXT.TRIG input terminal.	[Trig & Alm]	(p. 136)
Pre-trigger	Records data acquired during a specified period prior to each trigger event.	[Trig & Alm]	(p. 137)
Alarm	An alarm signal can be output when any specified criteria are met.	[CH]/ [Trig & Alm]	(p. 151)
Reservation	Records at a specified date and time.	[Setting]	(p. 141)

Set trigger criteria for individual channels on the Channel [CH] screen, and set trigger and alarm settings for all channels on the [Trig & Alm] screen (p. 140).



IMPORTANT

- Trigger judgment is not performed in the event that there is no data due to an interruption of communications with measurement units and wireless loggers. Judgment processing is performed all at once after communications with measurement units and wireless loggers have been established and data restored, and then the trigger is applied when the trigger conditions are satisfied. Trigger output is generated at the same timing. For stop triggers, data after the stop trigger criterion is satisfied will be reported as "NO DATA."(p. A 33)
- When using a pre-trigger, the trigger will not activate for restored data. Additionally, data will not be restored while waiting for a pre-trigger event.

5.1 Triggering Measurement Start and Stop

There are two ways to set the criteria to start and stop recording according to waveform slope.

Select whether to trigger at the rising or falling edge of the input signal.

Types of Trigger Criteria

Type of Analog Trigger	Trigger Example	Description
Level Trigger (p. 131) [Level]	Trigger Level Input [↑] [↓] Trigger Slope	Recording starts (or stops) when the input signal crosses the specified trig- ger level (voltage).
Window Trigger (p. 133) [In]	Upper Threshold Lower Threshold	Recording starts (or stops) when the input signal enters a range defined by upper and lower thresholds.
[Out]	Upper Threshold Lower Threshold	Recording starts (or stops) when the input signal exits a range defined by upper and lower thresholds.
Pattern Trigger (p. 134) [1]	HIGH	Measuring starts and stops when the input signal logic switches from Low to High.
[0]	HIGHHigh LOWLow	Measuring starts and stops when the input signal logic switches from High to Low.
[X]	High Low	Signal is ignored. No triggering occurs.

5.1 Triggering Measurement Start and Stop

Enable the Trigger Function

Before setting trigger criteria, trigger functions need to be validated.



Key Setting Procedure



Setting Trigger Criteria

Using Level Triggering



Enter the signal level threshold at which to start or stop measuring, and whether triggering occurs on the upslope or downslope of the input signal.

Recording starts or stops when the signal crosses the specified threshold. Levels can be confirmed on the level monitor or on the

Waveform/Numerical screen. Make trigger settings on the [CH] screen of the displayed channel.

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .130)



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5.1 Triggering Measurement Start and Stop

Ranges and Trigger Resolution

Channels	Input type	Range	Resolution
1-1 to 7-15	Voltage	10 mV f.s	0.01 mV
		20 mV f.s	0.02 mV
		50 mV f.s	0.05 mV
		100 mV f.s.	0.1 mV
		200 mV f.s.	0.2 mV
		500 mV f.s.	0.5 mV
		1 V f.s.	0.001 V
		2 V f.s.	0.002 V
		5 V f.s.	0.005 V
		10 V f.s.	0.01 V
		20 V f.s.	0.02 V
		100 V f.s.	0.1 V
		1-5 V f.s.	0.01 V
	Temperature	100°Cf.s	0.1°C
	(thermocouple and RTD)	500°Cf.s.	0.5°C
		1000°Cf.s.	1°C
		2000°Cf.s.	2°C
	Humidity	100% RH f.s	0.1% RH
	Resistance	10 Ω f.s.	0.01 Ω
		20 Ω f.s.	0.02 Ω
		100 Ω f.s.	0.1 Ω
		200 Ω f.s.	0.2 Ω
1-1 to 7-15	Integration	-	1c
	Rotation	-	1r/s
	Current	500 mA f.s	0.1 mA
		5 A f.s	1 mA
		50 A f.s	10 mA
		500 A f.s	100 mA
		10 A f.s	10 mA
		100 A f.s	100 mA
		1000 A f.s	1 A
		20 A f.s	10 mA
		200 A f.s	100 mA
		2000 A f.s	1 A
	Fungal index	200	1
	Fungal growth projection	10	1
Using a Window Trigger



Set the range within which you wish to start or stop measurement using the upper and lower limit values. You can select whether measurement starts or stops when the input signal level enters (In) or exits (Out) of this window.

Upper and lower thresholds can be verified in the monitor or on the Waveform screen. When scaling is enabled, the scaled threshold values are displayed.

Make trigger settings on the **[CH]** screen of the displayed channel.

See:"Key Setting Procedure" (p .130)





Scaled values are displayed when scaling is enabled.

5.1 Triggering Measurement Start and Stop

Using Pattern Triggering



Logic triggering is available when Logic is selected for pulse input channels (p. 61).

Triggering is controlled by the signal state and combination of logic input signal channels.

Select a trigger pattern (1, 0, or X) and AND/OR combining logic so that triggering occurs when the combined criteria are satisfied. Make trigger settings on the [CH] screen.

See:"Key Setting Procedure" (p .130)



Selecting Triggering Criteria (Trigger Source)

Enable the trigger function (set to On), select recording start/stop timing, and set trigger criteria. Make these settings on the [Trig & Alm] screen.

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .130)

NOTE If trigger settings have been made on the [CH] screen, skip steps 1 and 2. (The settings in steps 1 and 2 are interlinked with those on the [CH] screen.)



Triggering Criteria

To apply a trigger when the upslope (\uparrow) of the waveform crosses zero volts:

Trigger: Level Level: 0 V Slope: ↑

When [AND] is selected

No triggering occurs initially if trigger criteria are already met when measurement starts.

Before triggering can occur, trigger criteria must first become invalid once.

Start Measurement



One waveform has crossed above 0 V as the other crosses on the upslope

Start Measurement

Either waveform crosses 0 V on the upslope

5.1 Triggering Measurement Start and Stop

Using External Triggering

To use an external signal as a trigger source, make the following settings.



When You Want to Measure Data before Triggering (Pre-trigger)



When trigger timing is set to **[Start]** or to **[Start/Stop]**, not only the waveform following the trigger can be measured, but a specified span of the waveform before triggering as well.

However, when trigger timing is set to [Stop], pre-trigger settings are disabled.

Make these settings on the [Trig & Alm] screen. See:"Key Setting Procedure" (p. 130)

[Pre-Trig]

Set the amount of time to record before each trigger event.

To also measure the waveform after triggering, the recording time must be set longer than the pre-trigger time. (See "Pre-Trigger and Recording Times" below.)



The maximum settable time is displayed.



Increment/decrement by 1



•§

Increment/decrement by 10 (when the recording interval is longer than 10 seconds, increment/decrement by one recording interval)

NOTE The instrument pre-trigger time can be set up to 99 days. Logger Utility settings of 100 days or more are reduced to 99 days when transferred to the instrument.

Difference between [Waiting for pre-trigger] and [Waiting for trigger]

When measurement is started, the specified pre-trigger length is recorded. This period is indicated as the [Waiting for pre-trigger].

After the specified pre-trigger length has been recorded, the period indicated as [Waiting for trigger] continues until a trigger occurs.

During the [Waiting for pre-trigger] interval, trigger criteria are ignored.



5.1 Triggering Measurement Start and Stop

Applying Trigger at Fixed Time Interval (Interval Trigger)

You can apply a trigger at a fixed time interval. This can be set on the [Trig&Alm] screen.





5.2 Trigger Setting Examples

Following are examples of typical trigger settings.

			Intende	d Mea	surement	Objective			Ref. N (next ta	
Acquire data from when you press START until you press STOP								No.1		
Acquire data for one minute after each time you press START									No.2	2
Acquire data at one-minute intervals for sixty minutes after you press START									No.3	3
When the temperature measured on CH1 exceeds 500°C, acquire data until you press STOP.								P. No.4	ŀ	
Acquire data from when you press START until the temperature measured on CH1 exceeds 500°C.								ds No.5	5	
Acquire data from when the temperature measured on CH1 exceeds 500°C until it drops below 300°C.								No.6	5	
Acquire data whenever the temperature measured on CH1 exceeds 500°C, until it drops below 300°C.							No.7	,		
Acquire data for only one minute from when the temperature measured on CH1 exceeds 500°C .								ds No.8	3	
Acquire data for one minute before and after the time when the temperature measured on CH1 exceeds 500°C.								H1 No.9)	
[Setting] Screen				[Trig & Alm] Screen			[CH] S	[CH] Screen		
No.	Repeat	Record time	Split Save	Trig Func	Timing	Trig Source	Pre-Trig	Start Trig.	Stop Trig	J.
1	Off	[Cont]	Off	Off	-	-	-	-	-	
2	Off	[Time] 0h: 1min: 0s	Off	Off	-	-	-	-	-	
3	Off	[Time] 1h: Omin: Os	On [Split Length]	Off	-	-	-	-	-	

2	Off	[Time] 0h: 1min: 0s	Off	Off	-	-	-	-	-
3	Off	[Time] 1h: Omin: Os	On [Split Length] 1 min	Off	-	-	-	-	-
4	Off	[Cont]	Off	On	[Start]	[Start] OR	-	[Cond]Level↑ [Level] 500°C	-
5	Off	[Cont]	Off	On	[Stop]	[Stop] OR	-	-	[Cond]Level↑ [Level] 500°C
6	Off	[Cont]	Off	On	[Start/ Stop]	[Start] OR [Stop] OR	-	[Cond]Level↑ [Level] 500°C	[Cond]Level↓ [Level] 300°C
7	On	[Cont]	Off	On	[Start/ Stop]	[Start] OR [Stop] OR	-	[Cond]Level↑ [Level] 500°C	[Cond]Level↓ [Level] 300°C
8	Off	[Time] Oh: 1min: Os	Off	On	[Start]	[Start] OR	-	[Cond]Level↑ [Level] 500°C	-
9	Off	[Time] 0h: 2min: 0s	Off	On	[Start]	[Start] OR	1 m	[Cond]Level↑ [Level] 500°C	-

5.3 Confirming All Trigger and Alarm Criteria Settings

You can view and change trigger and alarm criteria settings for all channels on the [Trig & Alm] screen.



Select [Batch Proc] to initialize settings and to copy trigger and alarm settings from channels 1-1, 2-1, 3-1, 4-1, 5-1, 6-1, 7-1 and W1 to W16 to any other channel. Copied settings include level, slope, and threshold values.

See: "3.10 Viewing and Editing with the All-Channel Settings List" (p. 101)

		1-1 :Trig and alarm setup.
		Close
log a lecte alarm	s ENTER to display the dia- t the right for the cursor-se- d channel. Trigger and n criteria for the selected anel can be set.	Level 0.05mV Upper 0.80mV
		Stop Trig. Cond Level 1 Level 0.00mV (0.0000E+00) Alarm3 Cond Off Cond Off Cond Off

5.4 Starting & Stopping Measurement on a Specified Day

You can specify dates as desired for measurement to start and stop. Before configuring these settings, ensure that the instrument's clock is set to the correct time. Before setting, confirm that the instrument clock is set to the correct time. If not, reset the clock on the [System] screen (p. 202).Instrument settings cannot be changed once these settings are active. Configure instrument settings before scheduling measurement.



(continues on next page)

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5.4 Starting & Stopping Measurement on a Specified Day

forms measurement usin nt's settings as configured edule was entered. forms measurement usin s of settings saved in the ial memory. blay rts measurement immed edule is set since the curr dy past the measurement ys a description of the err ne parameter in question ave not been properly corr stop time is set to a time t t time. stop time is set to a time t ent time. schedule times overlap t ng.	d at the time the ig one of five instrument's in- iately after the diately after the diately after the rent time is al- time. or. The schedule because the ofigured. Change that is before the that is before the	Conditn. Erro Current Strt <c< th=""></c<>				
forms measurement usin s of settings saved in the hal memory. Dlay rts measurement immed isurement will start imme edule is set since the curr by past the measurement ys a description of the err he parameter in question ave not been properly corr stop time is set to a time to t time. stop time is set to a time to t time.	instrument's in- iately after the diately after the rent time is al- time. or. The schedule because the figured. Change that is before the that is before the	E Conditn. Erro				
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ne parameter in question ave not been properly con stop time is set to a time t t time. stop time is set to a time t ent time. schedule times overlap t	because the figured. Change that is before the that is before the					
t time. stop time is set to a time t ent time. schedule times overlap t	that is before the	8				
ent time. schedule times overlap t						
•	hose of another	r				
Select [Settings Summary]. The schedule confirmation screen appears.						
Select [OK]. Selecting [Cancel] returns you to the Schedulin screen. When the schedule settings are complete, the screet						
Measurement Schedu	screen. When the schedule settings are complete, the screer switches from the Measurement Schedule screen to the normal Setting screen.					
	cel] returns you to t ule settings are compl Measurement Schedu	cel] returns you to the Schedulin ule settings are complete, the scree Measurement Schedule screen to th				



When you want cancel a schedule while [Reserved] is displayed



Press the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENTER}}$ key to display the schedule cancellation dialog box. Select [OK] to cancel the schedule.

5.5 Starting & Stopping Measurement Periodically

You can perform measurement periodically.



(continues on next page)

5.5 Starting & Stopping Measurement Periodically

5			
		litn. (Condition)]. s: (* : default setting)	
	Current*	Perform measurement using the instru- ment setting conditions configured at the time of scheduling.	Conditn. Error. Current
	Save No. 1 to Save No. 5	Select any conditions from 5 setting con- ditions saved to the internal memory of the instrument and perform measure- ment.(When you select a save number, unit registration information for the spec- ified settings will also be loaded.)	
	About error	display	
		Starts measurement immediately after the	
		Measurement will start immediately after the schedule is set since the current time is already past the measurement time.	
	tion because the	splays a description of the error. cannot be set for the parameter in ques- he schedule criteria have not been prop- I. Change the setting.	
		The stop time is set to a time that is before the start time.	
		The stop time is set to a time that is before the current time.	
		The schedule times overlap those of an- other setting.	
6 7	The schedule	ngs Summary]. confirmation screen appears.	
	screen switcl screen to the At that time, t on the bottom instrument ha Measuremen date and time	onditions of the enabled schedule can-	

When you want cancel a schedule while [Reserved] is displayed



Press the **ENTER** key to display the schedule cancellation dialog box. Select **[OK]** to cancel the schedule.

5.6 Canceling a Schedule

To cancel a schedule or change the settings of a schedule, [Reserved] (schedule standby state) needs to be cancelled first.



NOTE About operation restrictions while [Reserved] is displayed (standby state)

- Keys related to starting, stopping, files, and saving do not work.
- To change a setting, first cancel the schedule. If you change a setting in the standby state, a dialog box to confirm canceling the schedule operation will appear.

About schedule start and stop operations

- Normal settings files cannot be saved or loaded as schedule settings. Select schedule settings to save on the Schedule Confirmation screen or when saving selections and load the corresponding file as necessary.
- If the first schedule start time has passed at the point in time that the schedule is set, the set measurement conditions are accessed and measurement starts immediately.
- "The reservation will be started soon." is displayed 1 minute before a schedule start time, and then measurement starts at the start time.
- When repeat recording is set to [Off], the schedule operation finishes when one measurement ends. When repeat recording is set to [On], measurement is performed repeatedly until the stop time.
- When the state is **[Waiting for pre-trigger]** or **[Waiting for trigger]** at the stop time, measurement stops and the state switches to the waiting for next schedule (schedule standby) state. When the state is **[Storing]**, measurement is halted, calculation, and saving is performed using the data up until that point in time, and then the state switches to the next schedule standby state.
- If the next schedule start time has passed because of the time required for saving, the measurement conditions are accessed and the next measurement starts immediately.
- When all schedules are complete, the scheduled state is cancelled.
- If the power is cut off when measurement is scheduled, the scheduled state is resumed when the power recovers and measurement is started if the time when the power recovers is between the schedule start time and schedule stop time, regardless of the Start Backup setting (On/Off).
- When schedule settings include errors, for example due to overlap with a properly configured schedule, only properly configured schedules will be executed.
- Lower schedule numbers take precedence when checking for overlapping schedule setting times.

5.7 About Schedule Function Operation

The measurement operation differs depending on the trigger, measurement schedule settings, repeat recording setting, and recording time setting.

When the stop time is set after the recording time



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5.7 About Schedule Function Operation

The stop time setting is within the recording length



About Dead Time

After measurement is performed for the recording time portion, time is needed for internal processing before measurement can be resumed (dead time). Measurement is not performed during this dead time.

When you want to perform measurement without any loss of data, perform measurement with the record time is set to [Cont].



5.8 Setting Examples

This section introduces examples of setting measurement schedules.

Intended Measurement Objective	Ref. No. (next table)
Record data to a SD memory card from 9:00 to 17:00 on May 15, 2013.	No.1
Record data periodically to a SD memory card for each 24 hours every day during a 1-month period from 9:00 on May 15, 2013.	No.2
Record data to a SD memory card for a 1-hour period every 6 hours (9:00, 15:00, 21:00 and 3:00) during a 1-month period from 9:00 on May 15, 2013.	No.3
Record data to a SD memory card from 9:00 to 17:00 every day, until the schedule is cancelled.	No.4
Record data to a SD memory card from when a trigger is met between 8:30 to 17:15 on Monday to Friday, until the schedule is cancelled.	No.5
Record data to a SD memory card from 9:00 to 12:00 and 13:00 to 17:30 on Thursday every week, until the schedule is cancelled.	No.6

		Measu	rement Schedu [Reservation		[Setting] screen					
	No	Туре	Start Date	Stop Date	Repeat	Record time	Priority save	Split Save	Trig Func	
			Start time	Stop time		Time	location	Jave	Func	
1	1	Spc.Dt	2013-05-17	2013-05-17	Off	Cont	SD	Off	Off	
1	1	эрс.ы	9:00	17:00	UI		30	Oli	Oli	
			2013-05-17	2013-05-17		Cont		Reg RefTime:		
2	1	Spc.Dt	8:59	9:01	Off		SD	00:00 Split Len: 1day	Off	
			2013-05-17	2013-06-17		Time			OR	
3	1	Spc.Dt	9:00	9:01	On	1h	SD	Off	Interval trigger: 6:00	
4	1	Dee	Daily		Off	Cont	SD	Off	Off	
4	1	Reg	9:00	17:00	Oli		50	Οπ	Oli	
			Mon. to Fri.				Time			On
5	1	Reg	8:30	17:15	On	(Desired settings)	SD	Off	(Specify trigger criteria)	
	1	Dee	Thur.		Off	Cont	SD	Off	Off	
6		Reg	9:00	12:00	UI		30	UI		
0	2	Reg	Thur.		Off	Cont	SD	Off	Off	
	2	Ney	13:00	17:30			50		0ii	

5.9 Alarm Output

You can enable beep tones and an alarm output signal (for external use) for each input channel by setting its alarm criteria.

External alarm output requires connection to the external control terminals. See "9.3 Alarm Signal Output (Alarm Output)" (p. 207) for details.

- **NOTE** Warning detection is not performed in the event that there is no data due to an interruption of communications with measurement units and wireless loggers (with the exception of a warning indicating that such an interruption of communications has occurred). Detection processing is performed all at once after communications with measurement units and wireless loggers have been established and data restored, and then warnings are issued when the warning conditions are satisfied. Alarm output is generated at the same timing.(p. A 33)
 - Output response time Recording interval + 3 sec or less (with 1 measurement unit or 1 wireless logger connected with good communications) Recording interval + 5 sec or less (When seven measurement units and wireless loggers are connected with good communications)
 - Weak communications may result in longer output update times.

Checking Alarm Criteria

Alarm Criteria and history can be verified on the Alarm screen.

WAVE/DATA SET FILE Select [Alarm].	Alar Alar Alaref Alar Alaref Alaref Hold On Alaref Alar Alaref Alaref Alar On On On On On
[Alar] Alarm function on/off The following settings are not availab [Hold] Alarm retention function on/off Selecting [ALM CLR] causes retaine [Buzzer] Buzzer on/off	(Red) Alarm output
Allows you to select the alarms for which to display a list. (All, alarms 1 to 4, communica- tions interruptions)	Alar Hold Dri ALM CLR Buzzer Off Alar (Larne La
[No.]:Alarm memory no.[ALM]:Alarm no.[UNIT-CH]:Unit-ch. no.[Error.]:Error type[Time ofTime of alarmoccurrence]:The display can be set to time, date, or number of data points.(p. 199)[Time of can- cellation]:	No. All All No. AMMITCH Error. Time of occurrence Time of cancellation IAMI 1-1 2-55 Select [Jump] to jump to the Wave- form screen. Displays the waveform for the time at which the all Internet 1942-49 19 32 32 •

NOTE

- The alarm memory can store up to 100 alarms.
- A log of communications interruptions is kept regardless of alarm settings.
- Alarms after trigger events are recorded in the log.

You can verify whether the alarm criteria have been satisfied for a given channel and whether that channel is in the alarm state on the [Wave+Value], [Value+Cmnt], or [Value] screen.



*: When [Alarm Hold] is enabled (set to [On]), the indicator remains yellow because the criteria remain satisfied (until measurement is finished).

154 5.9 Alarm Output

Some alarm settings are available on the [Gauge+Wave] screens.

On the [Gauge+Wave] screen, the alarm beeper, alarm hold, and [ALM CLR] (when alarm hold is enabled) can be set. (Alarm hold can only be set when measurement is stopped.)



Alarm Settings

Select alarm input channels on the **[CH]** screen, and specify alarm criteria on the **[Trig & Alm]** screen.

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .130)



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	i gure Alarm Criteria. g options: (* : default setting)				
Off*	Disable alarms for this channel.				
Leve	Trigger an alarm when the input reaches a spec- ified level.	3 - Cond			
Win- dow	WindowTrigger an alarm when the input transition- sthrough upper and lower limits.	4 Level			
(If us	ing a [Level] setting)				
-	g options: (* : default setting)				
1*	Sound an alarm when the value is bigger than the level value set.				
↓	Sound an alarm when the value is smaller than the level value set.				
(Whe	n [Window] is selected)				
•	g options: (* : default setting)				
In*	Sound an alarm when the value is within the range of the window (upper and lower values) set.	3-Cond			
Out					
n the	selected channel is logic input.				
Conf	igure Alarm Criteria.				
	g options: (* : default setting)				
OR*	An alarm is output when any one of the criteria match the set pattern.				
AND	An alarm is output only when all of the criteria match the set pattern.				
	ne alarm pattern.				
Set t	ne alarm pattern. g options: (* : default setting)				
Set t	g options: (* : default setting)				
Set ti Settin	•				
Set ti Settin X*	g options: (* : default setting) Signal is ignored. An alarm is output when the signal switches				





Alarms can be output at thermocouple burnout, communications interruption, and low remaining battery life.



Saving & LoadingDataChapter 6

Data measured using the instrument can be saved to an SD memory card or USB flash drive.

See: "2.6 Inserting a SD Memory Card or USB Flash Drive (when saving data)" (p. 60) Data saved (in binary format) to removable storage can be reloaded into the instrument.

6.1 About Saving and Loading Data

When saving data, a folder named HIOKI_LR8410 is created, and files are stored in the folder as follows.WAVE**** and MEAS**** are used as filenames when saving data manually when no save filename has been set. When saving data automatically with no save filename set, the AUTO00001.xxx filename format is used.



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√: Available/ -: Not Available

	File		File Name*5	Save		Load	
File Type	Format	Folder Name	(Auto-numbered from 1)	Auto	Man- ual	LR 8410	PC
Setting Data	Binary	CONFIG	CONF0001.SET	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
Setting List	Binary	CONFIG	LIST001.BDL	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
Schedule settings	Binary	CONFIG	LIST001.RCV	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
Waveform	Binary	DATA\(date)*4 (e.g.: 08-07-30)	AUTO0001.MEM WAVE0001.MEM	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Data*1	Text *2	DATA\(date)*4 (e.g.: 08-07-30)	AUTO0001.CSV WAVE0001.CSV*6	V	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
Numerical Calculation Results	Text *2	MEASUREMENT	AUTO0001.CSV MEAS0001.CSV*7	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	V
Captured Screen Image	BMP *3	PICTURE	SCR00001.BMP	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

*1: Save waveform data in binary format if you intend to view it later in the instrument or on a PC with the supplied Logger Utility program. Waveform data and some measurement-related settings data are saved.

To save a waveform partially, specify a period by using A/B cursors before saving (p. 118). When scaling has been set, the raw data (unscaled data) is recorded along with scaling information in a binary format. When a previously saved file is loaded, the scaled data will be displayed. However, you can also check the raw data by disabling scaling.

- *2: When opening a CSV file in a spreadsheet program, note that the number of rows that can be loaded at one time is limited (p. A9).
- *3: BMP Format: This is a standard Windows[®] graphics format. These files can be handled by many graphics programs.
- *4: Date (YY-MM-DD) folders are automatically created inside the DATA folder.
- *5: When saved manually. See "Appendix 3 File Naming" (p. A9) for file naming details.
- *6: The TXT file extension is applied except when [Separator:Comma] is selected on the [System] screen.
- *7: When creating calculation-specific files, an underbar and a serial number (_n) is appended to the file name, e.g., MEAS0001_1.CSV, MEAS0001_2.CSV, etc.
 - **NOTE** Depending on file size and SD memory card capacity, each folder can store over 1,000 files. However, the file screen display is limited to a maximum of 1,000 files. Also, as more files are created, more time is needed to start and stop recording. We recommend setting measurement criteria so that the number of saved files stays below 1,000 whenever possible.

What happens to data in a power outage?

Data in internal buffer memory is retained for about 30 minutes after power-off. If power is off for more than 30 minutes, the data is lost.

Also, when Auto-Resume (p. 196) is enabled, measurement resumes automatically when power is restored, so previous measurement data is deleted.

To avoid data loss in such cases during long-term measurement, we recommend the following settings to prepare for power outages.

Preparation for power outages during long-term measurements

- Connect the (optional) battery pack before starting (p. 41) Measurement can continue on battery power when mains power is lost.
- Configure Auto Save beforehand (save [Waveform(realtime)], P.163) Data is periodically saved to removable storage. The instrument includes a large-value capacitor to provide power to save the most recent data and close the files when power fails.

If power is lost within about ten minutes after power-on, files on the removable storage may be corrupted, and the device could be damaged. If a damaged storage device is used, files may fail to close within the allotted time, and data may be lost. When [File Protection: High] is selected on the [System] screen, storage media is not recognized for ten minutes after power-on, during which files may be inaccessible and could become corrupted.

See: "File Protection Level Setting" (p .197)

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Although [CSV(realtime)] saving is possible, data is saved only as text, so waveforms cannot be displayed later by reloading into the instrument or by application programs. Note that the recording interval setting is limited (p. 163).

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6.2 Saving Data

Basically, three methods are available for saving.



Automatic Saving (Waveform Data and Numerical Calculation Results)

When auto save is enabled before starting measurement, data can be automatically saved to removable storage during or after measurement.

Saved Data	Settings	File Ex- tension	Description
Waveform	Waveform (realtime)	.MEM	During measurement, waveform data is saved in binary format. Conversion to text (CSV) format can be done later, so we sug- gest selecting Waveform(realtime) for typical operation.
Data Only	CSV (realtime) *2	.CSV*3	During measurement, waveform data is saved in text format. Saved data cannot be reloaded into the instrument or by the Logger Utility. However, this format is ideal for loading into spreadsheets like Excel.
Calculation Results Only *1	Calc (post meas.)	.CSV*3	Calculation results are saved after measurement. When [Repeat] recording is enabled (On), each measurement's calculation results are appended to the file. When [Split Calculation] is enabled (On), calculation results are appended at each save interval.
Both Wave- form Data and	Waveform +Calc	.MEM, .CSV*3	Waveform data is saved in binary format during measurement, and calculation results are saved at the end of measurement.
Calculation Results*1	CSV + Calc*2	.CSV*3, .CSV*3	Waveform data is saved in text format during measurement, and calculation results are saved at the end of measurement. Saved data cannot be reloaded into the instrument.

The following types of measurement data can be auto-saved.

Calculation must be enabled before starting measurement (p. 183).

*2. When using the [CSV (realtime)] and [CSV+Calc] settings, the available recording interval settings are subject to limitations based on the total number of analog, alarm, and waveform calculation channels (when alarms are on, fixed at four channels). Up to 35 channels: No limitations

From 36 to 75 channels: The 100 ms setting is not available.

76 or more channels: The 100 ms and 200 ms settings are not available. Also, when opening a CSV file in a spreadsheet program, the number of rows that can be loaded is limited.

- *3. The TXT file extension is applied except when [Separator:Comma] is selected on the [System] screen.
 - When communications with a measurement unit and/or a wireless logger NOTE are reestablished after a temporary interruption while automatically saying waveform (binary) data, data being saved is also restored when missing data is restored. However, when using the split save setting, data in files that have already been split and saved will not be restored. Only data associated with files that are currently being saved (i.e., that have not vet been split) can be restored. When automatically saving data in the CSV (text) format, saved data is not restored. Additionally, data cannot be restored if the data in guestion cannot be found on the media, for example if the media has been changed.(p. A33)







The horizontal axis setting is limited when auto saving waveforms (p. 94).

With [Split Save] set to [On]



Also set the **[Split Length]**. Days (0 to 30), Hours (0 to 23), Minutes (0 to 59)

With [Split Save] set to [Ref Time]

You cannot set the split time to 0 d 0 h 0 m. If you attempt to do so, it will be set automatically to 0 d 0 h 1 m.

Split Save	Ref Time
Ref Time	0:0
Split Length	10 min

Also set the following items: [Ref Time]: 0:0 to 23:59 [Split Length]:1, 2, 5, 10, 15, 20, 30 minutes, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12 hours, 1 day

The "Waiting for fixed-time synchronization" message will be displayed at the start of measurement until the recording interval has synchronized with the reference time.

Before starting to measure, confirm that Auto Save is configured correctly, and that the removable storage is properly installed.

Replacing Removable Storage During Real-Time Saving

During real-time saving, removable storage can be replaced without interrupting measurement. This procedure describes replacing a USB flash drive.



- If a storage device is not replaced within ten minutes after selecting "Yes" in the "Do you want to remove the USB memory/SD card?" confirmation dialog, data may overflow internal buffer memory and be lost.
 - If a storage device is replaced during real-time saving, data is saved to a new file.
 - If measurement ends while the removable storage is ejected, even if a removal storage is then inserted, the remaining data is lost. In that case, when connected to a LAN, data can be read from the instrument via the HTTP function. See "10.4 Remote Measurement with the HTTP Server Function" (p. 236).

Saving Manually (Waveform Data, Settings, Screen Images, Numerical Calculation Results)

Press **SAVE** to save data.

- NOTE
 Internal buffer memory capacity limits saving to the most recent eight million data points. If you need to save more data points, enable real-time auto-saving beforehand.
 - Saving can only occur when measurement stops. Saving is not possible while measuring (both waveform data and screen images).

Setting Procedure



First select the saving method. Choose [Select & Save] or [Quick Save].

SAVE Key Settings	Setting options: (* : default setting)	
	Select & Save*	Pressing SAVE displays a dialog. Select the type of contents to be saved, and save the data.
	Quick Save	Pressing SAVE saves data according to the settings on the [System] screen.

See "When [Select & Save] is selected (to save after selecting setting contents)" (p .169) when selecting **[Select & Save]**, and "When you select [Quick Save] (to save data upon pressing SAVE)" (p .168) for **[Quick Save]**.

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When you select [Quick Save] (to save data upon pressing SAVE) Press **SAVE** to immediately save data according to current settings. KEY/LED Quick Save AVE Key Operation File Name ROM/RAM Media SD card Save Type Waveform SD card USB Memory Snar File Sets the save filename.(Up to 8 characters) Name Media Select the priority save destination when [Quick Save] is selected. Setting options: (* : default setting) SD card* Save to the SD memory card first USB Memory Save to the USB flash drive first Save Select the type of data to save. Type Setting options: (* : default setting) Save waveform data. Waveform* Screen Image Save screen image. Setup File Save setting configuration data. Calc Results Save numerical calculation results. Calculation must be configured before saving numerical calculation results (p. 183). Format (When [Waveform] is selected) Select the data format. Setting options: (* : default setting) Select this format to be able to reload the saved data into the Binary* instrument, or so that it can be loaded into the Logger Utility program. CSV Select this format to save the data as a text file. This format is ideal for loading into spreadsheet programs like Excel. Data saved in CSV format cannot be reloaded into the instrument or Logger Utility program. Fortunately, data saved in binary format can be later converted to text (CSV) format with the instrument or Logger Utility. Span (When [Waveform] is selected) Select the time span to be saved. Setting options: (* : default setting) Save all measured waveform data. All* A-B Save waveform data between A/B cursors. Start-A Save waveform data from the start of measurement to cursor A. Start-B Save waveform data from the start of measurement to cursor B. A-End Save waveform data from cursor A to the end of measurement. **B-End** Save waveform data from cursor B to the end of measurement. Before saving a partial waveform, specify the span to be saved (p. 118). · When a save span is specified for calculation, the results are saved for the specified span.
When [Select & Save] is selected (to save after selecting setting contents)

Settings are the same as for Quick Save.

See: For details about the type, format, and span, see (p. 168), and for setting procedures, see (p. 170).



To Save a Setting Configuration

Setting configurations can be saved as data files and later reloaded into the instrument when you need to make more measurements with the same settings.

Up to five setting configurations can be saved to internal memory, and more can be stored on the removal storage device.



6.3 Loading Data on the instrument

Previously stored binary waveform data, captured screen images and saved setting configurations can be reloaded into the instrument (p. 159).

NOTE Communications settings (LAN, USB) cannot be loaded while the instrument is sending an e-mail.(p. 263)

Loading a Setting Configuration

(continues on next page)

Setting configurations saved in the instrument's memory or on a removable storage can be reloaded.



Select the checkboxes to indicate whether to load unit registration information and communications settings and select [Yes]. (Select the unit registration information checkbox to load unit registration information, and select the communications settings (LAN, USB) checkbox to load communications settings.)

Load? If you load setting file, wave form will be lost. Yes No Unit information Communications (LAN, USB)	
Unit information	

4 () () Apply



To load settings data automatically (auto setup)

- · Loading settings from the instrument's memory
- 1 Open the [Load Set] screen. See: "Loading a Setting Configuration" (p .171)
- 2 Select the load destination.
- **3** Set the [Auto load] setting to the settings number you wish to have load automatically.

Select:(* : default setting)

 Off*
 Does not load settings automatically.

 No1 to No 5
 Selects the file to load automatically.

Interv 5 Undo 13-04-13 13:03:45 2s No. 1 Repeat No. 2	
Time/D 2s No. 1 Repeat No. 2	
2s No. 1 Repeat No. 2	
Record No. 4	
Tine 007 0 0 No. 2 0 0 No. 2 0 0 No. 2 10 0 No. 3 10 0 No. 3	nce I Cance

 Loading settings from external media Setting configuration data saved as a file named STARTUP.SET in the [HIOKI_LR8410] -[CONFIG] folder can be automatically reloaded at power-on.

When setting configurations are stored on both SD memory card and USB flash drive, the SD memory card has priority.

When [File Protection: High] is selected on the System screen, Auto Setup is not available.

Reverting to previous settings

When a settings file is loaded, the current settings will be automatically saved to the settings list Undo in the instrument's memory. Settings are overwritten each time a settings file is loaded.

You can revert the instrument to its state before the last settings file was loaded by loading the Undo settings.



Loading Waveform Data and Screen Images

Saved binary waveform data and screen images can be reloaded in the instrument.



When loading waveforms

When the amount of data in a file to be loaded exceeds the internal buffer memory capacity, you can specify a data point (number) at which to start loading ([Top of data num] in fig. below). The loadable data size shows the [Readable data num] (maximum number of data points) that can be loaded. This setting is not needed if the data to be loaded will fit in internal buffer memory. Select [OK] to load the data.



Unit registration information and communications settings (LAN, USB) can also be loaded. Select the checkbox for the settings you wish to load. Settings for unselected checkboxes will not be loaded. 6

6.4 Data Management

You can manage data stored on a removable storage in the instrument.

- Format removable storage (p. 62)
- · Load a file (when the file is selected) (p. 171)
- · Move displayed folders (when the folder is selected) (p. 176)
- Delete data (p. 177)
- Rename files and folders (p. 178)
- Copy data (p. 179)
- Sort files (p. 180)

Switching removable storage



Select the File screen

SD memory card contents* are displayed.



Press FILE again.

USB flash drive contents are displayed.

Press FILE to toggle between SD memory card drive and USB flash drive.



*: When only a USB flash drive is inserted in the instrument, its contents are displayed. If only one media type has been inserted, the drive cannot be switched.

Viewing Folder Contents and the Parent Folder



Deleting Data

Folder and files on the removable storage can be deleted.



- NOTE · To protect against inadvertent data loss, the HIOKI_LR8410 and DATA folders cannot be deleted. If you need to delete one of these folders, rename it first.
 - · Read-only files can only be deleted with a PC.

Renaming Files and Folders

Folders and files on a removable storage can be renamed. File names may consist of up to 26 regular characters.



Copying Data

Files and folders can be copied between a SD memory card and USB flash drive.



- · Folder copying is supported for up to eight hierarchical levels. Folders NOTE more than eight levels deep cannot be copied.
 - A file cannot be copied if one with the same name already exists at the destination

Sorting Files

Files can be sorted in ascending or descending order according to a selected sort key.



6.5 Transferring Data to a PC (USB Drive Mode)

Data saved to a SD memory card can be transferred to a PC using the supplied USB cable. Before connecting the USB cable to the instrument, set the communications interface setting to USB (p. 216), and select "USB Drive Mode" on the instrument.

NOTE

- Refer to the Logger Utility Instruction Manual (on the supplied CD) to observe data using the Logger Utility program on a PC (p. 234).
 - USB flash drive data cannot be loaded. Instead, insert the USB flash drive into the computer's USB slot.

Select the USB Drive Mode



NOTE If you use a computer to format the memory to a format other than FAT or FAT32 (for example, NTFS) while in USB drive mode, the instrument may not be recognized the next time you change to USB drive mode, or data may be not loaded on the File screen.

6.5 Transferring Data to a PC (USB Drive Mode)

Connecting the USB Cable

Compatible OS: Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8 or Windows 10

<u>∧</u>CAUTION

- Do not eject the SD memory card or pull out the USB cable during data transfer. Doing so would prevent proper data transfer.
 - The instrument and PC should be connected to the same earth ground. If grounded separately, potential difference between the ground points can cause malfunctions or damage when connecting the USB cable.

Before connecting the USB cable to the instrument, select the USB Drive Mode on the [System] screen. Otherwise, the instrument's SD memory card cannot be accessed.



To exit USB Drive Mode



Numerical Calculations/Waveform Calculations Chapter 7

7.1 Calculate Average, Maximum, Minimum, and Etc.

Calculations can be applied to measured data. Six types of calculation are available, six of which can be applied at the same time.

See: Refer to "7.2 Numerical Value Calculation Expressions" (p. 190) for details of the calculation methods. You can specify the measurement time span over which calculations are to be applied (p. 189).

Types of calculations

- Average value
- Average value of waveform data
- Peak-to-peak value of waveform data Peak value
- Maximum value Maximum value of waveform data Minimum value of waveform data

Observation

- Minimum value
- Time to maximum value.
- Time to minimum value
- Time elapsed from the start of measurement to the maximum value Time elapsed from the start of measurement to the minimum value

Two methods are available for applying calculations, as follows. **Real-Time Calculation While** Calculation after Measuring Measuring (Auto Calculation) (Manual Calculation) Configure numerical calculations before starting Configure numerical calculations after measuremeasurement. Performs calculations in real time ment (p. 188). while measuring (p. 186). The latest calculated values can be viewed on the Wave/Numerical screen ([Wave+Calc] display). End of Measurement Calculated values can also be saved at specific intervals to a text (CSV) file. WAVE/DATA SET FILE (Setting Screen or Wave/Numerical Screen) (Setting Screen) Set Numerical Calculation to [On], and se-Set Numerical Calculation to [On], and select the calculation types. lect the calculation types WAVE/DATA SET To save calculation results automatically (Setting Screen) (Wave/Numerical Screen) Enable Auto Save (p. 163) Execute Calculations START Observation Start and finish measuring

NOTE When input significantly exceeds the range's measurable range (in the positive direction, +OVER; in the negative direction, -OVER), calculated values and saved data are treated as described in the following table in the event of a temporary interruption to communications or burnout detection (during thermocouple measurement):

Input type	Input range	+OVER	-OVER	Burnout detection
	10 mV	0.0163835	-0.016384	-
	20 mV	0.032767	-0.016384	-
	50 mV	0.32767	-0.32768	-
	100 mV	0.163835	-0.16384	-
	200 mV	0.32767	-0.32768	-
	500 mV	3.2767	-3.2768	-
Voltage	1 V	1.6384	-1.6384	-
voltage	2 V	3.2767	-3.2768	-
	5 V	32.767	-32.768	-
	10 V	16.3835	-16.384	-
	20 V	32.767	-32.768	-
	50 V	327.67	-327.68	-
	100 V	163.835	-163.84	-
	1-5 V	16.3835	-16.384	-
	100°C	327.67	-327.68	327.66
Thermocouple	500°C	1638.4	-1638.4	1638.3
memocoupie	1000°C 2000°C	3276.7	-3276.8	3276.6
	100°C	327.67	-327.68	-
RTD	500°C	1638.4	-1638.4	-
	2000°C	3276.7	-3276.8	-
Humidity	100%RH	3276.7	-3276.8	3276.6 (LR8514 or LR8520)
	10 Ω	16.3835	-16.384	-
Desistants	20 Ω	32.767	-32.768	-
Resistance	100 Ω	163.835	-163.84	-
	200 Ω	327.67	-327.68	-
Integration	1000Mc	2147483647	-	-
Rotation	5000r/s	2147483647	-	-
Logic	-	-	-	-

			1	
Input type	Input range	+OVER	-OVER	Burnout detection
	500 mA	3.2767	-3.2768	-
	5 A	32.767	-32.768	-
	50 A	327.67	-327.68	-
	500 A	3276.7	-3276.8	-
Current	10 A	327.67	-327.68	-
Current	100 A	3276.7	-3276.8	-
	1000 A	32767	-32768	-
	20 A	327.67	-327.68	-
	200 A	3276.7	-3276.8	-
	2000 A	32767	-32768	-
Temperature	100°C	327.67	-32768	3276.6
Fungal index	200	-	-	-
Fungal growth projection	100	-	-	-

NOTE

 If "NO DATA" is displayed for the data of the object channels for calculation due to a communication interruption or other causes, the data will be not treated as the object for the numerical calculation.

• If the calculation range consists of the data that are displayed as "NO DATA," the instrument will display "---" on the screen and the numerical calculation result to be saved will be zero.

7

Key Setting Procedure



Real-Time Calculation While Measuring (Auto Calculation)

Calculations are automatically performed in real time while measuring.





Calculation after Measuring (Manual Calculation)

After measuring, configure and execute calculations.



Apply Calculations to a Specific Time Span (Manual Calculation Only)

After measuring, calculation can be applied to a specified time span. Make any other calculation settings before specifying the calculation time span (P.188, 1 to 5).



7.2 Numerical Value Calculation Expressions

Average	$AVE = \frac{l}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} di$	Obtains the average value of waveform data. <i>AVE</i> : Average value <i>n</i> : Data count <i>di</i> : Data on channel number <i>i</i>
Peak Value (P-P)	Maximum value Minimum value Péak value	Obtains the value of the difference (peak-to-peak value) between maximum and minimum values of waveform data.
Maximum Value	Maximum value	Obtains the maximum value of waveform data.
Minimum Value	Minimum value	Obtains the minimum value of waveform data.
Time to maximum value	Start of Measurement Maximum value Time to maximum value	Acquires the time (s) elapsed from the start of re- cording to maximum value. When there are two or more maxima, this value is the first to occur.
Time to minimum value	Time to minimum value Minimum value Start of Measurement	Acquires the time (s) elapsed from the start of re- cording to minimum value. When there are two or more minima, this value is the first to occur.
Interval Calculation (Auto Calc only) (p. 187)	When [On] Start of Measurement When [Ref Time] Start of Start of Measurement Start of Start of Measurement Start of Measurement Start of Measurement	When [Split Save] is enabled ([On] or [Ref Time]), calculation results are saved at the specified interval. When [On]: Set the [Split Length]. Calculation results for the specified time span are automatically saved. You cannot set the split time to 0 d 0 h 0 m. If you attempt to do so, it will be set automatically to 0 d 0 h 1 m. When [Ref Time]: Set the [Split time] and [Split Length]. Calculation results for the reference time are automatically content of the set automatically to 0 d 0 h 1 m.
	Measurement Measurement	tomatically saved for the specified time span.

7.3 Waveform Calculations

Coefficient a x [CH A] (×, ÷, +, or -) coefficient b × [CH B] + coefficient c

(CH A and CH B may be any input channels' measurement data, selectable from CH1-1 to 7-15 or waveform calculation result channels W1 to W29 (reused as inputs, as long as the channel number is smaller than number of the final calculation result channel). For example, to obtain results on W3, [CHA] and [CHB] can be set to W1 and W2, respectively.)

The above formula is set up beforehand, calculation result waveforms are displayed on the Waveform screen while measuring, and calculated values can be saved. Up to 30 calculation result waveform channels (W1 to W30) are available at once.

Power calculation settings can also be configured.

NOTE Waveform calculations cannot be performed after measurement.

Key Setting Procedure



192 7.3 Waveform Calculations



The calculation formula can be entered on the [Conv/Calc] screen.

The calculation formula entered for channel W1 can be copied to other channels (p. 101).



Calculating Power (When Using the LR8513)

You can have the instrument calculate power using the waveform calculation formula by configuring the settings shown in the [Power Calculation] dialog box.

- NOTE This functionality uses a simplified approach to calculating the power, and the calculation results may differ from the actual power value. Use a power meter if you require an accurate power measurement.
 - Data that has been specified as a current value is not checked to verify that it does in fact represent a current value. The calculation will be performed regardless of the type of data specified.



7.3 Waveform Calculations

The calculation formula can be entered on the [Conv/Calc] screen.

The calculation formula entered for channel W1 can be copied to other channels (p. 101).



System Environment Settings Chapter 8

Settings affecting the clock, SAVE key operation and self testing are made from the [System] screen.



Key Setting Procedure



8.1 Operation Settings

Using the Auto-Resume Function (Resume After Power Restoration)

If a power outage or other power loss causes an interruption in recording (while the LED on the left side of **START** is lit), you can automatically resume recording when the power is restored. If you are using triggers, the triggers are restored to the **[Waiting for trigger]** state.

NOTE When Auto-Resume is enabled, measurement data that was in internal buffer memory before the outage is lost when measurement resumes. To retain measurement data from before an outage, disable Auto-Resume (set to Off).

To retain measurement data from before an outage and resume measuring automatically afterwards, enable Auto Save (p. 163).

Start Backup (Auto Resume)

Setting options:(* : default setting)
--

Off*	Do not use the Auto-Resume Function.
On	Use the Auto-Resume Function.



File Protection Level Setting

If power is lost within about ten minutes after power-on, files on the removable storage may be corrupted, and the device could be damaged. These risks can be avoided by setting the file protection level to [High].

File Protection

Setting options:(* : default setting)

- Although removable storage is recognized and ready for recording im-Low* mediately upon power-on, if power is lost within about ten minutes after power-on, files on the removable storage may be corrupted, and the device could be damaged.
- Removable storage is not recognized for ten minutes after power-on High (when data could be corrupted or the device damaged).

L Start Baalum	044
File Protection	Low
DISF Key Setting	

NOTE Auto-Setup is not available when [High] is selected (p. 172).

Screen Key Operation Settings 8.2

"Key Setting Procedure" (p .196) See:

Enabling and Disabling the Backlight Saver

A backlight saver can be activated after a specified number of minutes during which no operation key is pressed. The backlight saver turns off the backlight of the LCD, prolonging the lifetime of the backlight by turning it off when not needed.

To deactivate the backlight saver, press any key. The operating screen appears again.

Backlight Saver

Setting options:(* : default setting)

Off*	Disables the backlight saver function.
	The operating screen is always displayed.

1 min, 2 min, The backlight saver is activated if the specified time is exceed-5 min, 10 min, ed.

30 min



- Be aware that power is still consumed even when the backlight is off, so be sure to turn the instrument power switch off when not in use.
- While the backlight saver is active, the instrument's measuring state is still indicated by the LED.

Adjust Backlight Brightness

Backlight brightness can be selected from four levels. Lower brightness settings provide longer battery operating time.

Backlight When the [Backlight Brightness] setting is selected, pressing Brightness ENTER repeated cycles through the four brightness levels.

Setting options:(* : default setting) 100%*, 70%, 40%, 25% (four-step brightness setting)



Selecting Black or White Screen Background

The screen background can be set to black or white.





Black Background

0

Display Color (Background Color)

Setting options:(* : default setting)

Black* Make background black.

White Make background white.

Bank Ignt Brighthess	
Display Color	Black

Enabling or Disabling the Beeper

The beeper can be set to sound when an error occurs.

Beep Sound

(Beeper)

Setting options:(* : default setting)

On*Emit a beep sound on error messages (error and warning displays).OffDo not emit beep sound.

LUISNIAV LAIME	Black
Beep Sound	On
Horz (lume) Dien	Lino

NOTE When the alarm beeper is enabled, no beep sounds when a warning or error occurs while measuring.

Selecting the Horizontal (Time) Axis Display

Select the display method for the horizontal axis at the bottom of the screen. This setting also determines the time display for data saved in CSV format.



Horz(Time) Disp

(Time Va Displ

Time*	Displays the time span from the start of measurement. If triggering is enabled, the displayed time span is from the last trigger event.
Date	Displays the date and time every ten divisions.
Data Pts	Displays the number of data points from the start of measurement. If triggering is enabled, the displayed data points begin from the last trigger event.

lanéllaée Enélich

(Time) Disp

Selecting the Display Language

Horz

Select the display language.

Language

Setting options:(* : default setting)		
English*	Display in English.	
Japanese	Display in Japanese.	

HOTZ (LIME/ UISD	Lime	
Language	English	
Start/Ston message		

Display of Start/Stop Confirmation Messages

To help avoid operator errors, confirmation messages can be displayed when measurement is manually started or stopped.

Start/Stop message	Setting options:(* : default setting)		
(Start/Stop Confirmation	Off	Confirmation messages are not displayed. Pressing START and STOP start and stop measurement immediately.	
Messages)	On*	Confirmation messages are displayed. To start or stop measurement, move the cursor to "Yes" and press ENTER .	
	Lansua Start/	Stop message On	

CSV File Saving Settings 8.3

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .196)

CSV File Data Decimal and Separator Characters

Select decimal point and separator characters for CSV file data.

Decimal Mark (Decimal Point	Setting options:(* : default setting)		
Character)	Dot*	Select the period character.	
	Comma	Select the comma character.	
Separator (Separator	Decimal M Setting optic	ark Dot	
Character)	Comma*	Select the comma character.	
	Space	Select the space character.	
	Tab	Select the tab character.	
	Semicolon	Select the semicolon character.	
	Separator	ark Dot Comma	

The comma character cannot be selected for both decimal point and NOTE separator at the same time. By default, comma is the separator character, so it is not available as the decimal character. To select comma as the decimal character, first select a different separator character.

Select the sort order for numerical calculation results

Select whether to save numerical calculation results in a single or multiple CSV files

N-Calc. Data Saving	Setting option	ons:(* : default setting)	
(Sort order for numerical	Single file*	Saves numerical calculation results in a single file.	
calculation	Split save	Saves numerical calculation results in multiple files.	
results)	See: "Appendix 3 File Naming" (p. A9)		
	N-Calc. D	ata Saving Single file	

Setting How to Handle Date Data Stored in CSV Files

This section describes how to configure the handling of date data stored in CSV files.

Date set

format Setting options:(* : default setting)

Comment*	When opening data as a text file, outputs date data using the fol-
	lowing format: ' [apostrophe] year (2 digits) - month (2 digits) -
	day (2 digits) hours (2 digits) : minutes (2 digits) : seconds (2
	digits) . milliseconds (1 digit).
	This information is treated as a comment in Excel.
Split msec. Set the horizontal axis (time value) display to [Date].	When opening data as a text file, outputs date data using the fol- lowing format: " [double-quotation mark] year (4 digits) - month (2 digits) - day (2 digits) hours (2 digits) : minutes (2 digits) : sec-
	onds (2 digits) " [double-quotation mark]. Time data less than 1 s (unit: ms) is output as separate data.
	In Excel, sub-second time data is displayed in a separate col-
	umn. This format is convenient when you wish to combine CSV data acquired from different instruments in Excel.

Date set format Comment

8.4 External Trigger Input Settings

See: "Key Setting Procedure" (p .196)

Selecting the External Trigger Function

Select the function of the EXT.TRIG input terminal.

External Trig In	Setting options:(* : default setting)		
(External Trigger Input)	Trigger*	Triggering occurs when a signal is applied to the EXT.TRIG termi- nal.	
	Event	An event mark is inserted into measurement data when a signal is applied to the EXT.TRIG terminal.	
	External	Trig In Trigger	
Set Alarm E	vent Mar	king	

Selects whether an event mark is inserted when an alarm event occurs.

Event mark for alarm	Setting opti	ons:(* : default setting)
(Alarm Event	Off*	Event marks are not inserted by alarm events.
Marking)	On	Event marks are inserted by alarm events.
	Event mai	ris in Figer k for alarm Off

8.5 Making System Settings

Setting the Date and Time

The instrument is equipped with an auto-calendar, automatic leap year detection, and a 24-hour clock.

If the clock is not set to the correct time, measurement start time (start trigger time) and file date information will be incorrect. If this occurs, reset the clock.

When a wireless logger is connected, the wireless logger will be set to the same time as the instrument.



Initializing the instrument (System Reset)

This procedure resets all settings to their factory defaults. You can select whether to initialize unit registration information and communications settings (LAN, USB).

The system is reset by pressing and holding **STOP** while turning the instrument **POWER** switch on.

See: About the factory default settings:"Appendix 6 List of Default Settings" (p. A12)



Setting configuration and language selection saved in the instrument are not reset. Communications settings (LAN, USB) cannot be reset while the instrument is sending an e-mail (p. 263).

Initializing All Settings (All Reset)

To reset the setting configuration and language selection saved in the instrument, hold **START** and **STOP** while turning the instrument on.

When the power is switched on, the language selection screen will display for you to choose the language you wish to use.

All Reset sets the communications interface to USB.

Self-Test

The following self tests are available. Results are displayed on the screen.

If any faults are found, have the instrument repaired. Contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.



Self-Test	Details
KEY/LED	Tests the keys and LEDs for correct operation. After every key has been pressed, the KEY/LED check finishes. Pressing START also tests whether the LED lights. If you notice a malfunction, press START and STOP simultaneously to abort the test.
LCD	Tests the screen display (character test, gradation test, color test) The screen changes each time you press an operation key. If the display screen seems abnormal, request repairs.
ROM/RAM	ROM/RAM Tests the instrument's internal memory (ROM and RAM) If "NG" appears, request repairs.
SD card	Tests whether the inserted SD memory card can be recognized by the instru- ment. Use only the included SD memory card or a genuine HIOKI optional SD memory card. Proper operation is not guaranteed with other SD memory cards, and you may not be able to properly save and load data.
USB Memory	Tests whether the inserted USB flash drive is recognized by the instrument. (Proper operation of USB flash drives cannot be guaranteed. It is recommended to use the included SD memory card or a genuine HIOKI optional SD memory card.)
Unit Information	Tests the configuration display for currently connected input units as well as the input units.
External Control Chapter 9

The external control terminals on the instrument support trigger signal input and output.

Be sure to read p. 52 to p. 53 for external control terminal connection details.

9.1 External Trigger Input

Triggering can be controlled by applying a signal from an external trigger source (p. 136).

This allows synchronous operation of multiple instruments by parallel triggering (p. 209).



See "Using External Triggering"(p .136) for setting procedures and trigger signal details.

The external signal input function can be changed to insert event marks.

See:"Inserting Event Marks Using External Input Signals"(p .122)

Trigger Input Signals

Voltage range	HIGH level: 2.5 to 5.0 V, LOW level: 0 to 0.8 V
Pulse width	HIGH period: 2.5 ms or greater, LOW period 2.5 ms or greater
Maximum input voltage	DC0 to 10 V



9

9.2 External Signal Output (Trigger Output)

You can output a signal when a trigger event occurs. This allows synchronous operation of multiple instruments by parallel triggering (p. 209).



Frigger Output	Signals
Output signal	Open drain output (with 5 V voltage output), active LOW
Output voltage level	HIGH level: 4.0 to 5.0 V, LOW level: 0 to 0.5 V
Pulse width	LOW level: 100 ms or greater
Maximum switching capacity	5 to 30 VDC, 5 mA max



NOTE

The signal is output even when triggering is not enabled. When triggering is not otherwise used, a trigger signal is output during measurement.

Signal Output Procedure

Connect the instrument's TRIG.OUT external control terminal to the external device to be triggered.

(See the connection procedure on p. 53)

When a trigger event occurs, a pulse wave changing from the HIGH level (4.0 to 5.0 V) to the LOW level (0 to 0.5 V) is output from the TRIG.OUT terminal.

9.3 Alarm Signal Output (Alarm Output)

This signal is output when alarm criteria are satisfied. Specify the desired alarm criteria.

See: "5.9 Alarm Output" (p. 151)





About the Alarm Output Signal

Output signal	Open drain output (with 5 V voltage output), active LOW
Output voltage level	HIGH level: 4.0 to 5.0 V, LOW level: 0 to 0.5 V
Output response time	Recording interval + 3 sec. or less (When one measurement unit or wireless logger is connected, good com- munications) Recording interval + 5 sec. or less (When seven measurement units or wireless loggers are connected, good communications)
NOTE	When the communications state is poor, it may take some time for the alarm to be output.
Maximum switch rating	5 to 30 VDC, 200 mA

Below is a diagram showing the structure map of the instrument's alarm output circuit, and an example of a connection with the relay.



Signal Output Procedure

Connect the instrument's ALM external control terminals to the external devices.

(See the connection procedure on p. 52)

When the alarm criteria are satisfied, a Low level (0 to 0.5 V) signal is output.

Example of an alarm output connection

9.4 Synchronous Measurements with Multiple instruments

NOTE Although this function synchronizes the measurement start time of multiple instruments to the external trigger signal, it does not synchronize actual sampling times. Over long-term measurements, data acquisition times will differ because of sampling block scattering on each instrument.

Multiple instruments can be synchronized using the external control terminals. Two synchronization methods are available, as follows.



Use this method to minimize the trigger time differ- GND ence between instruments.



Connection example

Connection to a PC (Communication) Chapter 10

Communication is available by connecting a PC to the instrument with an Ethernet or USB cable.

Communication Features

Item	LAN (100BASE-T)	USB	Ref.
Real-time measurements using the Logger Utility program (on the supplied CD)	0	0	10.3 (p. 234)
Remote operation by HTTP server	0* ²	х	10.4 (p. 236)
Manual data acquisition by FTP server	0	Х	10.5 (p. 242)
Auto send data to FTP client	O*1	Х	10.6 (p. 246)
Automatic e-mail sending (notification)	O*1	х	10.7 (p. 263)
Measuring with a program created with Visual Basic	O* ³	0	10.8 (p. 270)

*1 : Not available while measuring with the Logger Utility.

- *2 : Not available while measuring with the Logger Utility or a program created with Visual Basic or other languages.
- *3 : Data cannot be transferred in real time with recording intervals shorter than one second. Use the Logger Utility for shorter recording intervals. However, data recorded at shorter intervals can still be obtained after measurement has finished.

To create a program, see the Communications Command Instruction Manual on the supplied application CD.

CAUTION When connecting the instrument to your LAN using a LAN cable of more than 30 m or with a cable laid outdoors, take appropriate countermeasures that include installing a surge protector for LANs. Such signal wiring is susceptible to induced lighting, which can cause damage to the

instrument.

Chapter 10 Connection to a PC (Communication)

10

10.1 USB Settings and Connections

Connect the USB cable to a PC to transfer data from the SD memory card (p. 181), and to communicate using the Logger Utility (p. 234), or communications commands (p. 270).

1.Configuring the instrument

Select the instrument's USB interface.



2. Installing the USB Driver

Install the USB driver as described below before connecting to the instrument via USB cable.

Install the driver.

Run [DriverSetup32.msi] in the CD. If [Logger Utility] is already installed, run the CD from the following location. [c:\Program Files\HIOKI\LoggerUtility\Driver\SetupDriver32.msi]

If you are using the Windows Vista[®]/Windows 7/Windows 8/Windows 10 64bit version: Run [DriverSetup64.msi] in the CD. If Logger Utility is already installed, run the CD from the following location. [c:\Program Files\HIOKI\LoggerUtility\Driver\SetupDriver64.msi]

NOTE Depending on the environment, the dialog box may take some time to appear so please wait till it does so.

2 Click [Next].

Welcome to the HIOKI Logger USB Driver Setup Wizard	5
The installer will guide you through the steps required to install HIDKI Logger USB Dir computer.	ver on your
WARNING: This computer program is protected by copyright law and international the Unsubhorced duplication or distribution of the program, or any portion of it, may result or criminal penalties, and will be prosecuted to the maximum extent possible under the Clicck	in severe civil
🖞 HIOKI Logger USB Driver	- 🗆 🗙
Select Installation Folder	-
The installer will install HIDKI Logger USB Driver to the following folder.	
To install in this folder, click 'Next''. To install to a different folder, enter it below or cli	sk "Browse".
Eolder: C#Program Files (x86)#HIOKI#HIOKI Logger USB Driver¥	rowse
	sk Cost

Cancel

< Back

3 When you want to change the installation destination

Click[Browse...] to change the folder to install into. Normally, there is no need to change.

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10.1 USB Settings and Connections

4 Click [Next] to start installing.



Installing



For Windows Vista[®]/Windows 7/ Windows 8/Windows 10

When a dialog box requesting your permission to continue the program appears, click [Continue].

For Windows XP

During the installation, a message saying that the software has not passed Windows[®] Logo testing will appear a few times, click [Continue Anyway] to continue installing.





Sometimes another dialog box requesting your permission to install the software may appear. When it does, check [Always trust software from "HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION"] and click [Install] to continue.

5 When installation is completed and the dialog box appears, click [Close] to exit.

This completes the driver installation.

Windows Security	
Would you like to install this device software?	
Name: HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION Universal Serial Publisher: HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION	
Always trust software from "HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION".	Install Don't Install
You should only install driver software from publishers you device software is safe to install?	a trust. How can I decide which



3. Connecting the instrument to a PC

Connect the instrument to the PC with a USB cable. Install the USB driver before communicating with the instrument the first time (p. 213).





The first time the computer is connected to the instrument, follow the next steps to recognize the instrument.

For Windows Vista[®]/Windows 7/Windows 8/Windows 10

The instrument is automatically recognized, and preparations to use the device are complete.

For Windows XP

A [Found New Hardware Wizard] dialog box will appear and the new hardware detection wizard will begin.

Check [No, not this time] and click [Next].

2 Check [Install the software automatically (Recommended)] and click [Next].

Please wait while the driver is being installed.







3 Click [Continue Anyway].

A message saying that the software has not passed Windows[®] Logo testing will appear a few times, click [Continue Anyway] to continue installing.



10.1 USB Settings and Connections

4 When installation is completed and the dialog box appears, click [Close] to exit.

This completes the driver installation.



Features Available After USB Setting and Connection

Transferring Data from a SD memory card to a PC (p. 181)

Data saved to a SD memory card can be transferred to a PC.

Controlling by Logger Utility(p. 234)

The supplied Logger Utility program provides PC control over instrument settings and measurement data recording and observing.

Controlling by Communications Commands (p. 270)

See the Communications Command Instruction Manual on the supplied application CD.

4. Installing the Logger Utility Program

The Logger Utility program can be installed from the supplied CD, or you can download the latest version from the Hioki web site.

Operating Environment Confirmation and Preparation

Verify operating environment compatibility before installing.

Operating Environment

OS	Windows XP (32-bit) Windows Vista [®] (32-bit/64-bit) Windows 7 (32-bit/64-bit) Windows 8 (32-bit/64-bit) Windows 10 (32-bit/64-bit)
CPU	1 GHz or faster x 86 or 64-bit processor
Display	1,024 × 768 dots or better, 65,536 color or better
Memory	RAM: 1 GB or more for 32-bit, 2 GB or more for 64-bit
Hard disk space	3 GB or more
Interface	An available Ethernet or USB receptacle

Preparation

Insert the supplied CD in the PC's CD-ROM drive, or unzip the downloaded application program file on the PC.



Installation Procedure

Install the Logger Utility with this procedure. This explanation is for installing the software on Windows 7. The messages displayed may differ slightly depending on other operation system or settings you are using.

Important

If you are running software such as antivirus software, be sure to end the software before you start the installation. The installation may not be performed properly if antivirus software is running.

Start up Windows[®].

Exit all running applications.

Insert the included CD into the PC's CD-ROM drive.

The installer run automatically.

3 Click the [Next] button, accept the terms of the license agreement, and click the [Next] button.



If the installer does not launch Run [Setup.exe] on the CD-R disc.

In Windows Vista[®], Windows 7, Windows 8, and Windows 10, Although the dialog which ask for installation permission of application, click [Allow].



A Select the [All users] checkbox and click the [Next] button.

To change the install location: Click the [Browse] button and select the folder into which you wish to install the software. There is normally no need to change the install location.

5 Click [Next] to start installing.

Installation starts.

To interrupt installation in progress, click [Cancel].

进 HIOKI Logger Utility	
Select Installation Folder	
The installer will install HIOKI Logger Utility to the following folder. To install in this folder, click "Next". To install to a different folder, en	ter it below or click "Browse".
Eolder: C#Program Files (x86)#H0XKMLogger Utility#	Browse
ht Everyone who us	
Just me	Click
Cancel	CBack Next>
	_ _ ×
HIOKI Logger Utility	



Installation finished

Uninstalling the Logger Utility

When the Logger Utility is no longer needed, uninstall it with the following procedure.

Windows Vista[®]/Windows XP/Windows 7: From the Windows[®] Start menu, select the [Control Panel].

Windows 8:

On the desktop, in the Charm Bar, click [Settings] - [Control Panel].

Windows 10:

From the Windows[®] Start menu, select the [Windows System] -[Control Panel]



2 Double click [Add or Remove Programs].



The [Add or Remove Programs] screen appears.

3 Select [HIOKI Logger Utility] on the list of currently installed programs and delete it.

The installer will be launched automatically.

😋 🔵 🗢 🔯 🕨 Control Panel 🛛	Programs Programs and Features	✓ 4→ Search Programs	and Features 🔎
Control Panel Home	Uninstall or change a program		
View installed updates	To uninstall a program, select it from the	list and then click Uninstall, Change	, or Repair.
off	Organize - Click		ii • 🔞
	Name	Publisher	Installed Or
	HIOKI Logger Utility	HIOKI	6/7/2013
Programs and Features			
Are you sure you want to u	ninstall HIOKI Logger Utility?		
📥 i i			
In the future, do not show me	this dialog box Yes No		
HIOKI Logger Utility			
Please wat while Windo	ws configures HIOKI Logger Utility		
Gathering required information			
	Cancel		
Lininat	all complete		

You will be returned to the [Add and Delete Programs] dialog box. Settings and other files will be left on the computer and can be deleted manually if no longer needed.

10.2 LAN Settings and Connections (Before connecting to the network)

10.2 LAN Settings and Connections (Before connecting to the network)

Before operating a computer to use FTP or a web browser, or to communicate with the instrument by using commands, be sure to make LAN setting on the instrument and connect between the instrument and computer with a LAN cable.

NOTE Always make LAN settings before connecting to the network. If you change settings while connected to the network, IP addresses may overlap or invalid address data may flow over the network.

Things to Check Before Making Settings

The required settings are different, depending on whether the instrument is to be connected to an existing network or whether a new network consisting only of the instrument and one PC is to be configured.

When Connecting the instrument to an Existing Network

The following items must be assigned in advance by your network administrator. Be sure that there is no conflict with other devices.

Whether to use DHCP	Yes/No
The host name and ad- dress of the instrument	Subnet mask:
Gateway	Whether to use a gateway: Yes/No IP Address (when used): (When DHCP is used, the gateway address is obtained from the DHCP server, so it does not need to be specified here)
Whether to use DNS	Yes/No
IIP address (if used)	(When DHCP is used, the IP address is obtained from the DHCP server, so it does not need to be specified here)
The TCP/IP port number to use	X (default 880x) (Specify at least the three most significant digits of the four- or five-digit port number. The least significant digit (0 to 9) is reserved for use by the instrument. Specify when the default 8800 to 8809 cannot be used.)

When Configuring a New Network with a PC and This instrument

(Using as Local Network Without External Connections) If there is not administrator for your network, or if you have been entrusted with settings, the following addresses are recommended.

(Settings IP Address	
(SettingsIP Addressexample)PC: 192.168.1.1	
First logger : 192.168.1.2	
Second logger : 192.168.1.3 and so on, in sequence. \downarrow	
Host name : Any name (However, must be unique)	
Subnet mask : 255.255.255.0	
Gateway : Off	
DNS : Off	
DHCP : Off	
Port number : 880X	

octaing items	
Use DHCP* *: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol	DHCP is a protocol that allows devices to automatically obtain and set their own IP addresses. If you enable DHCP and there is a DHCP server operating in the same net- work, the instrument's IP address, subnet mask, and gateway can be ob- tained and set automatically.
Host Name	This is a name that identifies the instrument on the network. Assign a host name that is different from the names of all other devices. This instrument does not support dynamic DNS, the name that you set is not registered with a DNS server.
IP Address	This is an address that identifies an individual device on a network. Assign an address that is different from the addresses of all other devices. If DHCP is enabled, the address is assigned automatically by the DHCP server.
Subnet Mask	This is a setting used to divide an IP address shown to the network into a network address and a host address. Use the same subnet mask for all devices in the same network. If DHCP is enabled, the subnet mask is assigned automatically by the DHCP server.
Use Gateway IP Address	 For network connections: When your PC (or the communicating device) is on another network than this instrument, set this to [On] and specify the gateway device. When the PC is on the same network, this is usually set to the same address as the default gateway in the PC communications settings. When connecting the instrument to one computer: Set to [OFF] when connecting the instrument and computer to the same hub. When DHCP is enabled, the gateway IP address will be acquired from the DHCP server.
DNS(Domain Name System)	When DNS is enabled, you will be able to specify the destination device by name rather than IP address. (IP addresses, which consist of a series of numbers, are difficult to remember. It is easier to specify devices by name than by IP address.) If there is a nameserver operating on the network, it is possible to query that server to search for an IP address based on a name. When DNS is enabled, this information will be acquired from the DHCP server.
	,

Setting Items

Authorization User Name and Password

These are used when you login to the instrument by FTP, or use a PC browser (with the authorization setting set to on).

When authorization is enabled, login is not possible unless a correct user name and password are entered. This setting is recommended if you wish to restrict the users who can access the instrument.

The "Password" item is displayed as "**********.

Valid characters: Alphabetic characters and symbols

If you want to allow anyone to access, or you wish to login as "anonymous" with a FTP client, leave the user name and password fields blank.

1. PC Network Setup

The setup procedure is the same when connecting one instrument to the PC as it is when connecting multiple instruments to the PC through a hub.

These instructions presume a network configured as follows.

IP Address	192.168.1.0/24 (network address) (or, enter 192.168.1.1 as a private IP address [*])
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0

*: Although the IP address can be freely set, a private IP address is normally more secure.

To display the following dialogs Windows 7/Windows 8/Windows 10

- 1. Display network connections by selecting [Control Panel] [Network and Sharing Center] [Change adapter settings].
- 2. Right-click on the icon of the adapter you wish to use (it will be named "Local area connection," "Ethernet," etc.) and select "Properties."

Windows XP

- 1. Select [Control Panels]-[Network and Internet Connections]-[Network Connections]-[Local Area Connection].
- 2. Right click [Local Area Connection], and select Properties.

Networking	
Connect using:	
Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller	
Configure	
This connection uses the following items:	
Chart for Microsoft Networks	
1 Select ket Scheduler Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
met Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)	
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Link-Layer Topolog	General
✓ Link-Layer Topolog 2 Click	You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator
	for the appropriate IP settings.
Install Uninstal Properties	Obtain an IP address automatically
Description	Use the following IP address:
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication	IP address: 192 . 168 . 1 . 1
across diverse interconnected networks.	Subnet mask: 255 , 255 , 255 , 0
OK Cancel	Default gateway:
	 Obtain DNS server address automatically
	O Use the following DNS server addresses:
	Preferred DNS server:
	Alternate DNS server:
	Validate settings upon exit Advanced
	OK Cancel

2.Instrument Settings



228 10.2 LAN Settings and Connections (Before connecting to the network)



Setting Item Host Name	I S Specify Setting o							
	Up to 12							
DHCP	Enable or disable DHCP function. When enabled, the IP address and subnet mask are obta automatically. Setting options: (* : default setting) Off* Disable DHCP.							
	On	L						
IP Address	Setting o	instrument's IP address. ptions where _ is 0 to 255, e.g., 192.168.1.2)						
Subnet Mask	Set the subnet mask. Setting options (where _ is 0 to 255, e.g., 255.255.255.0)							
Port (Port Number)	Set the TCP/IP port number to be used by the instrument. The lowest digit is reserved for use by the instrument. Setting options							
	(where _ is 0 to 9, e.g., 880X)							
Gateway IP	Set this only when [Gateway] is enabled. Set the IP address of the gateway device. Setting options							
	(where _ is 0 to 255)							
DNS	Select whether to use DNS. Setting options: (* : default setting)							
	OFF* Do not use DNS.							
	ON Use DNS.							
DNS IP	Set the Setting o	•						
	<u> · · · </u>	where _ is 0 to 255)						

10.2 LAN Settings and Connections (Before connecting to the network)

Setting Example

Connecting one instrument to one PC

Host Name	LOGGER
DHCP	Off
IP Address	192.168.1.2
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Port	880X
Gateway	Off
DNS	Off

When connecting multiple instruments to a PC through a hub

This example is a local area network with no external connection. We recommend using only private IP addresses. As below, make sure that no host names or IP addresses are duplicated.

First instrument	
Host Name	LOGGER1
IP Address	192.168.1.2
Second instrument	
Host Name	LOGGER2
IP Address	192.168.1.3
Third instrument	
Host Name	LOGGER3
IP Address	192.168.1.4
Common Settings	
DHCP	Off
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	Off
Port	880X

NOTE LAN communications with a PC require that the instrument is first set correctly.

3. Connecting the instrument to a PC

Connect the instrument to the PC with an Ethernet cable.

A WARNING

Always turn both devices OFF when connecting and disconnecting a LAN cable. Otherwise, an electric shock accident may occur.



If the green LED does not light when connected to the LAN, the instrument or connected device may be damaged, or the cable may be faulty.





Features Available After LAN Setting and Connection

Using the Logger Utility (p. 234)

The supplied Logger Utility program provides PC control over instrument settings and measurement data recording, and data observation.

Remote Operation (p. 236)

A standard web browser such as Internet Explorer (IE) can be used to make instrument settings and to control remote data acquisition and on-screen monitoring (HTTP server functions).

Downloading Data to a PC (p. 242)

The instrument's internal buffer memory data and files on its removable storage can be transferred to a PC running an FTP client.

Automatically Sending Data to a PC (p. 246)

Binary files auto saved by the instrument to removable storage can be automatically sent to other network clients, or to a remote FTP server. Use the FTP client function.

Sending E-Mail (p. 263)

E-Mail notifications can be automatically sent from the instrument when start or stop triggering occurs, and when an alarm, power outage recovery, internal memory full, or media full event occurs. It can be sent to a network device, remote PC, or mail-capable cell phone via an SMTP mail server.

Controlling by Communications Commands (p. 270)

See the Communications Command Instruction Manual on the supplied application CD.

When LAN Communication Fails

Confirm cable connections.

When connecting one instrument to one PC, use the supplied cross-over adapter with the 9642 LAN Cable.

In case of poor connection, disconnect and reconnect the cable to clean the contacts. When connecting the cable, the green LED on the instrument's LAN jack should light.

Confirm the PC's IP address.

Click [Run...] on the Windows[®] Start menu (or select [All Programs]-[Accessories]-[Comand Prompt]) and enter "ipconfig /all" to confirm the IP address of the network interface, subnet mask, and gateway address.

If settings are incorrect:

Refer to "1. PC Network Setup"(p. 226) to reset the IP address.

Confirm communication between the instrument and PC.

After confirming that the IP addresses of the instrument and PC are correct, use the "ping" utility to test data transfer.

1.From the Start menu, select [All Programs]-[Accessories]-[Comand Prompt]. 2.(at the blinking cursor)

Enter "**ping XXX.XXX.X.X**"(the IP address of the host device to test). Alternatively, the host name can be entered if its IP address is assigned by DNS. For example, if the instrument's IP address is 192.168.1.2, enter "**ping 192.168.1.2**" and press Enter.

The following display text indicates normal operation. The "time" is the communication response time.

Pinging 192.168.1.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=32 Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=32 Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=32 Reply from 192.168.1.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=32

The following display text indicates communications failure. Recheck cable connections. Pinging 192.168.1.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.2: Host is down. Reply from 192.168.1.2: Host is down. Reply from 192.168.1.2: Host is down. Reply from 192.168.1.2: Host is down.

10.3 Using the Logger Utility

The supplied Logger Utility program provides PC control over instrument settings and measurement data recording, and data observation.

NOTE Even if data is restored to the instrument following a temporary interruption to communications between the instrument and one or more measurement units or wireless loggers, data that has been transferred from the instrument to the Logger Utility will not be changed during measurement. If you wish to access that data, load the restored data that was saved on the instrument after stopping measurement. (p. A33)



For details such as Logger Utility operating instructions, read the instruction manual (PDF file) provided on the CD.

Starting and Ending Logger Utility

Starting Logger Utility(Windows XP/Windows Vista®/Windows 7)

From the Start Menu of Windows[®], click [All Programs]-[HIOKI]-[Logger Utility] -[Logger Utility].

Starting Logger Utility(Windows 10)

From the Start Menu of Windows[®], click [HIOKI]-[Logger Utility].



Ending Logger Utility

Click [Exit Application] from the File menu of the main screen. Alternatively, you can click the [x] close button at the top right of the main screen.

Starting Logger Utility(Windows 8)

Click [Start] from the charm and click [Logger Utility] on the Start menu.



10.4 Remote Measurement with the HTTP Server Function

The instrument includes an HTTP server function for remote data acquisition and on-screen monitoring using a web browser such as Internet Explorer (IE).

- LAN settings and connections must be made before using the HTTP server function for remote measurements (p. 224).
 - The HTTP server function is not available while measuring using the Logger Utility program.

Displaying the Main Page

- **1** Start IE.
- 2 Enter the instrument's address (e.g., http://192.168.1.2) in the [Address] field.

The main page appears.



3 Select [SETTING PAGE].

4 (When the [FTP/HTTP Authentication] instrument setting is enabled) Enter the user name and password, and press the [SET].

To avoid unauthorized access to HTTP functions, we recommend securing connections with a user name and password on the Communications Settings display of the instrument's [System] screen. FTP/HTTP authentication can be disabled when frequent access to the instrument from multiple PCs is necessary.

See: "Restricting FTP Server Connections (FTP Authentication)"(p. 245) See: "10.5 Transferring Data to a PC with the FTP Server Function" (p. 242)

- Microsoft Internet Explorer Version 5 or later is recommended as the browser. Set the security level to "Medium" or "Medium-high", and invalidate the pop-up block.
 - Remote operation by HTTP is not available while measuring with the Logger Utility or a Visual Basic program.

If no HTTP screen is displayed

- 1. Perform this procedure.
 - (1) Click [Tools]-[Internet Options] to display IE settings.
 - (2) On the [Advanced] tab, under HTTP 1.1 settings, enable [Use HTTP1.1] and disable [Use HTTP1.1 through proxy connections].
 - (3) On the [Connections] tab, click [LAN Settings], and disable [Use a proxy server].
- 2. LAN communications may not be possible. See "When LAN Communication Fails"(p. 233).

What if the Remote Operating Screen does not appear?

- Java may not be installed. To operate the instrument from a web browser, depending on the PC's software environment, Java may need to be installed separately. In that case, download and install JRE (Java Runtime Environment) from the Java web page.
- Attempting to operate the instrument by multiple PCs at the same time may result in unintended actions. Remote control operation should be performed from only one PC at a time.
- If the remote operation screen cannot be displayed because it is blocked by your security settings, refer to the instructions on the Java website for adding exception sites and add the instrument's address (for example, http://192.168.1.2/DISP.HTM) as an exception site.

See:Java website

https://www.java.com/ja/download/fag/exception sitelist.xml

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Remote Operating

Click [REMOTE CONTROL] to view the current instrument screen in the web browser.



- The displayed panel emulates the instrument's. Click the keys with the mouse to operate.
- Screen refresh time can be selected from Off, or 2, 10, or 60 seconds. Refreshing the screen also refreshes the on/off state of the Start LED.
- The emulated screen can be enlarged or reduced.
- If Java fails to operate properly or operates slowly while using remote operation, it may be helpful to delete Java temporary files.

Start/Stop Measurement

Click [START/STOP] to display this screen.

← → M http://192.168.1.2/SETUR	RHTM		Shows neasurem	current ient status	S	□ <mark>- ×</mark> 1 ★ ⊄
Click	START/STOP			START	Starts Measurement Stops Measurement	
Shows cu memory s		TIME VALUE DATE	OURRENT MEMORY MEMORY DATA TOP 13-06-07 09/25:03.0	TRIG	progress. MEMORY DATA END 13-06-07 0225235	
		TIME POSI.	Od Oh Om Os O O		0d 0h 0m20s50 205	

Click the buttons to operate.

Viewing Current Measurement Values

Click [CURRENT DATA DISP] to display current measurements.

() Ittp://192.168.1.2/55							display, utton.	
KI LR8410	CURRENT DATA DISP				17			
Click					V	-		
				Unit No.	UNIT1	-		
CURRENT DATA DISP				S	ET			
					_			
MEMORY DATA GET								
DATA GET BY FTP			-07 09:11:25		COM		0.01.0.071/7	
COMMENT SET		1-1	DATA	COMMENT			COMMENT	
REMOTE CONTROL		1-3	-0.5585mV			-0.3740mV 1.5370mV	COMMENT	
REMOTE CONTROL		1-5	-0.1845mV	COMPLOT		-0.4870mV		
MAIN PAGE		1-7	0.2670mV			1.3965mV		
MART PAGE		1-9	-0.5320mV		1-10	-0.7185mV		
		1-11	0.6580mV		1-12	0.8970mV		
		1-13	-0.5615mV		1-14	-0.7525mV		
		1-15	1.2690mV					
			DAT	A RENEWAL	ET	OFF v		

- While measuring, you can monitor numerical data acquired from each channel at every recording interval. Screen refresh time can be selected from Off, or 5, 10, or 60 seconds.
- When measurement is stopped, instantaneous input data from each channel is displayed.
- You can select which input unit to display.
- It may take 2 to 3 s for data to be acquired.

10.4 Remote Measurement with the HTTP Server Function

Acquiring Data from Internal Memory

Click [MEMORY DATA GET] to display this screen.

ſ		0	When a ptional			_ = X	
A Rep://192.168.1.2/SE	TURHTM	<u>=</u> - بر	C × M SETTING PAG	×		n * ¤	
HIOKI LR8410	MEMORY DATA GET						
k rop		GE TOP POSL	GET END POSL	PART SET	BIN DATA		
		0 0 - 0	0 - 0 - 0	DATE SET	GET PART		
MEMORY DATA GET		a d	0 4		SET		
DATA GET BY FTP		0 0 m 0 s00	0 h 0 m 0 s00	TIME SET	BIN DATA TXT DATA		
COMMENT SET		0 point	0 point	POSL SET			
REMOTE CONTROL		(D. TE) 13 06-07 09/25/03	(DATE) 0 '13-06-07 09:27:26	4	GET ALL IN MEMORY		
MAIN PAGE		(TIME) Od Oh Om Os 0	(TIME) 0d 0h 2m23s40		BIN ATA	When a	cquiring a
		(POSI.)	(POSL)		TXT ATA		data
		0	1434		DAT. TO MS-EXCEL		uala

NOTE Data acquired into the instrument's internal memory cannot be accessed while measuring. It is possible only after measurement stops.

When acquiring optional range data

- **1** Specify the time span of data to acquire, and click the SET button.
- 2 Under [GET PART SET], click [BIN DATA], [TXT DATA], or [TO MS-EXCEL].

When acquiring all data

Under [GET ALL IN MEMORY], click [BIN DATA], [TXT DATA], or [DATA TO MS-EXCEL].

Setting options:

BIN DATA	Acquires data in binary format.
TXT DATA	Acquires data in text format.
TO MS-EXCEL,	Send data to Excel. Useful for creating graphics.
DATA TO	
MS-EXCEL	
Setting Comments

Click [COMMENT SET] to display this screen.

	→ 10 http://192 168.1.2/SETU	RHTM D - B d X SETTING PAGE X	- • ×
	HIOKI LR8410	COMMENT SET	
Click	ENT DATA DISP		Select the input unit for
	L LGET BY FTP		etting, and click the SET button.
	REMOTE CONTROL	UNITI NAME ROOMA	
	MAIN PAGE	COLMENT 1-1 (CAMENT COMMENT -2 (CAMENT COMMENT -2 (CAMENT COMMENT -4 (COMMENT -9 (
		COMMENT 1-7 COMMENT 1-8 COMMENT 1-9 COMMENT 1-10	

- Comments for each channel can be simply entered from the web browser. Enter a comment, and click the [SET] button.
- You can select another input unit for setting.
 - Comments cannot be changed while measuring.
 - Please input 8-bit ASCII characters, the instrument can not display other characters.

10.5 Transferring Data to a PC with the FTP Server Function

FTP (File Transfer Protocol) is used for file transfers within a network. The instrument's FTP server function works with an FTP client running on a PC to transfer instrument data files from internal buffer memory and removable storage to the PC.

Start IE to display the Settings screen (p. 236).

2 Click [DATA GET BY FTP].

This screen is displayed.

	RHTM P - B C X 🖸 SETTING PAGE ×
HIOKI LR8410	DATA GET BY FTP
START/STOP	FTP DATA GET FROM CARD & MEMORY
CURRENT DATA DISP	
MEMORY DATA GET	Data of MEMDRY is able to acquire it only at the time of measurement stopped
DATA GET BY FTP	
COMMENT SET	
REMOTE CONTROL	
MAIN PAGE	

3 Click [FTP DATA GET FROM CARD & MEMORY].

The instrument's SD memory card, USB flash drive, and internal buffer memory file folders are listed.



[SD] indicates the SD memory card, [USB] the flash drive, and [MEMORY] indicates internal buffer memory.

- NOTE Entering just the instrument's IP address (e.g., ftp://192.168.1.2) in a browser such as IE displays the SD card, USB flash drive, and internal buffer memory file folders.
 - Internal buffer memory data cannot be transferred while measuring. It is accessible when measurement stops. Files containing either current or previously saved data (real-time, CSV, and calculation results) are inaccessible while measuring.
 - When [FTP/HTTP Authentication] is enabled, enter the required user name and password, and press the [SET] button.
 - See: We recommend restricting file access with a user name and password to avoid unauthorized access. "Restricting FTP Server Connections (FTP Authentication)"(p. 245)

Open a folder.

	100.4/0.4.0		_ • ×
Double click	› 192.168.1.2 ›	• ⁱ y	م • • الا
MEMORY			

Select a file, and [Copy To Folder].



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10.5 Transferring Data to a PC with the FTP Server Function

NOTE

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- The FTP server of the instrument allows only one connection at a time. More than one PC cannot access the server simultaneously.
 - If no command is sent from a PC for more than one minute after connecting to the FTP server, the FTP may disconnect the PC. Reconnect the FTP.
 - The FTP connection may fail after disconnecting and attempting to reconnect. In this case, disconnect again and wait for one minute before reconnecting.
 - During real-time, auto, or manual saving, and when deleting files, creating or deleting folders, or renaming, formatting, or loading files on the instrument, only file transfers are possible from the FTP client.
 - If an FTP transfer is writing to removable storage when auto saving starts or numerical calculations are saved, FTP operation is suspended during data saving.
 - When measurement ends during an FTP transfer, the transfer may be suspended during data saving.
 - Before inserting or removing a removal storage, terminate the FTP connection.
 - Although the instrument's removable storage can be externally accessed using FTP, avoid other instrument operations such as using telnet at the same time. Otherwise, unintended operations could occur.
 - With IE, the refresh date of files may not match those of the main instrument.
 - With IE, previously obtained data can be retained in temporary internet files, and may be reloaded in place of the latest data. If the instrument's data has been refreshed, restart IE before using FTP. (A free alternative to IE is FFFTP.)
 - Depending on your computer's FTP client and browser, canceling while in the process of moving one or more files or folders may cause all selected files or folders to be deleted, regardless of whether the move operation is complete. Exercise caution when moving files and folders. It is recommended to use the copy function to download files and folders instead of the move function, and then to delete the files or folders once they have downloaded.

Restricting FTP Server Connections (FTP Authentication)

[FTP/HTTP Authentication] Setting.



Anonymous authentication allows unrestricted access to the instrument's FTP server by all network devices.

To restrict access to the FTP server, enable FTP/HTTP authentication and set a user name and password.

We recommend restricting file access with a user name and password to avoid unauthorized use.

10.6 Auto Sending Data using the FTP Client Function

Files auto saved by the instrument to removable storage can be automatically sent to other network clients, or to a remote FTP server.

- Set Auto Save to Waveform (realtime), CSV (realtime), Waveform+Calc, or CSV+Calc.
 - · Calculated values are not transferred automatically.
 - To save or transfer data periodically, set the Split Save setting to Periodic.
 - To continue saving or transferring data even when the SD memory card becomes full, select Overwrite Oldest Save.
 - See: "Automatic Saving (Waveform Data and Numerical Calculation Results)"(p. 163)
- For the FTP client to control auto sending of data, the IP address of the FTP server PC must be specified.
- The Windows[®] FTP server function can be used. Enter and register the instrument user name and password in the FTP server. For details about the Windows[®] FTP server, see Internet Information Services (IIS) in Windows[®] Help.
- Free programs such as FileZilla Server can be used in place of Windows[®] FTP server.

General Procedure

NOTE

- LAN Settings and Connections (p. 224)
- 2 Set up the FTP server on the PC (p. 247)
- 3 Enable FTP auto sending on the instrument (p. 259 to p. 261)
- **4** Configure auto saving (p. 163).
- 5 Start measuring with the instrument When auto saving a file on removable storage, the file is also sent automatically to the FTP server PC.
- **6** Check communication status (p. 262)

Setting Up an FTP Server on a PC

NOTE Necessary settings depend on the network environment. If a connection cannot be established, refer to the FTP server program's help, or contact the network administrator.

(The FTP server is not provided with Windows XP Home Edition, but you can use another FTP server program such as FileZilla Server.)

For Windows 7

Installing FTP

drive.



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5

10.6 Auto Sending Data using the FTP Client Function

Configuring FTP settings Select the [System and Security] 0 6 Δ Control Panel + control panel. Adjust your computer's setting View by: Category -**%**• System and Security User Accounts and Family Safety User Accounts and a generation of the second Appearance and Personalization Network and Internet ange desktop backgrou Hardware and Sound Clock, Language, and Region Change keyboards or other input meth Change display language 6 -0 View devices a Add a device Programs Ease of Access Select [Administrative Tools]. 🕒 🗣 🎭 + Control Panel + System and Security + Control Panel Home Action Center d resolve issues | 😵 Change User A r problems | Restore your computer System and Security Troubleshoot commo Network and Internet Windows Firewall Check firewall status Hardware and Sound Programs User Accounts and Family Safety System View amount of RAM and processor speed Check the Windows Experience Ind Allow remote access Section name of this computer Section Proceedings Appearance and Personalization Clock, Language, and Region Windows Update Turn automatic updating on or off Check for updates View installed update Ease of Access Power Options Require a password when the computer wakes | Change what the power buttons de Change when the computer sleeps Backup and Restore Backup your computer | Restore files from backup BitLocker Drive Encryption rypting data on your disk Manage BitLocke Administrative Tools ent your hard drive 🛛 🌚 Create and format hard disk parti View event logs Schedule task

Select [Internet Information Ser-6 vices (IIS) Manager].



Right-click on the item listed as a 7 connection in the left box to display the menu and select [Add FTP Site].

Internet Information S					
Connections		NAKANO-P	CHama	Ac	tions
NAKANO-PC (nell	kano Ma	Refresh Add Web Site	• 🗰 Go -	Þ	Manage Server Restart Start Stop
) 11	Start Stop	TP Directory Browsing		View Application Pools View Sites Help
	G	Add FTP Site Rename			Online Help

Communications may be blocked depending on the settings for software (for NOTE example, a firewall) Used to protect the computer.

8 Enter the site information and click the [Next] button.

Use an FTP site name such as [ftp]. Set the directory into which you wish to save data from the FTP client as the content directory.

Add FTP Site		2 💌
Site Information		
FTP site name:		
ftp		
Content Directory		
Physical path:		
Ci\inetpub\ftproot		
	Previous Next Einish	Cancel

9 Configure the bind and SSL settings and click the [Next] button.

Configure the settings as follows:

Binding settings IP address: All Unassigned Port: 21 Start FTP site automatically: Check SSL: No SSL

Binding and SSL Settings				-9
Binding				
IP Address:	Port:			
All Unassigned -	21	1		
Enable Virtual Host Names:				
Virtual Host (example: ftp.contoso.com):				
Start FTP site automatically				
SSL No SSL				
Allow SSL				
 Bequire SSL SSL Certificate: 				
Not Selected		-		
Not selected			Vie <u>w</u>	
	Previous		_	
		Next		Cancel

10 Enter authentication and approval information and click the [Finish] button.

Configure the settings as follows:

Authentication: Basic Authorization: All users Permissions: Check both Read and Write.

This completes the configuration of the FTP server.

Traffic of FTP is validated by a firewall.

11 Select [System and Security] from [Control Panel].





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10.6 Auto Sending Data using the FTP Client Function



On the [FTP Server (FTP Traffic-15 In)], Select [Enable].



< _____

Mada Carter Estanders - HTT Strammin. Mada Carter Estander Mada Carter Estanders - Madia Strammin. Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - gilves (12-14). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1979: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders Mada Carter Estanders - 1929: (12-16). Mada Carter Estanders

🔒 Export List. Helo

FTP Server (FTP Tra O Enable Rule 🔏 Cut X Delete Helo

16 Confirm that [FTP Server (FTP Traffic-In)] is enabled, and close the dialog box.

Eile Action View Help				
P Windows Firewall with Advance	Inbound Rules		1	Actions
Concerned Rules	FTP Server (FTP Traffic-In)	File and Printer Sharing FTP Server		Inbound Rules ■ New Rule ▼ Filter by Profi ▼ Filter by State ▼ Filter by Grou
	FTP Server Secure (FTP SSL Traffic-In) HomeGroup In Generationup In (PNRP) SCSI Service (TCP-In) SCSI Service (TCP-In) Media Center Extenders - HTTP Streamin	FTP Server HomeGroup HomeGroup ISCSI Service ISCSI Service		View Refresh Export List Help
	Medis Center Extenders - Medis Streami Medis Center Extenders - gWave (TCP-In) Media Center Extenders - gWave (UDP-In) Media Center Extenders - RTSP (TCP-In) Media Center Extenders - RTSP (TCP-In) Media Center Extenders - WMDRM-ND/R	Media Center Extenders Media Center Extenders Media Center Extenders Media Center Extenders Media Center Extenders Media Center Extenders		FTP Server (FTP T Disable Rule Cut Copy Delete
< >	Media Center Extenders - XSP (TCP-In) Netlogon Service (NP-In) Network Discovery (LLMNR-UDP-In)	Media Center Extenders Netlogon Service Network Discovery		Properties

Setting the users that will access the server.

17 Select [Administrative Tools] from [Control Panel].



18 Select [Computer Management].

Control	Panel System and Security Administrative To	ols - 47	Search Adminis	trative (ools
Organize 💌				80 • E
🚖 Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
E Desktop	R Component Services	7/13/2009 9:45 PM	Shortcut	
🐞 Downloads	R Computer Management	7/13/2009 9:41 PM	Shortcut	
🔛 Recent Places	Ry Data Sources (ODBC)	7/13/2009 9:41 PM	Shortcut	
	Event Viewer	7/13/2009 9:42 PM	Shortcut	
词 Libraries	Internet Information Services (ES) Manager	6/23/2014 4:51 PM	Shortcut	

19 Right-click on [Local Users and Groups] - [Users] to display the menu and select [New User].

• ⇒ 2 🔽 🍳 ∋ 🖬				
Computer Management (Local	Name	Full Name	Description	Actions
 System Tools Task Scheduler 	Administrator		Built-in account for admir	Users
Event Viewer Shared Folders Shared Folders Grups Grups		HomeGroupUserS	Built-in account for guest Built-in account for home	More Actions

252

10.6 Auto Sending Data using the FTP Client Function

20 Set the user and click the [Create] button.

Set the username and password and select the [Password never expires] check box.

New User
Liser name: logger
Bull name: logger
Description:
Paseword:
Confirm password:
User must change password at next logon
Passyord never expires
Account is disabled
Eep Create Ogee

21 Confirm that the set-up logger is registered as a user, and close the dialog box.

Computer Management				
Eile Action View Help	-			
Computer Management (Local	Name	Full Name	Description	Actions
System Tools O Task Scheduler D Task Scheduler D Sched Folders Shared Folders Decol Users and Groups Users Groups O Portomance	Administrator Guest HomeGroup Jogger	HomeGroupUserS logger	Built-in account for admir Built-in account for guest Built-in account for home	Users More Actions

The access permit of the folder for FTP is set up.

22 Open C:\inetpub, right-click on [ftproot], and then, select [Properties].



23 Select [Edit] of [Users] from [Security].

ftproot Properties	ecurity Previous	Versions Custo	mize
Object name: C:V	netpub/ftproot		
Group or user names			
02 Administration ((anten)	12
SR Users (nakano-	PC/Users)		-
da -			
<			
To change permissio	rns, olick Edit.		Edt
Permissions for User		Allow	Deny
Full control			
Modify			
Read & execute		~	
List folder content	5	~	
Read		~	
Wite			-
For special permissio click Advanced.	ns or advanced set	tings. Ad	tyanced
Learn about access	control and permiss	iona	





Above, a setup of FTP of Windows 7 is an end.

You can use the FTP server by using the created username and password.

10.6 Auto Sending Data using the FTP Client Function

The following example uses Windows XP Professional.

In the [Control Panel], select [Add or Remove Programs].



2 Select [Add/Remove Windows Components].



3 Select [Internet Information Services (IIS)], and then [Details].

Windows Components Wizard	×
Windows Components You can add or remove components of Windows XP.	t
To add or remove a component, click the checkbox. A shaded b part of the component will be installed. To see what's included in Details.	
Components:	
🖉 🏐 internet Explorer	0.0 MB 🔨
🖉 🗹 🥞 Internet Information Services (IIS)	13.5 MB
Management and Monitoring Tools	20148
🗌 🐋 Message Queung	0.0 MB
MSN Explorer	20.7 MB 🞽
Description: Includes Web and FTP support, along with support transactions, Active Server Pages, and database of	
Total disk space required: 68.0 MB	Details
Space available on disk: 5879.5 MB	Decass
< Back	Next > Cancel

4 Select [File Transfer Protocol (FTP) Service], and click [OK].

Internet Information Se	rvices (IIS)			×
To add or remove a compone of the component will be insta				
Subcomponents of Internet In	formation Services	(IIS):		
Common Files		. ,	1.0 MB	^
Cocumentation			3.5 MB	
🔽 📮 File Transfer Protocol	(FTP) Service		0.1 MB	
EventPage 2000 Server Extensions 4.3 MB				
✓ 1 Internet Information Services Snap-In				
✓ Image SMTP Service 1.1 MB				
🗹 🙈 World Wide Web Ser	vice		2.3 MB	~
Description: Provides supp	ort to create FTP si	es used to upload and	l download file	s
Total disk space required:	68.2 MB		Details.	
Space available on disk:	5879.5 MB		<u>D</u> ordino	
		ОК	Cancel	

5 Click [Next].

At this point, your Windows XP CD is requested.

indows Components You can add or remove components of Windows XP.	ĺ
To add or remove a component, click the checkbox. A part of the component will be installed. To see what's in Details.	
Components:	
🗹 🥶 Internet Explorer	0.0 MB 🔼
Internet Information Services (IIS)	13.5 MB
Banagement and Monitoring Tools	2.0 MB
	0.0 MB
Sector Se	
	20.7 MB 👱
🗌 🚅 Message Queuing	20.7 MR 💌
set Message Queuing MSN Explorer Description: Includes Web and FTP support, along with	20.7 MR 💌

6 Click [Finish].



When installation is finished, the [InetPub] folder is created.



7 In the [Control Panel], select [Administrative Tools].



8 Select [Internet Information Services].

<u>Eile Edit View Favorites To</u>	ols <u>H</u> elp		
🌀 Back 🔹 🕥 - 🏂 🄎	Search 🎼 Folders 🛄 •		
ddress 🦏 Administrative Tools			✓ →
	Name 🔺	Size Type	Date Modified
File and Folder Tasks 🛛 🔇	Component Services	2 KB Shortcut	3/23/2010 8:04 AM
Rename this file	Computer Management	2 KB Shortcut	3/23/2010 8:09 AM
	Data Sources (ODBC)	2 KB Shortcut	3/23/2010 8:09 AM
Move this file	Contract Viewor	2 KB Shortcut	3/23/2010 8:09 AM
🗋 Copy this file 🛛 <	Internet Information Services	2 KB Shortcut	3/25/2010 2:23 PM
Publish this file to the Web	He Locar Security Policy	2 KB Shortcut	3/23/2010 8:09 AM
	Performance		3/23/2010 8:09 AM

9 Select [Default FTP Site], and right click to select [Properties].

🕅 Internet Information Services				
Eile Action View Help ← → € 📧 😭 🕃 🚱	? ₽ ▶ ■			
Internet Information Services HIOKILR (local computer) HIOKILR (local	Name There are no	Path items to show in this view.	Status	

1 For the IP Address, select [(All Unassigned)].

	Properties	
FTP Site Security	Accounts Messages Home Directory	
- Identification-		
Description	Default FTP Site	
Description	Derault FTF Site	
IP Address:	(All Unassigned) 🗸 🗸	
	21	
ICP Por		

11 On the [Home Directory] tab, select [Read], [Write], and [Log visits], and click [OK].

Default FTP Site Properties	? 🗙
FTP Site Security Accounts Messages Home Directory	
When connecting to this resource, the content should come from: a directory located on this computer a share located on another computer FTP Size Directory Local Patr c:\nepublic root Birowse Birowse W Read W Write 	
✓ Log vists ✓ Directory Listing State	
OK Cancel Apply H	elp

12 Back in the [Administrative Tools], select [Computer Management].



13 In [Local Users and Groups], select [Users] then right click in the right pane and select [New User].

📕 Computer Management			
🖳 File Action View Window	Help		×
Computer Management (Local) System Tools System Tools	WAMAKIRA	Full Name Remote Desktop Help Assi Internet Guest Account Launch IIS Process Account CN=Microsoft Corporation	Description Built-in account for administering th Built-in account for guest access to Account for Providing Remote Assi Built-in account for anonymous acc Built-in account for Internet Inforn This is a vendor's account for the f

14 Enter a user name, full name, password and confirmation (e.g., "logger"), and click [Create].

New User	
User name:	logger
<u>E</u> ull name	logger
<u>D</u> escripton:	
Password	
Confirm passiv	
	hange pessword at next logon t change password
Pass <u>w</u> ord n	ever expires
Account is	disabled
	Create

The created [logger] user is registered.



This completes FTP setup on the PC.

Instrument Auto-Send Settings

This example illustrates sending data to an FTP server with address 192.168.1.1.



Key Setting Procedure



10.6 Auto Sending Data using the FTP Client Function

Setting Item	າຣ	
FTP Server	Enter the na Setting optio Up to 32 cha	
IP Address	This is the I Setting optio	P address of the data sending FTP server. P address of the PC acting as the FTP server. ns ere _ is 0 to 255, e.g., 192.168.1.1)
User Name	Enter the F	TP server logon user name. user name of the instrument registered with the FTP server.
	• ·	aracters (e.g., LOGGER)
Password	This is the p Setting optio Up to 32 cha	TP server logon password. bassword of the instrument registered with the FTP server. ns aracters (e.g., LOGGER) ord is displayed as "******" (32 asterisks (*)).
Save Directory	Setting optio	
	Up to 32 cha	aracters(e.g., abc)
Append identi- fier to file name	Setting optio	tifiers to be prepended to file names. ns Include the host name in the names of files sent to the FTP
	HOST Name	server.
	IP Address	Include the IP address in the names of files sent to the FTP server.
	Date	Include a timestamp in the names of files sent to the FTP server.
	When the ho LOGGER_1	192.168.1.2

PASV mode: Set to on if you wish to use PASV mode during data transfers.

Testing File Transfer



Data Transfer Timing

To calculate: transfer time (s) = file size (KB) / transfer speed (KB/s) + transfer preparation time (s).

See "Appendix 5 Binary File Size Calculation"(p. A11) for file size information. Typical transfer speed is 300KB/s, and typical transfer preparation time is 3 s.

Example: For a 3MB (3,000KB) file, Transfer time = 3,000KB / 300 (KB/s) + 3 (s) = 10 + 3 (s) = 13 (s)

Checking LAN Communication Status

The LAN communication status can be checked as follows.

The status of all FTP file transfers, the number already sent, the number that failed to send, and the number of unsent files are displayed.

Status values are reset to zero by the following:

- When pressing START to start measuring
- When changing LAN-related settings

	Communication FTP	Alm Commer System
Communication	Interface LAN	
FTP Auto Transfe	r On Apper	nd identifier to file name
FTP Ser∨er		✓Host Name
IP Address	192 • 168 • 1 • 1	✓ IP Address
User Name Password	LR8410 ************************************	✓ Date
Save Directory		PASV Mode Off
FTP Server Time Differenc	e Oh	FTP Transfer Test
		-Communication status
FTP/HTTP Authe	ntication Off	Total 0
		Finish 0
		Miss 0 NotYet 0

For example, Total 10, Sent (Finish) 7, Failed (Miss) 1, and Unsent (Not Yet) 2

Here, ten FTP transfers were initiated, seven of which were sent, one of which failed, and two of which are waiting to be sent.

10.7 Sending E-Mail

The instrument can send e-mail to a locally networked or remote computer or e-mailcapable mobile phone via an SMTP mail server either regularly or when a unit communications error, unit low remaining battery life, start trigger, stop trigger, alarm, restoration of power, internal buffer memory full, or media full event occurs during measurement. Up to three recipient e-mail addresses may be registered.

NOTE Frequent alarm events can generate excessive e-mails. In this case, enable Alarm Hold to limit notifications to the first alarm event on each channel. (See Alarm Hold Settings on p. 155.)

General Procedure

- 1 LAN Settings and Connections (p. 224)
- 2 Instrument E-Mail Settings (p. 264)
- 3 Testing E-Mailing (p. 267)
- **4** Start Measuring with the instrument E-mail is sent by the mail server when a trigger or alarm event occurs.
- 5 Confirming E-Mail Sending Status (p. 268)

Instrument E-Mail Settings

This example illustrates sending mail from the instrument logger@xyz.xx.xx to a cell phone (or PC) with address abc@xyz.xx.xx via SMTP mail server 192.168.1.100 when a Start trigger occurs.



Key Setting Procedure





octung options.	
Start Trig	Send mail when a Start trigger event occurs. (for example, to notify a starting trigger)
Stop Trig	Send mail when a Stop trigger event occurs.
Alarm	Send mail when an alarm event occurs.
Start Bup	Send mail upon recovery from a power outage.
Mem Full	Send mail when instrument internal buffer memory is full and old data be- gins to be overwritten. Mail is sent only once: the first time memory becomes full.
Media Full	Send mail when the SD memory card or USB flash drive becomes full.
Unit com error	Sends an email if communications with a measurement unit or wireless logger are interrupted or if the instrument is otherwise unable to send data.
Low battery	Sends an email in the event a measurement unit or wireless logger's battery strength declines.
Regular	Send mail describing the measurement state on a regular basis. The in- terval at which to send mail can be set with the [Interval] setting. To send measurement data as well, set data attachment to on. See: Data attachment (p. 266)

10.7 Sending E-Mail

Setting Item	S	
Mail Server	Enter the server n	er name or IP address. ame or IP address as specified by the network system ternet service provider.
Mail server settings	Mail server name Enter the mail server name. Specifies the SMTP mail server.	
	IP Address	Setting options:Up to 32 characters. Set the IP address of the mail server. Specifies the SMTP mail server. Setting options: (where _ is 0 to 255, e.g., 192.168.1.100)
	IP / Port	Set the port address of the mail server. Default is port 25.If the mail server is using a port other than the standard port (25), set to that port number. Setting options:1 to 65535
Sender Address	Enter the sender's Setting options Up to 32 characters (e.g., logger@xyz.x	3
Sender Name	Enter the sender's Setting options Up to 32 characters	
Subject	Setting options	for mail notifications. s. (e.g., logger_mail)
Message	Enter the text for mail notifications. Setting options Up to 32 characters. (e.g., E-mail from logger)	
Attach data	Enable/disable attachment of measurement data (Data sends only when Start trigger, Stop trigger, alarm event occurs or when sending a regular mail). Setting options: (*: default setting) Off* Do not attach measurement data to e-mail.	
	On Attach meas	surement data to e-mail.

Testing E-Mailing



E-Mail Sending Timing

Each e-mail should take about one second.



Checking Mail Communication Status

The mail communication status can be checked as follows.

The status of all mail transfers, the number already sent, the number that failed to send, and the number of unsent files are displayed.

Status values are reset to zero by the following :

- When pressing START to start measuring
- When changing LAN-related settings

Environment Communication	FTPMail	
Send Mail to Address 1: On 2: Off 3: Off Mail Server IP / Port Sender Address Sender Name Subject Messake	Timing Start Trig Alarm Mem Full	Start Bup Card Full
data Off	Mail Transf	er Test
Mail Authentication Server Name(POP) IP / Port(POP) Ø. Ø. Account Name Password	Off - C-mail state Total Finish Miss Not Yet	0 0 0 0

For example, Total 10, Sent (Finish) 7, Failed (Miss) 1, and Unsent (Not Yet) 2

Here, ten e-mails were initiated, seven of which were sent, one of which failed, and two of which are waiting to be sent.

- NOTE If more than 30 unsent mails accumulate, the oldest is marked as failed, and cannot be sent. Unsent mail is deleted whenever measurement starts.
 - The body of the mail will be converted depending on the text type and sent.(p. 99)

E-Mail Sending Authentication

The instrument supports POP (POP before SMTP) and SMTP authentication in order to send email. Set as needed.

SMTP authentication can be used with Version 1.20 and later of the instrument software.



10.8 About Communications Commands

Communications commands can be used to control the instrument remotely by connecting it to a PC with a USB or Ethernet cable.

This description applies only to instrument settings, and does not describe the communications commands themselves. For details about the communications commands, see the supplied Logger Utility CD. Communications command descriptions are provided in HTML format.

These can be viewed by the following procedure.



Click index.htm in the LR8410 folder.

See "10.1 USB Settings and Connections" (p. 212) for the USB settings and connection procedures.

See "10.2 LAN Settings and Connections (Before connecting to the network)" (p. 224) for the LAN settings and connection procedures.

Configuring Communications Command Operation



Using Other Hioki Products (LR8410 Link) Chapter 11

Connecting the instrument with a Hioki product that supports LR8410 Link (hereafter referred to as Link product) enables you to obtain measurement data using the instrument. For more details including the wireless setting, refer to each of the Link product s' instruction manuals.

11.1 Register Link Product on Instrument

After the wireless setting is configured, the Link product can be registered and deleted by following the same procedure as described in "2.5 Register measurement units and wireless logger with the instrument" (p. 55).

UNIT	Setting CH	List Conv/Calo	cTrig&Alm Comment System
-Search D)evice		-Unit Device
	h 11Unit < 12345 >		
	o. Form_Serial	Unit identifier	Form_Serial
UNIT1 1			Delete UNIT1 LR8511#200000024
Entry 2	LR8512#140748546		
Entry 3	LR8513#140747117		Delete UNIT2 PW6001#000000017
Entry 4	LR8513#140747120		UNIT3
Entry 5	LR8514#1412248	ink pre	aduat
Entry 6	LR8514#1504412	ink pro	Jauci
Entry 7	1 02520#171227860		
Entry 8	LR8520#141224868		UNIT6
Entry 7	LM0001#000000000		UNIT7
UNIT2 10			
Press ⁻	the ESC key to close	e the window.	Decision
	USB (1.46B/7.5	00 40 2%)	
	Deletes register		M 2 3 4 5 6 7 16-07-05 13:14:27

Product supporting LR8410 Link Model PW6001 (with the firmware version 2.0 or later installed)

11.2 Configure Settings

The instrument will automatically receive the setting information about the connected Link product.

At this time, the scaling setting and the upper and lower limits setting of the waveform display will be automatically configured.





UNIT UNIT 1 Batch Pr	Setting UNIT 2 UNI TOC 10 A	CH Lis I 3 UNIT 4 U diust	[List] scre	en arm	System Calc 1 Calc 2
1- 1 V 1- 2 V	Input Urms1 Umn1	Range 600.000V 600.000V	Disp Zoom/Lower Up/Lwr -900 Up/Lwr -900	Pos/Upper 900 900	
$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 2 \\ 1 - & 3 \\ 1 - & 4 \\ \end{array}$	Ufnd1 Uac1		Up/Lwr -900 Up/Lwr -900 Up/Lwr -900	900	
1- 5	Irms1 Imn1		Up/Lwr -75 Up/Lwr -75	75 75	
1- 7 V 1- 8 V	Ifnd1 Iac1		Up/Lwr -75 Up/Lwr -75	75	Info1 Info1
		Receiv	ved setting ir	nformation	•1
AL		1.468/7.568 19.3 ttings are a		י מווזפ וזמן ד י ומו אופ וזמ	16-07-06 08:47:28 🗲

^{*}1:The Info1 or Info2 will be displayed only if the setting information corresponding to each of them is received. No information will be displayed without any corresponding setting information.

- NOTE
 The scaling setting and the upper and lower limits setting in the instrument will be reflected when the mode or the range setting information of the Link product is changed. If it is changed manually, the scaling function will be enabled until the mode or range setting information of the Link product is changed.
 - If the unit registration information is loaded from the internal memory, the setting information will be considered to be not obtained until it is received after the Link product is connected to the instrument.
 - The Link products' settings cannot be configured with the instrument. Configure the settings with each of the Link products, referring to each product's instruction manual.
 - The level values of the trigger and the alarm as well as the window upper and lower limits will be the value that is the measurement mode of [Voltage] and the measurement range of [1 V] to which the scaling setting is reflected.

11.3 Carry Out Measurement

Configure various settings with the instrument as needed and start a measurement.

NOTE

- The setting information of the Link product will not be updated during the measurement. Complete the configuration of necessary settings prior to the measurement.
- If the setting information is made different from the one configured before the measurement, for example, the Link product setting is changed after the measurement, the setting information will not be reflected to the instrument until the measurement data is deleted.
- The measurement starts after the setting information is automatically received.

11.4 Measurement data

Measurement value errors

Some errors between values measured with the instrument and ones neasured with a Link product may be observed depending on the difference in the data retention methods.

Measurement values

A datum at a request from the instrument to a Link product will be saved as a measurement value.

If the request interval is longer than the sampling interval, a step-like waveform is displayed because lack of data is compensated with the most recent data. The data will not recovered if the communications break

For more details, refer to each of the Link product s' instruction manuals.

Specifications Chapter 12

12.1 LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station Specifications

(1) General Specifications

Basic Specifications

Product warranty period	3 years
Period of guaranteed accuracy	1 year
Controllable devices	LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit LR8512 Wireless Pulse Logger LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger LR8515 Wireless Voltage/Temp Logger LR8520 Wireless Fungal Logger
Number of controllable devices	7 (max. 105 channels, up to 105 channels; when using the LR8510 or LR8511) $$
Control and communications (Between instrument and units)	Bluetooth 2.1+EDR Communications range: 30 m, line of sight Security: SSP
Internal buffer memory	8 MWords volatile RAM (SDRAM)
External memory	SD memory card(includes Z4001 2 GB)
Clock functions	Auto calendar, auto leap year judgment, 24-hour timer
Clock accuracy	±3 s/day (@23°C)
Timebase accuracy	±0.2 s/day while measuring (@23°C, 73.4°F)
Backup battery life	At least five years for clock and settings (@23°C, 73.4°F)
Operating environment	Indoors, Pollution degree 2, up to 2000 m (6562-ft.) ASL
Operating temperature and humidity	Temperature:-10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), Humidity:30 to 80%RH or less(non-condensating) (temperature variation range is 5°C to 35°C (41°F to 95°F))
Storage temperature and humidity	Temperature:-20°C to 60°C (-4°F to 140°F), Humidity 80% RH or less (noncondensating)
Dimensions	Approx. 230W × 125H × 36D mm (9.06"W × 4.92"H × 1.42"D) (without projections)
Mass	Approx. 700 g (24.7 oz.)

12.1 LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station Specifications

Basic Specifications

Applicable Standards	Safety EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A
Vibration endurance	JIS D 1601:1995 5.3(1), Category 1: Vehicle, Condition: Category A equiv.(45 m/s2 oscillating acceleration on X-axis for 4 h, and on Y- and Z-axesfor 2 h)
External control terminals	External trigger input, trigger output, four alarm channel outputs, ground

External Storage

SD memory card	
Slot:	SD standard-compliant × 1 (Supports SD memory cards and SDHC memory cards.)
Card capacities:	Z4001 (2 GB), Z4003 (8 GB)
Data formats:	FAT16, FAT32
USB flash drive	
Applicable standard:	USB 2.0 compliant
Connector:	Series A receptacle
Data formats:	FAT16, FAT32

Communications Functions

LAN Interface	
LAN	IEEE802.3 Ethernet 100BASE-TX DHCP, DNS
Connector	RJ-45
LAN Function	Data acquisition and measurement criteria setting with the Logger Utility
	Setting and measurement by communications commands
	Manual file transfer by FTP server
	(from the instrument memory or removable storage).
	 Auto sending files by FTP client (periodically transfer files from remov- able storage during or after measurement)
	 Remote control by HTTP server (remote control, start/stop measure- ment, display current values, data acquisition to memory, FTP file transfers, comment entry)
	 E-Mailing (Sends regular e-mails as well as e-mails when any of the following occurs: unit communications error, unit low battery, start trigger, stop trigger, warning, power restoration, internal memory full, media full.)
Maximum cable length	100 m
USB Interface	
USB standard	USB2.0 compliant High Speed
Connector	Series-mini B receptacle
Communications Functions

USB Function	 Data acquisition and measurement criteria setting with the Logger Util- ity
	 Setting and measurement by communications commands
	USB Drive Mode
	(Data can be sent from an external SD memory card to a computer.)

Display Section

Display type	5.7-in TFT Color LCD (640 x 480 dots)
Display resolution (with Waveform display selected)	Max. 16 divisions (time axis) × 10 divisions (vertical axis) (1 division = 36 dots (time axis) × 36 dots (vertical axis)
Display character	English/Japanese selectable
Backlight life span	Approx. 50,000 hours (@23°C, 73.4°F)
Backlight saver	The backlight turns off when no key is pressed (Off, or 1 to 30 minutes)
Backlight Brightness	Selectable from four levels (100%, 70%, 40%, 25%)

Power source

AC adapter	Z1008 AC Adapter(DC12 V)
Rated supply voltage	e 100 V to 240 V AC
Rated supply frequency	50 Hz/60 Hz
Battery	Z1007 Battery Pack (The AC Adapter has priority when connected) Li-ion 7.2 V 2170mAh
External Power	10 V to 28 V DC
Power consumption	
Typical power consumption	With Z1008 AC Adapter or other 12 V DC external power, without battery pack w/LCD max. brightness: 8 VA (LR8410 only) w/LCD backlight off: 7 VA (LR8410 only)
Maximum rated power	When using the Z1008 AC Adapter: 45 VA (including the AC adapter), 15 VA (LR8410 only) When using an external DC28 V power source: 15 VA (when battery is charged, and w/LCD max. blightness) When using a Z1007 Battery Pack :7 VA (w/LCD max. brightness)
Continuous operating time	When using Model Z1007 Battery Pack, approx. 3 hours (Backlight brightness 25%, @23°C, 73.4°F)
Charging function	The AC adapter or a 10 V to 28 V DC external power supply can be con- nected while the Z1007 Battery Pack is installed. Charging time: Approx. 7 hours (@23°C, 73.4°F)

12.1 LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station Specifications

Trigger Function

Trigger method	Digital comparison
Trigger modes	Single or continuous
Trigger timing	Start, stop, start&stop
Trigger source	
Analog, pulse and logic input	Up to 105 channels, depending on how many LR8510 Wireless Voltage. Temp Unit, LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit, LR8512 Wireless Pulse Logger, LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger, LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger, LR8515 Wireless Voltage/Temp Logger and LR8520 Wireless Fungal Logger are connected (U1-1 to U7-15).
External trigger	Trigger on external input signal rising or falling edge (selectable).
	Rising : triggers upon transition from 0 V to 0.8 V (LOW) to 2.5 V to 5.0 V (HIGH).
	Falling : triggers upon transition from 2.5 V to 5.0 V (HIGH) to 0 V to 0.8 V (LOW), or when the external trigger terminal is shorted to a GND terminal.
	Trigger input voltage : 0 V to 10 V DC range
	Minimum response : H period 2.5 ms or greater, L period 2.5 ms or greater pulse width greater
	Trigger input : Push-button type terminal block terminals
Interval trigger	The trigger is activated at a measurement interval set in days, hours, minutes, and seconds.
Trigger criteria	AND or OR of each trigger source
	Trigger criteria can be set for each channel.Free-running when all are Off
Trigger types	
Level Trigger	Triggering occurs when the signal rises (or falls) through a specified value.
Window Trigger	Triggering occurs when the input signal level enters or exits the ampli- tude window defined by upper/lower thresholds.
Pattern trigger	Applies the trigger when a pattern defined in terms of 1, 0, and values is matched (where " " indicates either value). *Setting only available when using logic measurement with the LR8512.
Trigger response time	Recording interval + 3 sec. or less (with 1 unit, good communications) Recording interval + 5 sec. or less (When seven units are connected, good communications)
Trigger level resolution	Analog: 0.1% f.s. (f.s. = 10 frames) Pulse: Integration 1c, RPM 1/n (where n equals the pulse count setting per revolution) *Pulse setting only available when using the LR8512.
Pre-trigger	Time span setting (any span). Settable with real-time saving.

Trigger Function

Trigger output	Open-drain output (5 V voltage output, active low) Output voltage level high: 4.0 V to 5.0 V; low: 0 V to 0.5 V Pulse Width: at least 100 ms Max. switching capacity: 5 V to 30 V DC, 5 mA max Output response time: Recording interval + 3 sec. or less (with 1 unit, good communications) Recording interval + 5 sec. or less (When seven units are connected, good communications)
Trigger output terminal	Push-button type terminal block

Alarm Output

Alarm Output Channels	Four, non-isolated (Common GND with the instrument)
Output settings	Output occurs when the logical sum (OR) or product (AND) of alarm trigger sources is true.
Alarm source	
Analog, pulse and logic input	Up to 105 channels, depending on how many LR8510 Wireless Voltage/ Temp Units and LR8511 Wireless Universal Units are connected (U1-1 to U7-15).
Communication error	When a communications error occurs
Thermocouple burnout	When thermocouple burn-out detection is enabled
Unit battery	When the LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit or LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit battery is low When the LR8512 Wireless Pulse Logger or LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger or LR8515 Wireless Voltage/ Temp Logger or LR8520 Wireless Fungal Logger's battery is depleted
Alarm types	
Level	Outputs an alarm when the level is greater than or less than a preset level value.
Window	The user sets trigger level upper and lower limit values. Outputs an alarm when the value falls inside the set area or outside the set area.
Pattern	Outputs an alarm when a pattern consisting of 1, 0, and × values satis- fied (where × indicates either value). *Setting available only when using logic input on the LR8512.
Alarm level resolution	Analog: 0.1%f.s. (f.s. = 10 divisions) Pulse: Integration 1c, RPM 1/n (where n equals the pulse count setting per revolution) *Pulse setting only available when using the LR8512.
Latch setting	Alarm output can be set to be held (latched), or not.
Cancel Hold	Enable Alarm Hold to latch alarm output without stopping measurement.
Beeper	Built-in beeper On/Off

12.1 LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station Specifications

Alarm Output	
Output form	Open drain output (with 5 V pull-up, active low)
Output voltage level	HIGH:4.0 V to 5.0 V, LOW:0 V to 0.5 V
Maximum switch rating	5 V to 30 V DC, 200 mA
Output response time	Recording interval + 3 sec. or less (with 1 unit, good communications) Recording interval + 5 sec. or less (with 7 units, good communications)

(2) Measurement Functions

Measurement

Recording interval	 100 ms^{*1, *2}, 200 ms^{*2}, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 20 min, 30 min, 1 h *1: Setting not available when the thermocouple burnout detection setting is on. *2: For the LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger, LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger and LR8520 Wireless Fungal Logger data is updated at a 500 ms interval.
Recording length (time span)	Set continuous recording Off or On. When Off, any time can be set.
Repeating Measure- ment Recording	Set Off or On. When On, measurement repeats at the set recording interval.
Recording Data Quantity	Analog recording n channels: 8 M/n data values
Waveform storage	The most recent 8 M data values (one analog channel recording time, or 8 M / n values for n channels) are stored in internal buffer memory (where n = number of analog and logic channels + number of pulse (integration, RPM) channels + number of waveform calculation channels × 4 + alarm data, where alarm data is 36 when an alarm is in use or 0 when not in use) Data retained in memory can be observed by backward scrolling.
Measurement data backup	Data is retained for about 30 minutes after power-off (except when powered off while writing to removable storage, or within 10 minutes after power-on)

Display Screen Selection (Hybrid display configurations)	 Simultaneous waveform, gauge and setting display Waveform display Simultaneous waveform and numerical value display Simultaneous numerical value and comment display Simultaneous waveform and comment display Numerical value display Simultaneous waveforms and numerical calculation results display Waveform and A/B cursor values displayed at the same time Alarm display
Waveform colors	24 colors
Waveform compres- sion and magnification	
Time axis	200 ms., 500 ms., 1 s., 2 s., 5 s., 10 s., 20 s., 30 s., 1 min., 2 min., 5 min., 10 min., 20 min., 30 min., 1 h., 2 h., 5 h., 10 h., 12 h., 1day /divisions
Voltage axis	 Select by position or upper/lower limits When selecting by position, magnification can be × 100, × 50, × 20, × 10, × 5, × 2, × 1, × 1/2, 0 Position : Set between -50 to 150% (at 1X magnification) When selected by upper/lower limits, specify the limit values.
Waveform scrolling	Time-axis scrolling is available by left/right arrow keys while measuring and when measurement stops (waveform drawing period).
Jump function	Selects the displayed span of the waveform.
Monitor function	Confirm instantaneous values and waveforms without recording data. (Monitoring is performed while triggering)
Unit battery life remaining display	Displays the remaining battery life for wirelessly connected units as 1 of 3 levels.
Signal strength display	Displays the signal strength for wirelessly connected units as 1 of 3 levels.

Save

Save destination	SD memory card or USB flash drive selectable
Auto save	Waveform data and interval calculation results (real-time saving) Numerical calculation results other than interval calculations (after measurement saving)
Real-time saving	 Saves waveform data in binary or CSV format to selected removable storage about once per minute (for slower recording intervals, saves every interval).
	 Real-time saving to removable storage is possible while communicat- ing with the Logger Utility.

12.1 LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station Specifications

Save	
Split Save	Selectable Off, On or Periodic
	On: Saves data split into separate files from measurement start, at the set interval.
	Periodic: Saves data split into separate files from a set reference time (within 24 hours), at the set interval.
Deleting	Selectable Off or On
	On: Deletes the oldest file to save the newest file when removable storage becomes
Remove external media	During real-time saving, press a button, confirm the displayed message, and remove the storage media. When the removable media is re-inserted, data retained in internal mem- ory is saved continuously to a separate file.
Data protection	If a power outage occurs or the battery runs out during real-time saving, power is cut off after the file is closed (protection becomes possible approximately 10 min. or more after the instrument is turned on).
Manual saving	Press SAVE to save. Select SAVE operation from selection or immediate saving. During immediate saving, the save type, format, range, and filename are set in advance. The filename can be entered when saving.
Save types	Setting criteria, waveform data (binary format), waveform data (CSV for- mat),numerical calculation results, screen captures (compressed bitmap format), reservation settings
Reloading data	Up to 8 M data values can be saved in binary format to a specified loca- tion. (one analog channel recording time, or 8 M / n values for n channels) (where n = number of analog and logic channels + number of pulse (inte- gration, RPM) channels + number of waveform calculation channels × 4 + alarm data, where alarm data is 36 when an alarm is in use or 0 when not in use)

Calculations

Numerical calculations	
No. of calculations	Six calculations are available at the same time
Calculations	Average value, peak value, maximum value, Time to maximum value, minimum value, Time to minimum value
Calculation time span (After measuring)	Applies calculations to all data in internal buffer memory, or to the time- span specified by A/B cursors.
Calculation time span (While measuring)	Applies calculations to all data in internal buffer memory.
	Interval calculation: Values are calculated for each specified timeframe, and the latest calcu- lated value is displayed. Select from time periods (segment times) of 1 min., 2 min., 5 min., 10 min., 15 min., 20 min., 30 min., 1 h., 2 h., 3 h., 4 h., 6 h., 8 h., 12 h., and 1 day.

Calculations

Auto saving calculation results	After measuring, the most recent calculation results are automatically saved in TXT format to removable storage.
	Interval calculation: Saves real-time calculation results in TXT format at the specified inter- val.
Waveform calculations	
Calculation Method	Calculate sum, difference, product, and quotient between channels, with calculated results displayed as channels W1 to W30 (valid during measurement only). Formulas for performing waveform calculations based on the LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger's current measured values and voltage/power factor settings can be configured (select from 1-phase/2-wire, 1-phase/3-wire, and 3-phase/3-wire) (valid during measurement only).
Auto saving calculation results	Saved in real time with a channel's waveform data.

Other Functions

Event mark function	
Search function	Displays the waveform before and after a specified event mark.
Event mark insertion	 When pressing START while measuring When pressing the on-screen [Make Mark] button. When a signal is applied to the external trigger input terminal (External Trigger and Exclusive settings on the System screen) When an alarm event occurs (can be enabled/disabled)
No. of Marks	Up to 1000 per measurement
Cursor measurement functions	
Cursor measurement	Time difference between A/B cursors, measured value difference, cursor measured value, time %
Cursor display	Select All or Selected channels
Cursor movement	Select A, B, or Both (simultaneous)
Cursor types	Select trace, vertical, or horizontal
Scalling function	Scaling can be set for each channel Selectable from Ratio or 2-Point setting methods
Fahrenheit display	Scaling can be set to display Fahrenheit (F) when English language is selected.
Inter-Channel compen- sation function	The value measured on UNIT1, CH1 can be applied as the scaling value (only to other channels with the same input type and range).
Comment entry	Titles and comments can be entered for each channel.
Auto Resume function	Settable On or Off. When On, recording resumes automatically after a power outage. (resumes with the trigger wait state when using triggering)

12.1 LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station Specifications

Other Functions

Setting configuration saving function	Up to 5 setting configurations can be stored in instrument memory. Previous settings when loading waveform files or setting files are auto- matically stored.
Unit registration function	Information about connected units can be stored.
Auto setup function	Settings stored in the instrument's memory or on an SD memory card can be automatically loaded when the instrument is turned on.
Inadvertent START/ STOP prevention	Displays a confirmation message when pressing START/STOP keys.
Confirmation message	Select enable/disable (Default: enabled)
Key-Lock function	Disables key operations (Set by pressing and holding the CANCEL key for 3 sec. or more.)
Beeper	On/Off
Reservation function	Set up to 10 sets of measurement start and stop conditions.
Spc.Dt	Set start and stop times (year, month, day, hour, minutes).
	Set configuration conditions when performing reserved operation.
Reg	 Set a start date (everyday, or specify Monday through Friday, Monday through Saturday, or Sunday).
	Set start and stop times (hours and minutes).
	Set configuration conditions when performing reserved operation.
Configuration Navigator function	Guides users through unit connection settings.

Others

Accessories	Instruction Manual (This document)1 Measurement Guide1
	Precautions Concerning Use of Equipment That Emits Radio Waves
	Z4001 SD memory card(2 GB)1
	Logger Utility (Data acquisition application program)CD-R1
	USB Cable1
	Z1008 AC Adapter(with supplied power cord)1

Others

Options	 LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit
(sold separately)	LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit
	LR8512 Wireless Pulse Logger
	LR8513 Wireless Clamp Logger
	LR8514 Wireless Humidity Logger
	 LR8515 Wireless Voltage/Temp Logger
	 LR8520 Wireless Fungal Logger
	Z1007 Battery Pack
	 Z1008 AC Adapter(with supplied power cord)
	C1007 Carrying Case
	Z1009 Fixed Stand
	9642 LAN Cable
	Z4001 SD memory card(2 GB)
	 Z4003 SD memory card(8 GB)
	P9000-01 Differential Probe
	P9000-02 Differential Probe

12.2 LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit Specifications

Basic Specifications

Product warranty period	3 years
Period of guaranteed accuracy	1 year
Supported model	LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station
Control and communications (Between instrument and unit)	Bluetooth 2.1+EDR Communications range: 30 m, line of sight Security: SSP
Backup memory	When recording n channels: (65,536/n) data points Data is maintained in the event of a communications error and resent when communications are restored.
Operating environment	Indoors, Pollution degree 2, up to 2000 m (6562-ft.) ASL
Operating temperature and humidity	Temperature: -20°C to 60°C(-4°F to 140°F) Humidity: -20°C to 40°C(-4°F to 104°F)80%RH or less (noncondensating) 40°C to 45°C(104°F to 113°F)60%RH or less (noncondensating) 45°C to 50°C(113°F to 122°F)50%RH or less (noncondensating) 50°C to 60°C(122°F to 140°F)30%RH or less (noncondensating) (temperature variation range is 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F))
Storage temperature and humidity	Temperature: -20°C to 60°C(-4 to 140°F) Humidity: -20°C to 40°C(-4°F to 104°F)80%RH or less (noncondensating) 40°C to 45°C(104°F to 113°F)60%RH or less (noncondensating) 45°C to 50°C(113°F to 122°F)50%RH or less (noncondensating) 50°C to 60°C(122°F to 140°F)30%RH or less (noncondensating)
Conditions of guaranteed accuracy	Defined after zero-adjustment has been performed. The 50/60 Hz cut-off setting is selected (see the Cut-Off Frequency Table)
Temperature and humidity range for guaranteed accuracy	Temperature: 23±5°C (73±9°F), Humidity 80% RH or less (non-conden- sating)
Dielectric strength	AC3.0 kV/60 seconds (between each input channel and chassis) AC350 V/60 seconds (between input channels)
Dimensions	Approx.150W×90H×56D mm (5.91"W × 3.54"H × 2.2"D) (including cover)
Mass	Approx. 340 g (12.0 oz.)
Applicable Standards	Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A
Vibration endurance	JIS D 1601:1995 5.3(1), Category 1: Vehicle, Condition: Category A equiv.(45 m/s2 oscillating acceleration on X-axis for 4 h, and on Y- and Z-axes for 2 h)

No. of Input Channels	15 channels(select voltage or thermocouple for each channel)							
Input terminals	M3 screw type terminal block (2 terminals per channel) Terminal block cover mounting							
Measurement objects	Voltage Thermocouple (K, J, E, T, N, R, S, B, W)							
Measurement ranges/ Measurable Range/ Resolution/ Measurement accuracy	Measure- ment Object Voltage	Туре	Range 10 mV f.s. 20 mV f.s. 100 mV f.s. 200 mV f.s. 1 V f.s. 2 V f.s. 10 V f.s. 20 V f.s. 100 V f.s. 20 V f.s. 100 V f.s.	Max. Resolution 500 nV 1 μV 5 μV 10 μV 50 μV 100 μV 500 μV 1 mV 500 μV	Measurable Range -10 mV to 10 mV -20 mV to 20 mV -100 mV to 100 mV -200 mV to 200 mV -1 V to 1 V -2 V to 2 V -10 V to 10 V -20 V to 20 V -100 V to 100 V	F-		
			1-5 V f.s.	500 μV	1 V to 5 V	± 10 mV		



12.2 LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit Specifications

Measurement Object	Туре	Range	Max. Resolu- tion	Measurable Range	Measure- ment accuracy
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
		100 CI.S	0.01 C	0°C to 100°C	±0.6°C
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.5°C
	K ^{*1}	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
				0°C to 500°C	±0.6°C
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.5°C
		2000 01.5.	0.1 C	-100°C to 1350°C	±0.8°C
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
		100 01.5		0°C to 100°C	±0.6°C
Thermocouple		500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.0°C
(not including RJC accuracy)				-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
* ¹ : JIS C				0°C to 500°C	±0.6°C
1602-1995,			0.1°C	-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.0°C
IEC584		2000°Cf.s.		-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
				0°C to 1200°C	±0.6°C
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
		100 01.5	0.01 C	0°C to 100°C	±0.6°C
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.0°C
	E ^{*1}	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
	E			0°C to 500°C	±0.6°C
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.0°C
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
				0°C to 1000°C	±0.6°C

Inputs

Magginger			Max.		Measure-
Measurement	Туре	Range	Resolu-	Measurable Range	ment
Object	5.	tion		Ŭ	accuracy
			0.01°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
		100°Cf.s	0.01 C	0°C to 100°C	±0.6°C
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.5°C
	T ^{*1}	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
				0°C to 400°C	±0.6°C
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.5°C
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C
				0°C to 400°C	±0.6°C
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±1.2°C
		100 CI.S	0.01 C	0°C to 100°C	±1.0°C
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±2.2°C
	N ^{*1}	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±1.2°C
				0°C to 500°C	±1.0°C
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±2.2°C
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±1.2°C
Thermocouple				0°C to 1300°C	±1.0°C
(not including		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	0°C to 100°C	±4.5°C
RJC accuracy) *1: JIS C 1602-			0.05°C	0°C to 100°C or less	±4.5°C
1. 513 C 1602- 1995, IEC584		500°Cf.s. 2000°Cf.s.		100°C to 300°C or less	±3.0°C
*2: ASTM E-	R*1			300°C to 500°C	±2.2°C
988-96				0°C to 100°C or less	±4.5°C
				100°C to 300°C or less	±3.0°C
				300°C to 1700°C	±2.2°C
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	0°C to 100°C	±4.5°C
				0°C to 100°C or less	±4.5°C
		500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	100°C to 300°C or less	±3.0°C
	S*1			300°C to 500°C	±2.2°C
				0°C to 100°C or less	±4.5°C
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	100°C to 300°C or less	±3.0°C
				300°C to 1700°C	±2.2°C
				400°C to 600°C or less	±5.5°C
	B*1	2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	600°C to 1000°C or less	±3.8°C
				1000°C to 1800°C	±2.5°C
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	0°C to 100°C	±1.8°C
	W*2	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	0°C to 500°C	±1.8°C
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	0°C to 2000°C	±1.8°C

Add to thermocouple measurement accuracy when internal RJC is

Temperature characteristic

compensation

accuracy

Add (Measurement accuracy x 0.1) /°C to measurement accuracy

Reference junction compensation

Reference junction

±0.5°C

enabled.

Internal/External selectable (for thermocouple measurements)

12.2 LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit Specifications

Inputs											
Thermocouple burnout detection	Enable/disable thermocouple burn-out detection at each recording interval.5 μ A±20% detection current. No current flow when acquiring measurement data. (The burnout detection setting cannot be used with a recording interval of 100 ms.)										
Digital filter	Off, 50 Hz, 60 Hz (automatically sets the cut-off frequency according to the recording interval)										
Cut-off frequency		Burn-	1			Dee					
	Burn- out Digital filter detec-										
	settings	tion set- ting	100 ms	200 ms	500 ms	1 s	2 s	5 s	10 s	20 s	30 s to
	60 Hz	OFF	1.8 k	0.7 k	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
	00 HZ	ON	-	1.8 k	0.7 k	60	60	60	60	60	60
	50 Hz	OFF	1.8 k	0.7 k	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
	30112	ON	-		0.7 k		50	50	50	50	50
	OFF	OFF				1.8 k					1.8 k
		ON	-	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k		1.8 k
										[(Jnit:Hz]
Input resistance	1 MΩ±5% (voltag	e and	thern	nocou	ole me	easure	ement)			
Normal mode rejection ratio	50dB minimum (with 50 Hz input with 5 s recording interval, and 50 Hz digital filter enabled) (with 60 Hz input with 5 s recording interval, and 60 Hz digital filter enabled)										
Common mode rejection ratio	with 100 Ω maximum signal source impedance 100dB minimum (with 50 Hz or 60 Hz input and digital filter disabled) 140dB minimum (for 50-Hz input with 5 s recording interval, 50-Hz digital filter enabled, 10 mV f.s. range setting) (for 60-Hz input with 5 s recording interval, 60-Hz digital filter enabled, 10 mV f.s. range setting)										
Maximum input voltage	DC±100 V										
Max. inter-channel voltage	DC300 V										
Maximum rated voltage to earth	300 VAC, D Measureme Anticipated	ent cat	egory	II –				d chas	sis)		

Power source

AC adapter Z1008 AC Adapter (12 V DC) Rated supply voltage:100 to 240 VAC Rated supply frequency:50 Hz / 60 Hz Battery Z1000 Battery Pack (The AC Adapter has priority Li-ion 7.2V 2170 mAh External Power 10 V to 28 V DC Power consumption With Z1008 AC Adapter or other 12 V DC external pack 1.0 VA (unit only)	y when connected)
Li-ion 7.2V 2170 mAh External Power 10 V to 28 V DC Power consumption Typical power with Z1008 AC Adapter or other 12 V DC externation pack	when connected)
Power consumption With Z1008 AC Adapter or other 12 V DC externation ronsumption pack	
Typical power With Z1008 AC Adapter or other 12 V DC externa consumption pack	
consumption pack	
	al power, without battery
Maximum rated powerWhen using the Z1008 AC Adapter: 23 VA(including the AC adapter), 7 VA(LR8410-2 When using an external DC28 V power source: 7 VA(when battery is charged) When using a Z1007 Battery Pack:0.4 VA	20 only)
Continuous operating time	
BatteryWhen using Model Z1007 Battery Pack approx. 24 hours (with a recording interval of 10 approx. 120 hours (with a recording interval of 1	
Charging functionThe AC adapter or a 10 to 28 V DC external po nected while the Z1007 Battery Pack is installed Charging time: Approx. 7 hours (@23°C, 73.4°F)	wer supply can be con-

LED indicators

Unit number, status indicator	The UNIT1 through UNIT7 LEDs light up or flash according to the unit number. Lit up: Strong communications state or connected Flashing: Poor communications state or communications lost during measurement
AC adapter/external power supply indicator	Lights up to indicate use of AC adapter or external power supply.
Battery remaining life indicator	LED lights up when the unit is operating on battery power and flashes when the remaining battery life is low while operating on battery power.
Charge indicator	Lights up while the battery pack is charging.

Others

Accessories	Instruction Manual (This document)	
	 Model Z1008 AC Adapter (with supplied power cord) 	
	Bracket	
	M3×4 screw(2)	

12.3 LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit Specifications

Others

Options	 LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station
(sold separately)	Z1007 Battery Pack
	 Z1008 AC Adapter(with supplied power cord)

12.3 LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit Specifications

Basic Specifications

Product warranty period	3 years						
Period of guaranteed accuracy	1 year						
Supported device	R8410-20 Wireless Logging Station						
Control and communications (Between instrument and unit)	Bluetooth 2.1+EDR Communications range: 30 m, line of sight Security: SSP						
Backup memory	When recording n channels: (65,536/n) data points Data is maintained in the event of a communications error and resent when communications are restored.						
Operating environment	Indoors, Pollution degree 2, up to 2000 m (6562-ft.) ASL						
Operating temperature and humidity	Temperature: -20°C to 60°C(-4°F to 140°F) Humidity: -20°C to 40°C(-4°F to 104°F)80%RH or less (noncondensating) 40°C to 45°C(104°F to 113°F)60%RH or less (noncondensating) 45°C to 50°C(113°F to 122°F)50%RH or less (noncondensating) 50°C to 60°C(122°F to 140°F)30%RH or less (noncondensating) (temperature variation range is 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F))						
Storage temperature and humidity	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Temperature:} -20^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(-4\ to \ 140^\circ\mbox{F}) \\ \mbox{Humidity:} -20^\circ\mbox{C to } 40^\circ\mbox{C}(-4^\circ\mbox{F to } 104^\circ\mbox{F})80\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 40^\circ\mbox{C to } 45^\circ\mbox{C}(104^\circ\mbox{F to } 113^\circ\mbox{F})60\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 45^\circ\mbox{C to } 50^\circ\mbox{C}(113^\circ\mbox{F to } 122^\circ\mbox{F})50\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F})30\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F})30\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F})30\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F})30\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F})30\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F})30\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F})30\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F})30\%\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 60^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F}) \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 120^\circ\mbox{C}(122^\circ\mbox{F to } 140^\circ\mbox{F}) \\ 50^\circ\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 120^\circ\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{C to } 120^\circ\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ 50^\circ\mbox{RH or less (noncondensating)} \\ RH or less (nonconden$						
Conditions of guaranteed accuracy	Defined after zero-adjustment has been performed. With a cutoff frequency of 50/60 Hz (see cutoff frequency chart)						
Temperature and hu- midity range for guar- anteed accuracy	Temperature 23 \pm 5°C (73 \pm 9°F), Humidity 80% RH or less (non-condensating)						
Dielectric strength	3.0 kV AC for 60 seconds (between each input channel and chassis) 350 V AC for 60 seconds (between input channels)						
Dimensions	Approx.150W×90H×56D mm (5.91"W × 3.54"H × 2.2"D) (including cover)						

Mass	Approx. 320 g (11.3 oz.)
Applicable Standards	Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A
Vibration endurance	JIS D 1601:1995 5.3(1), Category 1: Vehicle, Condition: Category A equiv.(45 m/s2 oscillating acceleration on X-axis for 4 h, and on Y- and Z-axes for 2 h)

Basic Specifications

No. of Input Channels	15 channels (select voltage, thermocouple, RTD, humidity, or resistance for each channel)							
Input terminals	Push-button terminals (4 terminals per channel) Terminal block cover mounting							
Measurement objects	 Voltage 							
	Thermocou	ple (k	K, J, E, T, N,	R, S, B, V	V)			
	 RTDs (Pt10 1 mA±5% m 		t100, 3- or 4 irement curr		figuration,			
	Resistance	(4-wi	re configurat	ion, 1 mA	±5% measurement of	current)		
	• Humidity (O	•	Ũ			,		
Measurement ranges/								
Measurable Range/	Measurement			Max.		Measure-		
Resolution/	Object	Туре	Range	Resolu-	Measurable Range			
Measurement accuracy				tion		racy		
			10 mV f.s	500 nV	-10 mV to 10 mV	± 10 μV		
			20 mV f.s	1 μV	-20 mV to 20 mV	± 20 μV		
			100 mV f.s.	5 μV	-100 mV to 100 mV	± 100 μV		
			200 mV f.s.	10 μV	-200 mV to 200 mV	± 200 μV		
	Voltage		1 V f.s.	50 μV	-1 V to 1 V	±1mV		
	voltage		2 V f.s.	100 μV	-2 V to 2 V	±2 mV		
			10 V f.s.	500 μV	-10 V to 10 V	± 10 mV		
			20 V f.s.	1 mV	-20 V to 20 V	± 20 mV		
			100 V f.s.	5 mV	-100 V to 100 V	± 100 mV		
			1-5 V f.s.	500 μV	1 V to 5 V	± 10 mV		

12.3 LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit Specifications

Measurement	Туре			Measure- ment			
Object	Dbject		tion	weasurable range	accuracy		
		100005 -	0.0100	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	0°C to 100°C	±0.6°C		
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.5°C		
	K ^{*1}	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
				0°C to 500°C	±0.6°C		
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.5°C		
		2000 01.5.	0.1 C	-100°C to 1350°C	±0.8°C		
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
		100 01.5		0°C to 100°C	±0.6°C		
Thermocouple		500°Cf.s.		-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.0°C		
(not including RJC accuracy)	J ^{*1}		0.05°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
* ¹ : JIS C	J			0°C to 500°C	±0.6°C		
1602-1995,						-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.0°C
IEC584		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
				0°C to 1200°C	±0.6°C		
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
		100 01.5	0.01 C	0°C to 100°C	±0.6°C		
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.0°C		
	E ^{*1}	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
	E			0°C to 500°C	±0.6°C		
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.0°C		
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
				0°C to 1000°C	±0.6°C		

			Max.		Measure-		
Measurement Object	Type	Range	Resolu-	Measurable Range	ment		
Object		, and the second s	tion		accuracy		
		100005 -	0.0400	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	0°C to 100°C	±0.6°C		
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.5°C		
	T ^{*1}	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
	1 '			0°C to 400°C	±0.6°C		
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±1.5°C		
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±0.8°C		
				0°C to 400°C	±0.6°C		
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±1.2°C		
		100°CI.S	0.01-C	0°C to 100°C	±1.0°C		
				-200°C to -100°C or less	±2.2°C		
	N ^{*1}	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-100°C to 0°C or less	±1.2°C		
	N '			0°C to 500°C	±1.0°C		
			0.1°C	-200°C to -100°C or less	±2.2°C		
Thermocouple		2000°Cf.s.		-100°C to 0°C or less	±1.2°C		
(not including				0°C to 1300°C	±1.0°C		
RJC accu-				100°Cf.s	0.01°C	0°C to 100°C	±4.5°C
racy) *1: JIS C		500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	0°C to 100°C or less	±4.5°C		
1602-1995,				100°C to 300°C or less	±3.0°C		
IEC584	R^{*1}			300°C to 500°C	±2.2°C		
*2: ASTM E-				0°C to 100°C or less	±4.5°C		
988-96		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	100°C to 300°C or less	±3.0°C		
				300°C to 1700°C	±2.2°C		
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	0°C to 100°C	±4.5°C		
			0.05°C	0°C to 100°C or less	±4.5°C		
		500°Cf.s.		100°C to 300°C or less	±3.0°C		
	S*1			300°C to 500°C	±2.2°C		
				0°C to 100°C or less	±4.5°C		
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	100°C to 300°C or less	±3.0°C		
				300°C to 1700°C	±2.2°C		
				400°C to 600°C or less	±5.5°C		
	B ^{*1}	2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	600°C to 1000°C or less	±3.8°C		
				1000°C to 1800°C	±2.5°C		
		100°Cf.s	0.01°C	0°C to 100°C	±1.8°C		
	W ^{*2}	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	0°C to 500°C	±1.8°C		
		2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	0°C to 2000°C	±1.8°C		

12.3 LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit Specifications

Magguramont			Max.		Measure-
Measurement	Туре	Range	Resolu-	Measurable Range	ment
Object			tion		accuracy
RTD	Pt	100°Cf.s	0.01°C	-100°C to 100°C	±0.6°C
*3: JIS C	100	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-200°C to 500°C	±0.8°C
1604-1997,	*3	2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-200°C to 800°C	±1.0°C
IEC751	JPt	100°Cf.s	0.01°C	-100°C to 100°C	±0.6°C
*4: JIS C	100	500°Cf.s.	0.05°C	-200°C to 500°C	±0.8°C
1604-1989	*4	2000°Cf.s.	0.1°C	-200°C to 500°C	±1.0°C
		10 Ωf.s.	$0.5\mathrm{m}\Omega$	0°C to 10 Ω	\pm 10 m Ω
Resistance		20 Ωf.s.	1 mΩ	0°C to 20 Ω	± 20 mΩ
Resistance		100 Ωf.s.	$5 \mathrm{m}\Omega$	0°C to 100 Ω	± 100 mΩ
		200 Ωf.s.	$10 \text{ m}\Omega$	0°C to 200 Ω	± 200 mΩ
Humidity		100%RH f.s.	0.1%RH	5.0% to 95.0%RH	See Humidity Accuracy Table (includes Z2000 Humidity Sensor accuracy)



Reference junction compensation accuracy	$\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Reference junction compensation: Add to thermocouple measurement accuracy when internal RJC is enabled.
Temperature characteristic	Add (Measurement accuracy x 0.1) /°C to measurement accuracy (see Humidity Accuracy Table for humidity)
Reference junction compensation	Internal/External selectable (for thermocouple measurements)
Thermocouple burnout detection	Enable/disable thermocouple burn-out detection at each recording interval. 5 $\mu\text{A}\pm20\%$ detection current. No current flow when acquiring measurement data.
Digital filter	Off, 50 Hz, 60 Hz (automatically sets the cut-off frequency according to the recording inter- val)

Inputs

Cut-off frequency		Burn-				Deee	adia a ia	An mund			
		Burn- out				Reco	rding in	terval			
	Digital filter settings	detec- tion set- ting	100 ms	200m s	500m s	1 s	2 s	5 s	10 s	20 s	30 s to
	60 Hz	OFF	1.8 k	0.7 k	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
	60 HZ	ON	-	1.8 k	0.7 k	60	60	60	60	60	60
	50 Hz	OFF	1.8 k	0.7 k	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
	50112	ON	-		0.7 k	50	50	50	50	50	50
	OFF	OFF	1.8 k	-	1.8 k	-	-	-	-	-	-
	011	ON	-	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k	1.8 k
										[Uı	nit:Hz]
Input resistance	1 MΩ±5% (\ 2 MΩ±5% (•						ment)			
Normal mode rejection ratio	50dB minimum (with 50 Hz input with 5 s recording interval, and 50 Hz digital filter enabled) (with 60 Hz input with 5 s recording interval, and 60 Hz digital filter enabled)										
Common mode rejection ratio	with 100 Ω maximum signal source impedance 100dB minimum (with 50 Hz or 60 Hz input and digital filter disabled) 140dB minimum (for 50-Hz input with 5 s recording interval, 50-Hz digital filter enabled, 10 mV f.s. range setting) (for 60-Hz input with 5 s recording interval, 60-Hz digital filter enabled, 10 mV f.s. range setting)										
Maximum input voltage	±100 VDC										
Max. inter-channel voltage	300 VDC (during voltage and thermocouple measurement) (Channels are not isolated during resistance temperature detector, resistance, or humidity measurement.)										
Maximum rated voltage to earth	300 VAC, DC (between each input channel and chassis) Measurement category II Anticipated transient overvoltage 2,500 V										

Power source

Power source	
AC adapter	Z1008 AC Adapter (12 VDC) Rated supply voltage:100 to 240 VAC Rated supply frequency:50 Hz / 60 Hz
Battery	Z1007 Battery Pack (The AC Adapter has priority when connected) Li-ion 7.2V 2170 mAh
External Power	10 V to 28 V DC
Power consumption	

12.3 LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit Specifications

Power source

Typical power consumption	With Z1008 AC Adapter or other 12 V DC external power, without battery pack 1.0 VA(LR8511 only)
Maximum rated power	When using the Z1008 AC Adapter: 23 VA (including the AC adapter), 7 VA (LR8511 only) When using an external DC28 V power source: 7 VA(when battery is charged) When using a Z1007 Battery Pack 0.6 VA
Continuous operating time	
Battery	When using Model Z1007 Battery Pack approx. approx. 24 hours (with a recording interval of 100 ms, @23°C, 73.4°F) approx. 120 hours(with a recording interval of 1 min., @23°C, 73.4°F)
Charge indicator	The AC adapter or a 10 to 28 V DC external power supply can be con- nected while the Z1007 Battery Pack is installed. Charging time: Approx. 7 h. (23°C reference value)

LED indicators

Unit number, status indicator	The UNIT1 through UNIT7 LEDs light up or flash according to the unit number. Lit up: Strong communications state or connected Flashing: Poor communications state or communications lost during measurement
AC adapter/external power supply indicator	Lights up to indicate use of AC adapter or external power supply.
Battery remaining life indicator	Battery remaining life indicator LED lights up when the unit is operating on battery power and flashes when the remaining battery life is low while operating on battery power.
Charge indicator	Lights up while the battery pack is charging.

Others

Accessories	 Instruction Manual (This document) Z1008 AC Adapter(with supplied power cord) Bracket M3×4 screw(2)
Options (sold separately)	 LR8410-20 Wireless Logging Station Z1007 Battery Pack Z1008 AC Adapter(with supplied power cord) Z2000 Humidity Sensor

Maintenance and Service Chapter 13

13.1 Inspection, Repair, and Cleaning

MARNING

Internal circuitry in the instrument and measurement units generates high voltages and is extremely dangerous if touched. Do not attempt to modify, disassemble, or repair these devices. Doing so may result in fire, electric shock, or bodily injury.

Replaceable Parts and Operating Lifetimes

Useful life depends on the operating environment and frequency of use. Operation cannot be guaranteed beyond the following periods. For replacement parts, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Part	Recommended replacement cycle	Remarks/conditions
Electrolytic Capacitors	Approx. 10 years	The board on which the parts in question are mounted should be replaced.
LCD backligh (Brightness reduced by half)	Approx. 5 years (Approx. 50,000 hours)	Assuming continuous use 24 hours a day
Lithium battery	Approx. 5 years	Replace if the time and date are significantly off when the instrument is turned on. Contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.
Z1007 Battery Pack		Once the battery pack has been fully charged from an empty state and then discharged 300 times, 70% of the initial battery capacity will remain.
Electric double-layer capacitors	Approx. 3 years	If the backup time for measurement data becomes excessively short, it is time to replace the electric double-layer capacitors.

13.1 Inspection, Repair, and Cleaning

Fuse

The fuse is housed in the power unit of the instrument. If the power does not turn on, the fuse may be blown. If this occurs, a replacement or repair cannot be performed by customers. Please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Calibrations

Important

Periodic calibration is necessary in order to ensure that the instrument provides correct measurement results of the specified accuracy.

The calibration frequency varies depending on the status of the instrument or installation environment. We recommend that the calibration frequency is determined in accordance with the status of the instrument or installation environment and that you request that calibration be performed periodically.

During repair and calibration work, your instrument may be initialized, and its software may be updated to the latest version. Back up any necessary data before having the device repaired or calibrated.

Transporting

- Use the original packing materials when transporting the instrument, if possible.
- Pack the instrument so that it will not sustain damage during shipping, and include a description of existing damage. We do not take any responsibility for damage incurred during shipping.

When transporting the Z1007 Battery Pack on an aircraft

- The Z1007 Battery Pack uses a rechargeable lithium-ion battery.
- Transport of lithium-ion batteries on aircraft is subject to restrictions based on UN recommendations.
- Before repairing or calibrating devices that use the Z1007 Battery Pack or transporting them on an aircraft, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Cleaning

NOTE

To clean the instrument, wipe it gently with a soft cloth moistened with water or mild detergent. Never use solvents such as benzene, alcohol, acetone, ether, ketones, thinners or gasoline, as they can deform and discolor the case. And, wipe the LCD gently with a soft, dry cloth.

13.2 Troubleshooting

If damage is suspected, check the "Before Returning for Repair"(p. 301) section before contacting your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Before Returning for Repair

If abnormal operation occurs, check the following items.

Symptom	Check Items	
The display does not appear when you turn the power on.	 Is the power cord disconnected? Are connections made correctly? Is the battery pack installed correctly?	Verify that the power cord is connected properly (p. 44). Verify that the battery pack is correctly installed (p. 41).
Keys do not work.	 eys do not work. Is any key being held down? Is the key-lock state active? (A message appears when a key is pressed while key-lock is active.) 	
on. output, the adapter is faulty). distribut • A power protection component may be damaged. Custor to perfand recontant		Contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller. Customers should not attempt to perform parts replacement and repair. Contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.
Unable to establish communications between the Wireless Logging Station and a Unit.	Is the unit turned on?	 Check whether the power LED (either AC ADAPTER or BATT) on the measure- ment unit is lit up. Verify that the wireless log- ger's LCD is on.
	An obstruction may be interfering with communications between the Wireless Logging Station and the unit.	 Position the measurement unit close to the wireless logging station and verify that one of the measure- ment unit's UNIT NO. LEDs (1 through 7) is lit up. Verify that the S (Bluetooth icon) on the wireless log- ger's screen is lit up.
	The instrument may not be recognizing the unit.	 Cycle the Wireless Logging Station power and check again. Temporarily delete the unit's registration, re-register it, and check again.
	• If the measurement unit is already con- nected to another Wireless Logging Sta- tion, you will not be able to register it.	Check whether the unit is al- ready registered with another Wireless Logging Station and delete the registration.

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13.2 Troubleshooting

A waveform does not appear when you press START.	 Is the "Waiting for pre-trigger" message displayed? Is the "Waiting for trigger" message displayed? Is the waveform display color selection box selected (⊠)? 	When pre-triggering is en- abled, triggering is ignored un- til the pre-trigger portion of the waveform has been acquired. Recording starts when a trig- ger occurs.
No changes occur in the displayed waveform.	 Is the measurement cable connected correctly? Is the measurement range set properly?	Verify that the measurement cable or connection cable is connected correctly (p. 46).
Data cannot be saved to the removal storage.	 Is the removal storage inserted properly? Is the removal storage formatted? Is the remaining capacity of the removal storage too low? 	"Using a SD memory card/ USB flash drive" (p. 60)
Z1007 battery pack cannot be charged (Charging LED is not lit).	Please confirm that the surrounding tem- perature is within 5 to 35°C range.	The temperature range within which the instrument and measurement unit can be used to charge the battery pack is 5°C to 35°C.(p. 10)
	 Is the instrument and measurement units stored for a long time in a plugged condi- tion? 	The battery pack may have deteriorated and the battery life may be expiring soon. (p. 299) Please purchase a new bat- tery pack. Please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.If the instrument is not used for more than a month, please remove the battery pack for storage.(p. 10)
The battery back operating time is dramatically lower than before, even immediately after charging completes.	Possibility of capacity decrease due to the deterioration of the battery pack.	The battery pack may have deteriorated and the battery life may be expiring soon. (p. 299) Please purchase a new bat- tery pack. Please contact your autho- rized Hioki distributor or re- seller.

If the cause is unknown

Try performing a system reset (p. 203). All settings are returned to their factory defaults(p. A12).

13.3 Disposing of the instrument

The instrument contains a lithium battery for memory backup. When disposing of this instrument, remove the lithium battery and dispose of battery and instrument in accordance with local regulations.

Removing the Lithium Battery

▲ WARNING To avoid electric shock, turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord and measurement cables before removing the lithium battery.



CALIFORNIA, USA ONLY

This product contains a CR Coin Lithium Battery which contains Perchlorate Material - special handling may apply.

See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate

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Appendix

Appendix 1 Scan Timing

For sampling of the LR8510 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit and LR8511 Wireless Universal Unit, there is a scan system for each channel.

The following figure illustrates scan timing when measurement is on for all 15 unit channels with a 50/60 Hz digital filter and recording intervals of 100 ms and 5s, respectively.



When the digital filter is off, the timing is the same as with a recording interval of 100 ms, regardless of the recording interval setting.

When the digital filter is set to 50 Hz or 60 Hz, the scan width varies with the recording interval. If the recording interval is 5 s, the scan width per channel will be approximately 120 ms. Even with a recording interval that is slower than 5 s, the scan width per channel will be set at approximately 120 ms.

The maximum disparity in sampling among measurement units is 1 sample (recording interval), regardless of the number of units.

The following figure illustrates scan timing when measurement is on for all 15 unit channels with a 50/60 Hz digital filter and a recording interval of 10 s.



The scan width per channel is similar to the value when using a recording interval of 5 s. For recording intervals of 10 s or greater, the instrument will enter power-saving mode between the completion of one 15-channel scan and the next sample. As the recording interval gets longer, the time for which the instrument is in power-saving mode increases, causing the operating time when using the battery to increase.

The following figure illustrates scan timing when measurement is on for unit channels 1 and 2 (but off for other channels) with a 50/60 Hz digital filter and a recording interval of 10 s.



Since the instrument will enter power-saving mode once the scan of channels 1 and 2 completes, it is possible to increase the length of power-saving mode compared to when measurement is on for all 15 channels. The battery can be made to last longer by limiting the number of channels being measured.

Appendix 2 Error Messages and Remedial Actions

Error messages consist of either "Error" or "Warning" displays.

A screen message appears whenever an error occurs. In either case, take the remedial action indicated.

Error Messages



To clear an error message, press **ENTER** or **ESC**.

Message		Remedial Action
002	A communications error occurred between the instrument and a unit during measurement.	 Verify that the unit is turned on. Check the communications state with the unit. If poor, move the instrument to a location where good reception is possible.
004	The instrument or unit has almost no remaining battery life.	There is a device with a low battery. Connect an AC adapter or external power supply so that the battery can charge, or replace the battery with an adequately charged battery.
005	FPGA error.	Incompatible FPGA firmware version. Try updat- ing the firmware, and if the error persists, submit the instrument for repair.
008	FPGA PLL error. Turn off and on the power.	Measurement stopped due to FPGA internal PLL fault. Turn power off and on, check ambient conditions (temperature and noise), and try measuring again.
011	The time of the clock was initialized.	Reset the clock. If the problem remains, have the instrument repaired.
012	Internal memory error.	Internal buffer memory could not be properly rec- ognized. Contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller, as it may be damaged.
013	Zero-adjustment failed for one or more units. Check the power supply and communications status for the following units.	Verify that the specified unit is turned on and check its communications state.
700	Communications with a unit have been interrupted.	Verify that registered units are turned on and check their communications state.

Warning Messages

Appears just once when an error occurs. Disappears within a few seconds. Also disappears when any key is pressed.

Message		Remedial Action
101	Invalid key.	The pressed key is disabled due to measuring or other operation. Press the key again after the cur- rent operation finishes.
103	Cannot change while measuring.	Press STOP to stop measuring before changing the setting.
104	No measurement data was found for the specified position.	Specify the location at which measurement data ex- ists in the internal buffer memory, or save the mea- surement data to a storage medium and then load the data from a specified location into the internal buffer memory.
201	Exceeding the setting range.	The entered numerical value is out of the valid range. Enter a valid value.
204	Measurement range changed.	When [Type]-[Up/Lwr] is selected, the measure- ment range is automatically changed to match the upper and lower limits.
230	Recording time has been changed due to memory limit.	Increasing the number of measurement channels has decreased Internal memory waveform data capacity.
231	Pre-Trigger span changed.	Increasing the recording interval or length requires reducing pre-trigger recording time.
232	Recording and Pre-Trigger spans changed due to waveform memory limit.	Increasing the recording interval requires reducing recording length and pre-trigger recording time.
234	Burn Out (broken-wire) detection changed.	Burn-out detection is not available with the current settings. To enable burn-out detection, select a lon- ger recording interval or reduce the number of chan- nels used. See: "About the Recording Interval" (p .70)
235	Burnout detection cannot be turned On for the current recording interval setting. Change the recording interval to a value from 200 ms to 1h.	The setting is not available due to the combination of the number of channels used and the recording in- terval. To enable burn-out detection, select a longer recording interval, or reduce the number of channels used. See: "About the Recording Interval" (p.70)
236	File partition period was changed.	The segment time span has been changed in re- sponse to changing the recording interval.
237	File partition time was changed.	The segment time span has been changed in re- sponse to changing the recording interval.
238	Unable to set CSV auto-save with the current record interval.	The recording intervals available for CSV auto sav- ing are limited. Select a longer recording interval. See: "Automatic Saving (Waveform Data and Numerical Calculation Results)" (p .163) *2

Message		Remedial Action	
239	CSV auto save has been set. Unable to set the specified record interval.	Select non-CSV auto saving to measure with the specified recording interval.	
240	The schedule has not been set properly.	Check the schedule settings.	
244	Auto-save has been changed from CSV to waveform.	The saving method was changed to Waveform (bi- nary) because the selected recording interval is too short for CSV saving. To enable CSV saving, select a longer recording interval or reduce the number of channels used. See: "Automatic Saving (Waveform Data and Numerical Calculation Results)" (p .163) *2	
301	No waveform data.	No waveform data is preset, so data saving and cal- culations cannot be performed. Press START to start acquiring measurement data.	
302	Confirm the A-B cursor position.	The A/B cursor positions are invalid (out of wave- form range). Check the cursor positions.	
303	No numerical calculation data.	Execute numerical calculation (p. 183)	
304	Invalid event mark.	Try moving to an event mark that is not in memory.	
401	File processing error.	An unexpected fault occurred while processing a file on the removal storage. Turn the instrument off and back on.	
402	Cannot load this file.	The format of the file is incompatible with the instru- ment, or the file is corrupt. Refer to "6.1 About Saving and Loading Data" (p. 159) for loadable file formats.	
403	Insert a Media.	A SD memory card or USB flash drive is not present. Insert storage media.	
405	Not enough capacity.	The removal storage as insufficient space to save the file. Delete files to increase free space, or re- place the removal storage.	
406	Process interrupted (not enough battery capacity).	The software cannot be updated with a low battery. Power the instrument with the AC adapter or an ex- ternal power supply, or charge the battery adequate- ly first.	
407	Insert SD memory card or USB memory.	A SD memory card or USB flash drive is not present. Insert storage media.	
408	Preparing to protect files.	Wait approximately 10 minutes for the instrument's built-in high-capacity capacitor to charge.	
430	Unsaved data present.	The removal storage is not inserted, or does not have enough free space. Insert a removal storage and manually save needed data.	
431	Insert media to save waveform data.	Insert a removal storage.	
432	Change media.	Removable storage cannot be accessed. Replace the SD memory card or USB flash drive.	

Appendix

Message		Remedial Action
	U -	This may appear while measuring using waveform
434	Media is full or cannot delete oldest wave file.	auto save. A file could not be saved: Not enough space on the removable storage.
435	Media is nearly full.	Not enough space on the removal storage. Replace with a new removal storage.
437	Saving wave data. Wait for a moment.	Some key operations are disabled because of the in- creased load during real-time saving. Minimize key operations as much as possible during real-time saving.
438	This folder is protected. Rename for deleting.	This message is displayed to prevent accidental dele- tion of data folders. To delete a folder, first rename it.
441	Insert the recording media. Unsaved data will be lost soon.	Real-time saving was attempted without removable storage, and with less than 50% internal buffer memory available. Insert removable storage.
442	File name is too long to change.	The instrument cannot rename files with names lon- ger than 26 characters. Use a PC to rename the file.
501	File system error (I/O error).	An I/O error occurred while accessing the removal storage. Reformat the removal storage. If the error persists, try a different removal storage. If this error occurs while using a good removal storage, the instrument may be damaged, in which case contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.
502	File system error (Incorrect file handle).	
503	File system error (system configuration).	Turn the instrument off and back on. If the fault per- sists, perform system reset (p. 203).
504	File system error (not enough memory).	
505	File system error (incompleted information).	The removable storage could not be recognized. Reformat the removable storage on a PC. If the error persists, try a different removable storage. If this error occurs while using a good removable storage, the instrument may be damaged, in which case contact your authorized Hioki distributor or re- seller.
506	File system error (incorrect device).	Turn the instrument off and back on. If the fault per- sists, perform system reset (p. 203).
507	File system error (file protected).	The requested write process (including deletion) could not be performed because the file attribute is read-only. Use a PC to cancel the read-only setting.
508	File system error (failed to recognize the format).	The removable storage could not be recognized. Reformat the removable storage on a PC. If the error persists, try a different removable storage. If this error occurs while using a good removable storage, the instrument may be damaged, in which case contact your authorized Hioki distributor or re- seller.

Message		Remedial Action	
509	File system error (limit of the number of files).	Turn the instrument off and back on. If the fault per- sists, perform system reset (p. 203).	
510	File system error (same name file).	An attempt was made to create a file with the same name as an existing file. Change the name of the file to be created (p. 178).	
511	File system error (system busy).	Processing could not be performed because files are in use by another executing process. Wait for the current process to finish. If there is no other execut- ing process, turn the instrument off and back on.	
512	File system error (too long path name).	The specified path name is too long. Re-enter the name of a removable storage folder from the PC.	
513	File system error (no file).		
514	File system error (mode error).	Turn the instrument off and back on.	
515	File system error (invalid file handle).	If the fault persists, perform system reset (p. 203).	
516	File system error (file offset error).		
517	File system error (not enough capacity).	Insufficient free space is available on the removable storage for the process to execute. Delete files to increase free space, or try another removable storage.	
518	File system error (invalid file name).	The file name contains an invalid character. Rename the file (p. 178).	
519	File system error (directory error).		
520	File system error (invalid file type).		
521	File system error (file rename error).		
522	File system error (internal parameter error).	Turn the instrument off and back on. If the fault per- sists, perform system reset (p. 203).	
523	File system error (block size error).		
524	File system error (semaphore error).	-	
525	File system error (not supported action).		
627	An error occurred while communi- cating with the computer.	Check the instrument and the connection destina- tion.	
629	DHCP failed.	Check the LAN connections.	
632	Bad FTP server IP address.	Check the IP addresses for FTP auto sending.	
633	Can not connect to FTP server.	Check the FTP auto sending settings and connections.	
634	Can not find FTP server/DNS failed.	Check the FTP auto sending settings, DNS IP address, and connections.	
635	Bad Mail server IP address.	Check the mail server IP address setting.	
636	Can not connect to Mail server.	Check the mail server settings and connections.	
637	Can not find Mail server/DNS failed.	Check the mail server settings, DNS IP address, and connections.	
638	Bad POP server IP address.	Check the POP server IP address setting.	
639	Can not connect to POP server.	Check the POP server settings and connections.	
640	Can not find POP server/DNS failed.	Check the DNS IP address and connection.	

Appendix

Messa	age	Remedial Action
663	Automatic data transfer via FTP is not possible while data is being saved. FTP data transfer failed.	Obtain manually the data file, if unable to be trans- ferred, or copy the data to PC from the storage me- dia.
664	File not found.	
701	No peripheral devices that can be registered were found. Check whether the unit is turned on and search again.	Verify that the unit you are trying to register is turned on and check its communications state.
702	The attempt to register a unit failed. If you are unable to recon- nect after waiting a while, repeat the search and try registering the unit again.	Register the target unit again. Alternatively, search again and then register the unit.
703	The attempt to delete a unit failed. Try deleting the target unit again. Alternatively, cycle the instru- ment's power and then try to delete the unit.	Delete the target unit again. Alternatively, cycle the instrument's power and then delete the unit.
704	Failed to register the unit. Try registering the unit again.	Verify that the unit you are trying to register is on and verify its communications state. Then register it again.
705	Failed to delete all units. Try delet- ing all units again. Alternatively, cycle the instrument's power and then try deleting all units.	Delete all units again. Alternatively, cycle the instru- ment's power and then delete all units.
707	Registration UNIT has reached the maximum. Delete unneeded units.	Up to seven units can be registered. Delete any unneeded units and then register the target unit.
708	Unable to start since there are no registered units. Register a unit.	Start after registering a unit.
720	The unit with a version of the firm- ware that cannot perform any cor- rect measurement in the present setting installed is registered.	Visit our website to download the latest version of the unit's firmware and install it.
721	The product supporting LR8410 Link with a new version of the firmware installed is registered.	Visit our website to download the latest version of the instrument's firmware and install it.
Appendix 3 File Naming

File names are constructed as follows (must be exactly eight characters, not including extension).

WAVE00	01.MEM
1. File Type	3. File Extension
	natic serial number

File Type	Folder Name	1. File Type	2. Automatic serial number	3. File Ex- tension
Settings Data	CONFIG	CONF	0001 to available number	.SET
Schedule list	CONFIG	LIST	0001 to available number	.BDL
Schedule settings	CONFIG	LIST	0001 to available number	.RSV
Waveform Data	DATA (Folders named by date are au- tomatically cre- ated) *2	Manual Save: WAVE Auto Save: (specified name) or AUTO	0001 to available number *1	.MEM (Bi- nary) .CSV (Text) *3, *4
Numerical Cal- culation Results (calculation re- sults from start to stop)	MEASURE- MENT/ALL	Manual Save: MEAS	When [N-Calc. Data Sav- ing] on the System screen is set to [Single file]: 0001 to any available number When [N-Calc. Data Sav-	.CSV *3, *4
Numerical Cal- culation Results (calculation re- sults for each split interval when split calcu- lation is enabled)	MEASURE- MENT/PART	Auto Save: (specified name) or AUTO	ing] on the System screen is set to [Split save]: Cal- culations 1 to 6 are includ- ed in files with _1 to _6 appended to the serial number (0001 to any avail- able number).	.CSV *3, *4
Captured Screen Image	PICTURE	SCR	0001 to available number	.BMP

*1 When auto saving waveform data and calculation results, automatically generated serial numbers (up to eight digits) are appended to the specified file name. If no file name is specified, AUTO is automatically entered.

(XXXX0001.MEM, XXX00001.MEM, XX000001.MEM, X0000001.MEM)

When auto numbering exceeds 9999, the file name characters are overwritten (right to left) until all eight digits are used for serial numbers. (Example: WAVE9999.MEM, WAV10000.MEM, ...)

- *2 When [Deleting] is enabled with auto save, the oldest waveform file is deleted when the SD memory card is full. When all waveform files within a date folder have been deleted, the folder name (date) is automatically updated.
 - (Example:) Before updating: 08-07-17

After updating: 08_07_17_080719_101113 (old date_new date _new day and time) Hyphens (-) are changed to underbars (_) and the date when the folder name was last changed is appended. (The example shows a new date and time of July 19th 2008, 10:11:13.)

- *3 The TXT file extension is applied except when [Separator:Comma] is selected on the [System] screen.
- *4 Before loading data into a spreadsheet program such as Excel, note that the number of rows that can be loaded at one time is limited (to 60,000 rows in Excel 97 – 2003, and to one million rows in Excel 2007).

Larger CSV files can be split by the following methods:

- Use a CSV file-splitting program (downloadable for free from Hioki's website).
- Before saving, select the [Split Save] saving method in the instrument.

Note: The number of rows recorded per minute with 100 ms recording interval is: 10 (data points per second) x 60 (seconds) = 600 rows

Appendix 4 Text File Internal Format

Text files consist of header and data portions. The header includes the following information related to measurement data.

- (1) File name and version (2) Title comment (3) Start trigger time
- (4) Channel number of each line (5) Measurement contents (6) Range
- (7) Comment (8) Scaling setting (9) Scaling ratio (10) Scaling offset
- (11) Channel number and input unit of each line

"File name","AUTO0001.CSV","V 1.00"(1) "Title comment","" ••••••(2) "Start trigger time","'13-5-17 13:52:32" ••••••(3) "CH","A 1- 1","ALM-1","ALM-2","ALM-3","ALM-4","ALM-SOURCE-1","ALM-SOURCE-2","ALM-SOURCE-3","ALM-SOURCE-4","Z 1", •••••(4) "Mode","Voltage","Alarm","Alarm","Alarm Source","Alarm Source","Alarm Source","Alarm Source", "Alarm Source", "Calculation",(5) "Scaling", "OFF", "OFF", "OFF", ••••••(8) "Ratio"," 1.00000E+00"," 1.00000E+00"," 1.00000E+00", ••••••(9) "Offset"," 0.00000E+00"," 0.00000E+00"," 0.00000E+00" ••••••(10) "Time","1-1[V]","ALM-1","ALM-2","ALM-3","ALM-4","ALM-SOURCE-1","ALM-SOURCE-2","ALM-SOURCE-3","ALM-SOURCE-4","CALC-1[V]","Event", ••••••(11) 0.00000000E+00,1,0,0,0,0,"","","", 2.420000000E-02,0, 1.00000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"","","", 2.3400000000E-02,0, 2.00000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"","","", 2.300000000E-02,0, 3.00000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"","","", 2.330000000E-02,0, 4.00000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"","","", 2.330000000E-02,0, 4:00000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"","',",", 2:30000000E-02,0, 5.00000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"","",",",", 1.810000000E-02,0, 6.00000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"","","",", 2.410000000E-02,0, 7.000000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"","","", 1.890000000E-02,0, 8.000000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"",",",",", 1.920000000E-02,0, 9.00000000E-01,1,0,0,0,0,"",",",",", 1.960000000E-02,0, 1.00000000E+00,1,0,0,0,0,"","","", 2.010000000E-02,0,

Appendix 5 Binary File Size Calculation

(Byte units) File size = Header size + Data size Header size = Text header size + Binary header size Text header size = 512 × (7 +number of channels for Unit 1 through Unit 7 × 3 + no. of alarm channels \times 3 + no. of waveform calculations \times 3) Binary header size = 512 × (35+ no. of channels of UNIT1 to UNIT7 × 4 + no. of alarm channels \times 17 + no. of waveform calculations \times 3) Data size = (Number of channels other than wireless pulse loggers for Unit 1 through Unit 7 × 2 + Number of wireless pulse logger (integration or RPM) channels 4 + number of units with wireless pulse logger (logic) channels × 1 + waveform calculations × 8 + alarm data*) × number of data points

*Alarm data is equal to 74 when using alarms or 0 when not using alarms.

You can check an estimate of the remaining time available on the attached SD memory card/ USB flash drive on the [Setting] screen.

Setting Title comment analysis	<u>CH List</u>	Conv/Calc Tri	g&Alm Comment Setting Load Set.	System Save Set.
Interval 500ms Time/DIV 2s/DIV Repeat Off Record time Time	Numerical Calc On Calc1 Calc2 Calc3 Calc4 Calc5 Calc6	Average P-P Maximum Minimum Time To Max Time To Min	(Auto Save Waveform(real File Name Media Deleting Split Save Ref Time Split Length	time) SD card Off Ref Time 0:0 10 min
d h m s 0 0:1:0 Max 2 13 19 12 Datapts 121 Filter 60 Hz	ing SD	time availa memory c	Approx. savable SD : 244 Day Rest vation stimate of the able on the at ard/ USB flas	e remain- tached

Appendix 6 List of Default Settings

When shipped from the factory or initialized to factory defaults, the settings are as follows.

Screen	Setting Item	Default Setting	Screen	Setting Item	Default Setting
Setting	Interval	100 ms	СН	0 Pos	Voltage: 50%,
Ū	Filter	60 Hz			Other than voltage: 0%
	Time/DIV	1s/DIV		Upper	
	Repeat	Off			Tc: 100 Resistance thermome-
	Recording time	Continuous recording			ter sensor:100
	Numerical	Off			Humidity: 100
	Calc.				Resistance: 10
	Calc1,2,3,4,5,6	Off			Integration: 0.005 RPM: 100
	Timer	Off			Current:0.005
	Auto Save	Off			Temperature: 100
СН	On/Off	On			Fungal index: 200
	Input	Voltage			Fungal growth projec- tion: 4
		(LR8510,LR8511,LR8515)		Lower	Voltage: -0.005
		Integration (LR8512) Current (LR8513)		Lower	Tc: 0
		Temperature, Humidity			Resistance thermome-
		(LR8514)			ter sensor:0
		Temperature, Humidi-			Humidity: 0
		ty, Fungal index, Fun-			Resistance: 0 Integration: -0.005
		gal growth projection (LR8520)			RPM: 0
	Range	10 mV (LR8510,LR8511)			Current: -0.005
	Trange	1000 Mc(LR8512)			Temperature: 0
		500 mA(LR8513)			Fungal index: 0 Fungal growth projec-
		100°C, 100% (LR8514)			tion: 0
		50 mV (LR8515) 100°C,100%,200,10		Scaling	Off
		(LR8520)		Start Trig.	Off
	Senser	9675		Stop Trig.	Off
	Thermocouple	K		Alarm	Off
	Burn Out	Off	Trig &	Trig Func	Off
	RJC	Int	Alm	Timing	Start
	Count Mo	Addition		Trig Source	
	Slope	↑		Start	OR
	threshold	1V		Stop	OR
	Filter	OFF		Ext trig	
	Measurement	Instantaneous		Start	Off
	method			Stop	Off
	Zero-suppres-	ON		Pre-Trig	0d 0h 0m 0s
sion				Alarm Source	Off
	Disp Span	Pos		ALM	OR
	Zoom	×1	L	L	

Screen	Setting Item	Default Setting
System	Start Backup	Off
	File Protection	Low
	Backlight saver	OFF
	Backlight Brightness	100%
	Display Color	Black
	Beep Sound	ON
	Time Disp	Time
	External Trig In	Trigger
	Starg/Stop message	ON
	Decimal Mark	Dot
	Separator	Comma
	N-Calc. Data Saving	Single file
	Date format	Comment
	Event mark for alarm	OFF
	SAVE Key Operation	Select & Save

Appendix 7 Maximum Recordable Time

When saving waveform files in binary format to the internal buffer memory, SD memory card, or USB flash drive, the maximum recording time can be calculated using the following formula:

Max. recording time = Storage capacity^{*1} × recording interval (seconds) / (data size from Appendix 5)

*1. For internal buffer memory, 16 × 1024 × 1024

The table below lists maximum recording times as reference values when measuring only 30 analog channels with two units (no alarm output or waveform calculations).

The waveform file header is not included, so use about 90% of the values in the following table to estimate actual sizes.

The maximum recording time is longer when fewer channels are recorded.

Interval	Storage	capacity
interval	Instrument's internal memory (16 MB)	Z4001(256 MB)
100 ms	7h 46min	41d 10h 12min
200 ms	15h 32min	82d 20h 24min
500 ms	1d 14h 50min	207d 3h 1min
1 s	3d 5h 40min	(1 year or more)
2 s	6d 11h 20min	(1 year or more)
5 s	16d 4h 21min	(1 year or more)
10s	32d 8h 43min	(1 year or more)

Appendix 8 Concerning Noise Countermeasures

Mechanism of Noise Introduction into Thermocouple Temperature Measurements

What are the sources of noise?

Within a factory, power is provided by large current flows at 50/60Hz. The main loads are primarily L loads, such as motors and solenoids; in addition, large current pulses are produced by capacitor input-type switching power supplies for device such as inverters and high-frequency induction furnaces. Basic wave component leak current, harmonic wave current, and other types of noise become mixed into the flow from each ground point to ground lines.

What are the paths of noise propagation?

- Common mode voltage introduced between the ground points of the device being tested and the measurement unit leaks to the input signal lines
- AC magnetic fields produced by current in power lines couple into loops in the input signal lines
- Coupling due to electrostatic capacitance between input signal lines and power supply lines

What is common mode noise?

Noise that is generated between ground and the "+" and "-" input terminals of the instrument.

What is normal mode noise?

Inter-line noise that is generated between the "+" and "-" input terminals of the instrument.

Example of Connections Where Noise Can Affect Measurements



When using a thermocouple to measure temperature, noise can affect measurements unless both the device being tested and the measurement units are grounded. Although there is no problem if the measurement units is running on battery power, the instrument must be connected to ground if an AC adapter is being used.



Equivalent Circuit of Noise Introduction Path

Measurements are directly affected by normal mode voltages from electromagnetically induced noise resulting from electromagnetic coupling into looped measurement unit input lines by AC magnetic fields produced by inverters and commercial power lines, as well as the capacitive coupling that results from interline capacitance.



Common mode noise results from the interposition of ground impedance between the ground point of the device being tested and the ground point of the measurement units, and from capacitor coupling between the ground wire and noise source. Common mode noise is converted to normal mode voltage (Enm) that is added to the "+" and "-" input terminals of the measurement units as a result of the noise current (i1) and (i2) that flows to the coupling impedance (Z1) and (Z2) between the "+" and "-" input terminals of the instrument and ground. Because common mode noise is generated between the input pins, it has a direct effect on the measurements.

Noise Countermeasure Example

1st. The Importance of Device Grounding

Ground the measurement units securely

The measurement units is designed so that the chassis is grounded when the threeprong power cord from the adapter is plugged directly into a grounded, three-prong receptacle.

Securely ground the chassis of the device being tested

Securely connect the chassis of the device being tested to a good ground.



The wireless logger's design does not permit it to be grounded. If the unit is being affected by noise, operate it using battery power.

Running the measurement units on battery power/ Running a wireless logger on dry cells

When the measurement unit is being powered by batteries Running a wireless logger on dry cells and the AC adapter is not connected, the ground current loop is eliminated, making it possible to reduce the effects of common mode noise.

Common Mode Noise Countermeasures



2nd. Blocking Noise from External Sources

Keep signal lines away from noise sources

Keep input signal lines (of the thermocouple) away from wiring that is a noise source (such as power lines, etc.), and make any permanent installation with as much separation as possible; for example, by running wires through a separate duct.

Use shielded twisted pair wiring

It is effective to use shielded twisted pairs for the input signal lines (of the thermocouple). Twisted pairs are effective for preventing electromagnetic induction, and shielded wires are effective for preventing electrostatic induction.

The shielded wires should be grounded on the signal source side.

Shielded twisted pair wires for the thermocouple can be obtained from thermocouple manufacturers.

Normal Mode Noise Countermeasures



Keep the signal lines (of the thermocouple) away from wiring that is a noise source (such as power lines, etc.). It is also possible to shield the signal lines from electrostatic coupling and to block noise by grounding the shield.

Insulation from noise sources (temperature measurement by thermocouple)

The analog input channels are insulated from the chassis and each other.

Therefore, the measurement unit allows you to attach the thermocouple directly to a conductor with a potential to measure it, provided that the voltage to ground does not exceed the maximum rating. If noise is likely affect measurement, wrap heat-resistant tape around the thermocouple for insulation, or use an ungrounded thermocouple and electrically insulate the input line.

Setting the Digital Filter (valid for the LR8510, LR8511 and LR8515)

To remove noise from input signals, the digital filter can be set for the analog channels. Select 50 Hz or 60 Hz to match the local line frequency.

See:"3.9 Suppressing Noise (Enable Digital Filtering)" (p. 100)

Inserting a Capacitor in the Signal Line

When noise affects the signal source directly or when measuring high-frequency pulses, it is effective to insert a capacitor between the "+" and "-" input terminals so that the noise does not enter the 8430-20. When inserting a capacitor, use one with a rated voltage that is equal to or exceeds the input voltage.

When a capacitor is inserted between the "+" and "-" input terminals, there are no restrictions on the recording interval because the filter is applied before the channel scan operation.



The capacitance of the capacitor should range from several μ F to several thousand μ F. Insert the capacitor between the "+" and "-" input terminals.

Appendix 9 Frequently Asked Questions

Here are some common questions and answers about the instrument and measurement units.

Questions about measurement units (Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit and Wireless Universal Unit)

Question	Remedial Action	Reference page
Can measurement units be mounted on a wall?	Measurement units can be mounted on the wall using the included mounting bracket.	"Accessories" (p .298)
How to measure the temperature of an object having applied voltage?	This application is supported. Since the maximum voltage between channels is 300 V DC and the maximum terminal-to- ground voltage is 300 V AC/DC for both the Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit and the Wireless Universal Unit, be sure not to exceed either of these values. If the possibility exists that either value will be exceeded, use an ungrounded thermocouple or other means to keep the units from being exposed to a voltage.	"4.1 Confirming Mea- sured Values, and Starting Measurement" (p. 111): WARNING
Is current measurement available?	Measure by connecting a 250 Ω resistor between + and - input terminals.	"Connecting a 4 to 20 mA Output Device and Recording Average Values Every Min- ute"(p. A29)
What is the maximum measuring time using the battery pack?	The maximum measuring time is approximately 24 hours (after being fully charged with a recording interval of 100 ms, reference value at 23°C) or approximately 120 hours (after being fully charged with a recording interval of 1 min., reference value at 23°C). The longer the recording interval, the more time measurement can be performed on battery power.	"2.1 Using the Battery Pack (Option)" (p. 41)
How to minimize thermocouple measurement error when moving the measurement unit between places with much different tem- peratures?	For thermocouple measurements, ter- minal temperature is measured by an in- ternal sensor to provide reference junction compensation. When the ambi- ent temperature changes abruptly, or when air blows directly on the terminals, errors occur due to thermal imbalance between the terminals and temperature sensor. When the instrument is moved to a location with significantly different ambient temperature, allow at least 60 minutes for thermal equalization before measuring.	"Installation" (p .8)

Question	Remedial Action	Reference page
When connecting a thermocouple directly to the instrument, should reference junction compensation be set to external (EXT) or internal (INT)? How is accuracy affected?	Select INT when connecting a thermo- couple (or compensating leads) directly to the instrument. Overall measurement accuracy is the sum of the accuracies of the thermocouple and the reference junction compensation (RJC). Example: when measuring 0 to 100°C with a K 100°C f.s. thermocouple For ±0.6°C thermocouple accuracy and ±0.5°C RJC accuracy, temperature measurement accuracy is ±1.1°C.	"Temperature Mea- surement Settings (us- ing thermocouples)" (p .76)
What happens to data if a power outage occurs during measure- ment?	If only the measurement unit loses pow- er, data during the outage is treated as being lost. Measurement can be contin- ued as before once the power as been restored.	
What happens to data if commu- nications are temporarily inter- rupted?	Both the Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit and Wireless Universal Unit have inter- nal buffer memory that can store (65,536/n) data points, where n repre- sents the number of channels being re- corded. Data will be resent once communications are restored.	
	For example, if you are measuring 15 channels with a recording interval of 1 s, communications can be interrupted for approximately 71 minutes before any data is lost.	

Questions about the Wireless Logging Station

Installation and settings

instantion and settings		
Can the Wireless Logging Station be placed at an angle on a work- bench or mounted on a wall?	Use the Z1009 Fixed Stand (option).	"Attaching and Mount- ing the Bracket" (p .23)
How long can I perform measure- ment using the battery pack to power the Wireless Logging Sta- tion?	Approximately 3 hours (after being fully charged, with 25% backlight brightness, reference value at 23°C).	"2.1 Using the Battery Pack (Option)" (p. 41)
Will recording resume automati- cally when power is restored following an outage during measurement?	(When the Wireless Logging Station los- es power) Turn on the start backup set- ting. Recording will start automatically when power is restored following an out- age. Since measurement data from be- fore the outage will not be stored in the internal buffer memory, it is recom- mended to automatically save data on the included (or an optional genuine Hioki) SD memory card. Data will not be saved while the Wireless Logging Sta- tion's power is out, even if the measure- ment units remain on.	"Using the Auto-Re- sume Function (Re- sume After Power Restoration)" (p .196)
How to display only CH1 to CH3?	Select only the channels to be used on the Input Channel Settings display. To acquire data without displaying it, select × as the waveform display color.	"Input Channel Set- tings" (p .72) "Selecting Waveform Display Color" (p .91)
I want to measure motor tempera- ture. How can I display the differ- ence between ambient and measured temperature in real time?	Use the waveform calculation function. Calculates and displays the waveform of the real-time sum, difference, prod- uct, or quotient of values measured on two channels.	"7.3 Waveform Calcu- lations" (p. 191)
How can I acquire maximum, min- imum, and average values every hour?	"Interval Calculation" calculates and dis- plays the latest results after each inter- val. TXT format data can be saved to remov- able storage in real time.	"Select a split-calcula- tion (timing) method." (p .187)
I am measuring humidity with a converter that converts 0 to 100% RH to 1 to 5 V. How can I read hu- midity directly?	Set the scaling method to [2-pt], and enter the values. (1:1 conversion \rightarrow 0, 2:5 conversion \rightarrow 100, units: %RH)	"3.7 Scaling Settings (as needed)" (p. 95)

A**24** Appendix 9 Frequently Asked Questions

Triggering

Question	Remedial Action Reference page	
Why does measurement not start when "Wating for trigger" is dis- played?	Triggering is enabled. To start recording immediately with the START key, dis- able all trigger criteria or the trigger func- tion on the [Trig & Alm] screen.	"5.3 Confirming All Trigger and Alarm Cri- teria Settings" (p. 140)
How to acquire data before a trigger?	Enable pre-triggering to acquire data before trigger events.	"When You Want to Measure Data before Triggering (Pre-trig- ger)" (p .137)
How to acquire data only when an external signal is HIGH?	an Apply the external signal to the EXT.TRIG terminal, and set as follows: [Ext trig]-[Start]: ↑ (Rising), [Stop]: ↓ (Falling) Data will now be acquired only when the external signal is HIGH.	
Can I record data every day from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm for one month starting on April 1, 2013?	Use the following settings: Measurement conditions Continuous recording: OFF 8 hr 0 min 0 s Repeat recording: On Schedule	"3.2 Configuring Mea- surement Settings" (p. 68) "5.5 Starting & Stop- ping Measurement Pe- riodically" (p. 143)
	Schedule type: Regular Start day: Every day Start time: 09:00 Stop time: 17:00	
Is it possible to measure on 210 channels using two synchronized instruments?	Measurement start can be synchronized using an external trigger. Sampling can- not be synchronized.	"9.4 Synchronous Measurements with Multiple instruments" (p. 209)

Appendix

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Measuring	Dave a dial A ation	Defenses
Question	Remedial Action	Reference page
What should I do about zero off- set when the input is shorted?	Execute zero adjustment to compen- sate for offset when the inputs are short- ed.	"2.7 Compensating for Input Circuit Offset (Ze- ro Adjustment)" (p. 63)
Even though a signal is only input on CH1, why do similar wave- forms appear on unused chan- nels?	An open-circuit input terminal can be af- fected by signals on other channels. By closing the input terminal circuit, normal measurement is possible. If this is im- practical, disable unused measurement channels, or short the + and - terminals together.	
How to display numerical data values?	Press WAVE/DATA repeatedly to cycle through the Waveform (only), Waveform + Numerical Values, and Numerical Val- ues (only) displays. Numerical values can be displayed in a large font on the enlarged numerical dis- play. Numerical values at specific locations can be displayed using A/B cursors.	"Settings Screens" (p .34) "Viewing Input Signals as Numerical Values" (p .115) "Displaying Cursor Val- ues" (p .119)
What is the timing difference between CH1 and CH2?	When the [Filter] is Off, the time differ- ence between data on neighboring channels is about 5 ms, regardless of recording interval. When the [Filter] is enabled (50 or 60 Hz), the time differ- ence increases with longer recording in- tervals. Sampling discrepancies between mea- surement units are within 1 sampling cy- cle (recording interval), regardless of the number of units.	"Appendix 1 Scan Tim- ing" (p. A1)
How can I apply markers while measuring for easy searching lat- er? How can I search for alarm event locations?	 Event marks can be applied by the following methods. Press START while measuring Press the on-screen [Make Mark] button. Apply a signal to the EXT.TRIG terminal When a warning occurs 	"4.3 Marking Wave- forms and Searching Marks (Search Func- tion)" (p. 121)
Multiple temperature measure- ment values are scattered, even at the same location. Is it possible to match the value measured on CH1?	The Offset Cancel function is conve- nient for this. The value measured on UNIT1, CH1 is used as the scaling (offset) value for other channels.	"3.7 Scaling Settings (as needed)" (p. 95)
Is it possible to signal an alarm on ALM1 when the temperature on CH1 exceeds 40°C, and on ALM2 when it exceeds 50°C?	Yes. Four alarm channels are provided. Multiple alarms can be assigned to the same input channel.	"5.9 Alarm Output" (p. 151)

Data Saving

Question	Remedial Action	Reference page
Can after-market SD memory cards be used?	Proper operation is not guaranteed. To ensure peace of mind, use the included (or an optional genuine Hioki) SD mem- ory card.	"2.6 Inserting a SD Memory Card or USB Flash Drive (when sav- ing data)" (p. 60)
Can after-market USB flash drives be used?	Yes, but when saving data in real time, it is recommended to use the included (or an optional genuine Hioki) SD mem- ory card to ensure data integrity. Proper operation is only guaranteed for the in- cluded (or optional genuine Hioki) SD memory card. USB cards with security features such as fingerprint authentica- tion cannot be used.	"2.6 Inserting a SD Memory Card or USB Flash Drive (when sav- ing data)" (p. 60)
Can removable media be replaced while measuring?	Yes. Put the cursor on the [EJECT] but- ton at the lower right of the screen, press ENTER, and remove the media following the displayed message.	"Replacing Removable Storage During Real- Time Saving" (p .166)
How much recording space is available?	It depends on setting conditions (num- ber of channels and recording interval). About 400 days of recording is possible using 15 analog channels at 1 s record- ing interval to 1 GB media.	"Appendix 7 Maximum Recordable Time" (p. A14)
How can I process acquired data later with a spreadsheet pro- gram?	Files saved automatically with the [Waveform (realtime)] setting on the included (or an optional genuine Hioki) SD memory card or USB flash drive can be quickly and easily converted into text (CSV) data with the Logger Utility and then opened with Excel. Note that data saved automatically using the [CSV (re- altime)] setting can be opened directly with Excel but not loaded by the instru- ment.	"Automatic Saving (Waveform Data and Numerical Calculation Results)" (p .163)
How can I load data from a SD memory card onto the PC when it has no SD memory card slot?	Data can be transferred to a PC using the supplied USB cable and the USB Drive mode. Data can also be transferred to a PC us- ing the FTP function and LAN communi- cations.	"6.5 Transferring Data to a PC (USB Drive Mode)" (p. 181) "10.5 Transferring Data to a PC with the FTP Server Function" (p. 242)
How can I create files every hour, from 0:00 (ideal split time)?	Set auto-saving [Split Save] to Periodic ([Ref Time]).	"Automatic Saving (Waveform Data and Numerical Calculation Results)" (p .163)

Question	Remedial Action	Reference page
What is the file limit when auto saving to removable storage?	Depending on file size and SD memory card capacity, more than 1,000 files can be saved in one folder, although only 1,000 can be displayed on the file screen. As the number of files increas- es, the time required to start and stop measurement also increases, so we recommend storing no more than 1,000 files, if possible. (When saving, a folder named "HIOKI_LR8410" is created, and files with different data types are saved in subfolders within it.)	"6.1 About Saving and Loading Data" (p. 159)
Is data retained in internal memo- ry when I turn the power off after measuring? I did not use auto saving to removable storage.	If waveforms are displayed when power is turned on, the data has been retained. Data in internal memory is retained for about 30 minutes after power-off. How- ever, the internal buffer memory com- prises temporary memory. If more than 30 minutes elapses before the instru- ment is turned back on, the data will be erased. To avoid such data loss, we recommend preparing and making settings for power outages when measuring for a long time.	"What happens to data in a power outage?" (p .161)
Why is only part of the data saved when saving to removable stor- age after measuring?	When A/B cursors are set to specify a save time span, only data within that span is saved. Also, internal memory capacity limits saving of measurement data to the most recent eight million data points. If you need to save more data points, enable real-time auto saving before-hand.	"Specifying a Wave- form Time Span" (p .118) "Automatic Saving (Waveform Data and Numerical Calculation Results)" (p .163)
After starting measurement with real-time auto saving, can I still acquire data if I neglected to in- sert removable storage media un- til later?	As long as storage media is inserted be- fore internal buffer memory overflows, data from the start of measurement will be saved to the removable storage. The fastest that the internal buffer mem- ory will be full is about 10 minutes.	"Replacing Removable Storage During Real- Time Saving" (p .166)
Why does "Saving" continue to be displayed and saving not fin- ish when saving internal memory data as text after measurement?	To save all data from a full internal memory to removable media as text af- ter measurement takes about one hour. To abort the saving process, press and hold STOP for some time. We recommend saving binary data, and later converting to text with the Logger Utility (which takes only a few seconds).	Logger Utility Instruction manual "7.1.1 Saving Measure- ment Data as Text"
How to view data saved in binary format on a PC?	The Logger Utility PC application pro- gram is included on the supplied CD. In- stall it on the PC and use it to open the file.	"10.3 Using the Logger Utility" (p. 234)

Question	Remedial Action	Reference page
When opened in Excel, the time displayed is elapsed time from start. How can I display real time?	When saving data in CSV format on the instrument, the displayed time is deter- mined by the [Time Disp] setting on the System screen. Select [Date] to display real time. When converting CSV format with the Logger Utility, set the [Time Axis For- mat] to [Absolute Time].	"Selecting the Horizon- tal (Time) Axis Display" (p .199) Logger Utility Instruction manual "7.1.1 Saving Measure- ment Data as Text"
What are the files with .MEM and .LUW extensions?	MEM is the file extension for instrument waveform data, and LUW is the file ex- tension for Logger Utility waveform da- ta. LUW files cannot be loaded into the in- strument.	"6.1 About Saving and Loading Data" (p. 159) Logger Utility Instruction manual
How are event marks handled when converting data to text (CSV)?	When converting data to text with the in- strument: Event numbers are included alongside measurement data. This is convenient when you need to later extract only marked data. When converting data to text with the Logger Utility: Event mark information is not included.	"4.3 Marking Wave- forms and Searching Marks (Search Func- tion)" (p. 121)

Logger Utility

Question	Remedial Action	Reference page
What kind of program is the Log- ger Utility?	Running on a PC connected to the in- strument by LAN or USB cable, it pro- vides real time data acquisition, display, and calculation; display and analysis of waveform (binary) data acquired by the instrument; conversion of binary data to text (CSV) data; and printing.	Logger Utility Instruction manual
While measuring with the Logger Utility, can measurement data be transferred to a PC connected only when needed, and the PC disconnected at other times?	This is not possible while measuring with the Logger Utility. However, it can be done by transferring data files from removable storage using the FTP func- tion.	"Automatic Saving (Waveform Data and Numerical Calculation Results)" (p .163) "10.5 Transferring Data to a PC with the FTP Server Function" (p. 242)
What is the method for converting data to a text (CSV) file with the Logger Utility?	 In the menu bar, select [File]? [Save File in Text Format]. Select a file for CSV conversion in the displayed dialog, and set [CSV (comma separated)] as the file type. Make other settings as necessary, and click the [Save] button. 	Logger Utility Instruction manual

Appendix 10Introduction to Measurement Applications

Connecting a 4 to 20 mA Output Device and Recording Average Values Every Minute

This section describes how to measure current fluctuations by connecting an instrumentation device that generates 4 to 20 mA output. We will record average values every minute.

Prepare the Following Before Measuring

Items to prepare

- LR8410-20Measurement unit
- AC Adapter (supplied)
- Measurement (input)
- leads \Box 250 Ω shunt resistor
- □ SD memory card ∗
- *:Included or optional

- Place the instrument and measurement unit close together.
- **2** Connect them to a wall outlet.
- **3** Turn on both the instrument and the measurement unit.
- **4** Register the measurement unit with the instrument.
- 5 Insert the SD memory card (exercising care to orient it properly).
- 6 Install the measurement unit in the measurement location (verify that the UNIT LED for the registered unit is lit up).
- 7 Connect the input cable and the 250 Ω shunt resistor to CH1 (p. 47).
- 8 Connect the instrumentation device to the output terminal.

2 Configure Measurement Settings

Set the recording interval, recording time, automatic save, and numerical calculation settings on the [Setting] screen.



Example settings

Record measurement data for 1 h at a 5 s interval, saving automatically to the SD memory card along with calculated values every minute.

Recording interval: 5 s; record time: Time, 1 h

Numerical calculation: On; Calc 1: Maximum; Split calc: On; Length: 1 min. Auto Save: Waveform+calcu; Split Save: Off; Media: SD card

Measurement tips

Filter: When the recording interval is from 500 ms to 1 h, 50/60 Hz power supply noise can be rejected.



Make input channel settings on the [CH] screen.

The 1 to 5 V range is obtained by automatically setting the upper and lower limit for the 10 V range display range to 5 V and 1 V, respectively. If you wish to change the upper and lower limit values, use the 10 V range.

3 Start and finish measuring



- Data corresponding to the set recording time is recorded along with calculated value data every minute and saved to the SD memory card. Once recording is started, it will stop after 1 h.
- To stop recording early, press STOP.

Appendix 11Input Circuit Diagram

Diagrams of the LR8510 and LR8511 input circuits are shown below.

Analog Inputs (Voltage, Thermocouple, Humidity, RTD, and Resistance)



Appendix 12Instrument/Unit Communications Interruptions and Reestablishment

Treatment of the Waveform Display When Unable to Acquire Data and Data

Waveforms corresponding to data that the instrument was unable to acquire from measurement unit or wireless logger are displayed at the top of the Waveform screen, as shown in Figure 1 below (shown in black when the screen color is white, and in white otherwise). If there is one or more units with which communications were interrupted during measurement, the associated unit numbers will be displayed to the right of and below the scroll bars on the Waveform screen, as shown in Figure 2 below.

Waveform rendering is stopped during measurement unit or wireless logger communications errors and while restoring data. "NO DATA" is shown for the value display and as cursor values, and calculated values and saved data are treated as described in Table 1 below.

	Table 1	
Input type	Input range	No-data value
Voltage	10 mV	0.0163825
· ·····g·	20 mV	0.032765
	50 mV	0.32675
	100 mV	0.163825
	200 mV	0.32765
	500 mV	3.2765
	1 V	1.63825
	2 V	3.2765
	5 V	32.765
	10 V	16.3825
	20 V	32.765
	50 V	327.65
	100 V	163.825
	1-5 V	16.3825
Thermocou-	100°C	327.65
ple	500°C	1638.25
	1000°C 2000°C	3276.5
Resistance	100°C	327.65
thermome-	500°C	1638.25
ter sensor	2000v	3276.5
Humidity	100%RH	3276.5



Input type	Input range	No-data value
Resistance	10 Ω	16.3825
	20 Ω	32.765
	100 Ω	163.825
	200 Ω	327.65
Temperature	100°C	3276.5
Fungal index	200	3276.5
Fungal growth projection	10	3276.5

When Temporarily Unable to Communicate with a Measurement Unit

If wireless communications between the instrument and a wireless unit or wireless logger are interrupted during measurement, measurement data for the period of no communications will be stored internally by the measurement unit or wireless logger.

Once wireless communications are reestablished, the instrument will receive the stored measurement data, restoring it on the instrument. The amount of data that can be restored in this manner is limited to the capacity of the instruments' internal buffer memory, which holds 8 MWords of data. If there are multiple measurement unit being restored, data is progressively restored in the order in which the units are reconnected.

If communications are restored with more than one measurement unit or wireless logger, data will be restored in order from each reconnected measurement unit and wireless logger.

IMPORTANT

- If a measurement unit is turned off during measurement, data from before the unit was turned off will be lost.
- If the instrument is turned off during measurement, unit data will not be restored.
- If measurement is started while there are measurement units with which communications have been interrupted, measurement will resume. Measurement will start progressively and be performed in parallel, starting with the units with which communications are established during measurement.
- Frequent communication interruptions can cause delays in the processing of data recovery, resulting in a failure of data acquisition.

The maximum number of data points that can be stored for later restoration is (65,565/n), where n indicates the number of channels.

Table 2 provides a rough guide to the amount of time required for data to be restored. (If the maximum number of data points that can be stored is exceeded, old data will be overwritten on the unit as new data is stored.)

		Channels u	used						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	100 ms	109.2	54.6	36.4	27.3	21.8	18.2	15.6	min
	200 ms	218.5	109.2	72.8	54.6	43.7	36.4	31.2	min
	500 ms	546.1	273.1	182.0	136.5	109.2	91.0	78.0	min
	1 s	18.2	9.1	6.1	4.6	3.6	3.0	2.6	min
/al	2 s	36.4	18.2	12.1	9.1	7.3	6.1	5.2	hour
Recording interval	5 s	91.0	45.5	30.3	22.8	18.2	15.2	13.0	hour
ng ir	10 s	182.0	91.0	60.7	45.5	36.4	30.3	26.0	hour
rdir	20 s	364.1	182.0	121.4	91.0	72.8	60.7	52.0	hour
eco	30 s	22.8	11.4	7.6	5.7	4.6	3.8	3.3	hour
œ	1 min	45.5	22.8	15.2	11.4	9.1	7.6	6.5	day
	2 min	91.0	45.5	30.3	22.8	18.2	15.2	13.0	day
	5 min	227.6	113.8	75.9	56.9	45.5	37.9	32.5	day
	10 min	455.1	227.6	151.7	113.8	91.0	75.9	65.0	day
	20 min	910.2	455.1	303.4	227.6	182.0	151.7	130.0	day
	30 min	1365.3	682.7	455.1	341.3	273.1	227.6	195.0	day
	1 hour	2730.7	1365.3	910.2	682.7	546.1	455.1	390.1	day

Figure 2

		Channels	used							
		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
	100 ms	13.7	12.1	10.9	9.9	9.1	8.4	7.8	7.3	min
	200 ms	27.3	24.3	21.8	19.9	18.2	16.8	15.6	14.6	min
	500 ms	68.3	60.7	54.6	49.6	45.5	42.0	39.0	36.4	min
	1 s	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	min
	2 s	4.6	4.0	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.4	hour
Val	5 s	11.4	10.1	9.1	8.3	7.6	7.0	6.5	6.1	hour
Recording interval	10 s	22.8	20.2	18.2	16.5	15.2	14.0	13.0	12.1	hour
ng i	20 s	45.5	40.5	36.4	33.1	30.3	28.0	26.0	24.3	hour
ordi	30 s	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	hour
Sec	1 min	5.7	5.1	4.6	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.0	day
	2 min	11.4	10.1	9.1	8.3	7.6	7.0	6.5	6.1	day
	5 min	28.4	25.3	22.8	20.7	19.0	17.5	16.3	15.2	day
	10 min	56.9	50.6	45.5	41.4	37.9	35.0	32.5	30.3	day
	20 min	113.8	101.1	91.0	82.7	75.9	70.0	65.0	60.7	day
	30 min	170.7	151.7	136.5	124.1	113.8	105.0	97.5	91.0	day
	1 hour	341.3	303.4	273.1	248.2	227.6	210.1	195.0	182.0	day

Synchronization and acquired data discrepancies

The instrument, measurement units, and wireless loggers are synchronized as they communicate during measurement. Consequently, since time will progress at each device's own level of precision in the event that communications with measurement units or wireless loggers are interrupted during measurement, time differences will appear among the three devices. In some cases, there may be discrepancies such as those illustrated below in the number of data points captured once communications between the instrument and the measurement units and wireless loggers are reestablished following an interruption. In the event of discrepancies in the number of data points or time between the instrument on the one hand and the measurement units and wireless loggers on the other, data will be restored based on the assumption that the instrument's data is correct.

IMPORTANT

Data continuity may be compromised when a discrepancy occurs.





(The instrument will acquire data remaining on the unit after communications are established. Data may become discontinuous at the synchronization point after communications are established.)

When there is a discrepancy so that the measurement unit data count is less than that of the instrument



(The instrument will acquire data remaining on the unit after communications are established. Insufficient data is treated as the same data as the one before.)

When there is a discrepancy so that the measurement unit data count is greater than that of the instrument



(The instrument will acquire data remaining on the unit after communications are established. Excessive data is discarded.)



Appendix 12 Instrument/Unit Communications Interruptions and Reestablishment

Triggers

If communications with a unit are interrupted so that there is no data for a channel targeted by a trigger, no trigger judgment will be performed for that channel. Trigger judgment is only performed for channels for which there is data available. Once communications have been reestablished with the unit and data has been restored from the unit, trigger judgment will be performed for restored data all at once, and trigger events will occur as trigger criteria are satisfied. Trigger output will be generated as trigger judgments are made. For stop triggers, data after the stop trigger criteria are satisfied will be reported as "NO DATA."

NOTE When using a pre-trigger, the trigger will not activate for restored data. Additionally, data will not be restored while waiting for a pre-trigger event.

Example: Stop trigger criteria

When the stop trigger falling slope↓ AND and the stop trigger rising slope↑ AND are the same



Data before the start trigger is not saved.

Appendix 12 Instrument/Unit Communications Interruptions and Reestablishment

Alarms

Apart from the alarm when communications with a unit are interrupted, no alarm judgment is made when there is no data due to an interruption of communications with a unit. Judgment will be performed all at once when data from the unit is restored after communications are established, and alarms will occur as alarm criteria are satisfied. Alarm output will be generated at the same timing.

Saving data to storage media

When automatically saving waveform (binary) data, data being saved is also restored when data is restored on the instrument. However, when using the split save setting, data in files that have already been split and saved will not be restored. Only data associated with files that are currently being saved (i.e., that have not yet been split) can be restored. When automatically saving data in the CSV (text) format, saved data is not restored. Additionally, data cannot be restored if the data in question cannot be found on the media, for example if the media has been changed.

Numerical calculations

If "NO DATA" is displayed for the data of the object channels for calculation due to a communication interruption or other causes, the data will be not treated as the object for the numerical calculation.

If the calculation range consists of the data that are displayed as "NO DATA," the instrument will display "---" on the screen and the numerical calculation result to be saved will be zero.

Logger Utility

Once data has been transferred from the instrument to the Logger Utility, it cannot be changed during measurement, even if data is restored on the instrument. If you wish to access that data, load the restored data that was saved on the instrument after stopping measurement.

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Warranty Certificate

Model	Serial number	Warranty period		
		Three (3) years from date of purchase (/)		
Customer name:				
Customer address:				
Important • Please retain this wa	rranty certificate. Duplicates cann	ot be reissued.		
	al information you provide on this t	number, and date of purchase, along with your name and form will only be used to provide repair service and information		
Please contact the place		d and verified to conform to Hioki's standards. unction and provide this document, in which case Hioki will described below.		
Warranty terms				
If the date of purchase		warranty period (three [3] years from the date of purchase). s defined as three (3) years from the date (month and year) of prial number in YYMM format).		
		arrantied for one (1) year from the date of purchase. ted by the product is guaranteed as described in the product		
4. In the event that the pro-		during its respective warranty period due to a defect of product or AC adapter free of charge.		
•		y the warranty and as such are not subject to free repair or		
-1. Malfunctions or dar	nage of consumables, parts with a	a defined service life, etc.		
	nage of connectors, cables, etc.	ng, relocation, etc., after purchase of the product		
 -4. Malfunctions or dar 		dling that violates information found in the instruction manual or		
	nage caused by a failure to perfor e instruction manual	m maintenance or inspections as required by law or		
-6. Malfunctions or damage caused by fire, storms or flooding, earthquakes, lightning, power anomalies				
(involving voltage, frequency, etc.), war or unrest, contamination with radiation, or other acts of God -7. Damage that is limited to the product's appearance (cosmetic blemishes, deformation of enclosure shape,				
fading of color, etc		cosmetic diemisnes, deformation of enclosure shape,		
	or damage for which Hioki is not r			
		ng circumstances, in which case Hioki will be unable to perform		
service such as repair (npany, entity, or individual other than Hioki		
		of equipment for use in a special application (aerospace,		
	•	nout Hioki's having received prior notice		
7. If you experience a loss	s caused by use of the product an	d Hioki determines that it is responsible for the underlying issue,		

- Hioki will provide compensation in an amount not to exceed the purchase price, with the following exceptions:
- -1. Secondary damage arising from damage to a measured device or component that was caused by use of the product -2. Damage arising from measurement results provided by the product
- -3. Damage to a device other than the product that was sustained when connecting the device to the product (including via network connections)
- 8. Hioki reserves the right to decline to perform repair, calibration, or other service for products for which a certain amount of time has passed since their manufacture, products whose parts have been discontinued, and products that cannot be repaired due to unforeseen circumstances.

HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION http://www.hioki.com

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HIOKI





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